#### **DISTRICT PLAN TEXT AMENDMENTS**

Key:

For the purposes of this plan change, any unchanged text is shown as normal text or in **bold**, any text proposed to be added by the plan change is shown as **bold underlined** and text to be deleted as **bold strikethrough**.

Text in **bold red underlined** is that from Schedule 3A of the Resource Management Act and must be included.

Text in green font identifies existing terms in Chapter 2 – Definitions. Where the proposed change contains a term defined in Chapter 2 – Definitions, the term is shown as **bold underlined text in green** and that to be deleted as **bold strikethrough in green**. New definition in a proposed rule is **bold green text underlined in black**.

Text in black/green shaded in grey is a Council Decision subject to appeal.

Text in blue font indicates links to other provisions in the district Plan and/or external documents. These will have popups and links, respectively, in the on-line Christchurch District Plan.

# **Chapter 8 Subdivision, Development and Earthworks**

#### 8.1 Introduction

- a. This Introduction is to assist the lay reader to understand how this chapter works and what it applies to. It is not an aid to interpretation in a legal sense.
- b. This chapter relates to subdivision, development and earthworks that may occur throughout the city. In addition to managing subdivision, the objectives, policies and rules of this chapter also <u>manage</u> <u>development where there are infrastructure constraints and</u> manage earthworks, which are necessary to facilitate subdivision, development, the provision of utilities, hazard mitigation and the repair of land damaged by the earthquakes.
- c. The provisions in the chapter give effect to the Chapter 3 Strategic Directions objectives.
- d. The lay reader will observe that, by comparison with other parts of this Plan, provisions of this chapter (particularly its rules) are significantly more detailed and prescriptive. That is a necessary aspect of ensuring subdivision consent processes properly integrate with Council infrastructure programming and funding and legal processes for securing title to subdivided land.
- e. The principal purpose of subdivision is to provide a framework for land ownership so that development and activities can take place. Subdivision is of strategic significance and plays an important role in determining the location and density of development and its impact on the character of both rural and urban areas. It provides a physical framework that reflects and implements urban growth, form and structure policies, and enables activities to be carried out as anticipated by the zone provisions in the various areas covered by the District Plan. Because subdivision enables intensification, the impacts of it are often irreversible, so it requires careful planning.
- f. The subdivision process regulates the provision of services for development and activities, including reserves, network infrastructure and community infrastructure. The adverse effects of activities are generally controlled by the provisions for each zone. However, some potential effects of those activities that may be undertaken on sites are most appropriately managed at the time of subdivision. For

- example, earthworks, and the formation of vehicle access, may have an impact on the amenity values of an area, and the most effective means of addressing such effects may be conditions of consent.
- g. The subdivision of land to create sites on undeveloped land creates expectations and property rights. It requires consideration of the need for public open spaces, reserves, community infrastructure and connections to and servicing by other infrastructure. Cost-effective servicing by infrastructure is an important consideration for greenfield developments. However, infrastructure servicing and access can also be an issue for the subdivision of already developed land. A significant reason for that is the considerable damage to public infrastructure caused by the earthquakes of 2010 and 2011. Those events resulted in parts of the City having limited ability to service new development pending further capital investment on improvements. In areas served by vacuum sewer systems the capacity is limited, which may restrict what further development is possible.
- h. The Council's Development Contributions Policy (made under the Local Government Act 2002) is one method by which these servicing issues can be addressed, in addition to controls provided for through this Chapter 8. The Development Contributions Policy provides for development contributions to be levied for any subdivisions that generate a demand for reserves, network infrastructure, or community infrastructure (excluding the pipes or lines of a network utility operator).
- i. The process of subdividing land provides an appropriate opportunity to consider a variety of issues including natural and other hazards in terms of the suitability of subdivided land for anticipated land uses, the provision of reserves and esplanade reserves. It allows for consideration of the potential for reverse sensitivity effects, or other ways in which new land uses may conflict with existing activities.
- j. The subdivision process is also a means by which Ngāi Tahu cultural values can be recognised and provided for as set out in Chapter 1 and Sub-chapter 9.5.

# 8.2 Objectives and policies

## 8.2.1 Objectives and policies – Chapter 9 Natural and Cultural Heritage

Advice note:

Reference should also be made to the objectives and policies in Chapter 9 Natural and Cultural Heritage.

#### 8.2.2 Objective – Design and amenity and the Meadowlands Exemplar Overlay

- a. An integrated pattern of development and urban form through subdivision and comprehensive development that:
  - i. provides allotments for the anticipated or existing land uses for the zone;
  - ii. consolidates development for urban activities;
  - iii. improves people's connectivity and accessibility to employment, transport, services and community facilities;
  - iv. improves energy efficiency and provides for renewable energy and use; and
  - v. enables the recovery of the district.

b. A comprehensively planned development in the Meadowlands Exemplar Overlay in the Residential New Neighbourhood <u>Future Urban</u> (North Halswell) Zone that is environmentally and socially sustainable over the long term.

#### 8.2.2.1 Policy – Recovery activities

- a. Ensure that subdivision-processes enable recovery initiatives including by facilitating:
  - i. subdivision of greenfield and intensification areas;
  - ii. the issue of fee simple title where the following permitted or approved initiatives occur:
    - A. conversion of a residential unit into two residential units;
    - B. conversion of a family flat into a residential unit;
    - C. replacement of a residential unit with two residential units;
    - D. comprehensive development using the Enhanced development mechanism; or
    - E. comprehensive development using the Community housing redevelopment mechanism;
  - iii. conversion of the type of tenure from a cross lease or unit title to fee simple; and
  - iv. subdivision of a cross lease or unit title site arising from the updating of a flat plan or unit plan;
- b. Recognise that quarrying and other interim activities may be a suitable part of preparing identified greenfield-priority areas for urban development, provided that their adverse effects can be adequately mitigated and they do not compromise use of the land for future urban development.

#### 8.2.2.<del>2</del>1 Policy – Design and amenity / Tohungatanga

- a. Ensure that subdivision:
  - i. incorporates the distinctive characteristics of the place's context and setting;
  - ii. promotes the health and wellbeing of residents and communities; and
  - iii. provides an opportunity to recognise Ngāi Tahu culture, history and identity associated with specific places, and affirms connections between manawhenua and place, particularly with sites of Ngāi Tahu cultural significance identified in Appendix 9.5.6.

#### 8.2.2.<del>3</del>2 Policy – Allotments

- a. Ensure that the layouts, sizes and dimensions of allotments created by subdivision are appropriate for the anticipated or existing land uses.
- b. In residential subdivisions (outside the Central City), provide for:
  - i. a variety of allotment sizes to cater for different housing types and affordability;
  - ii. the conversion from a cross lease or unit title to fee simple;
  - iii. subdivision of a cross lease or unit title site arising from the updating of a flat plan or unit plan.

## 8.2.2.43 Policy - Identity

- a. Create or extend neighbourhoods which respond to their context and have a distinct identity and sense of place, by ensuring that subdivision, where relevant:
  - incorporates and responds to existing site features (including trees, natural drainage systems, buildings), cultural elements and values and amenity values (including by taking advantage of views and outlooks);
  - ii. incorporates public spaces that provide opportunities for formal and informal social interaction;
  - iii. has a pattern of development that responds to the existing and planned urban context;
  - iv. is designed with a focus on the use of open space, commercial centres, community facilities, and the use of views;
  - v. outside the Central City, in addition to iv., is designed with a focus on density, roads, land form, stormwater facilities and, in the **Residential New Neighbourhood** <u>Future Urban</u> Zone, development requirements in an outline development plan, as key structuring elements; and
  - vi. incorporates and responds to Rangatiratanga the expression of te reo kawa, tikanga, history, identity and the cultural symbols of Ngāi Tahu.

## 8.2.2.54 Policy – Sustainable design

- a. Enable resource efficiency, use of renewable energy, and community safety and development, by:
  - i. ensuring that the blocks and allotments maximise solar gain, including through orientation and dimension;
  - ii. providing a development pattern that supports walking, cycling and public transport; and
  - iii. ensuring visibility and interaction between private and public spaces, and providing well-lit public spaces.

## 8.2.2.65 Policy – Integration and connectivity

- a. Ensure effective integration within and between developments and existing areas, including in relation to public open space networks, infrastructure, and movement networks.
- b. Ensure that the boundaries between new and existing developments are, where appropriate, managed to avoid or mitigate adverse effects.
- c. Outside the Central City, avoid significant adverse effects and remedy or mitigate other adverse effects on existing businesses, rural activities or infrastructure.

#### 8.2.2.<del>7</del>6 Policy – Open space

- a. Ensure, where appropriate, the provision and development of public open space networks which:
  - i. are accessible and safe and provide for various forms of recreation, including active recreation, for the health and wellbeing of communities;

- ii. outside the Central City, are within 400m of new residential allotments in greenfield and brownfield areas;
- recognise the landscape and natural features in the wider area and link or connect to other green or open space, community facilities, commercial centres, areas of higher density residential development, landforms and roads;
- iv. recognise and protect values associated with significant natural features and significant landscapes, and protect or enhance ecological function and biodiversity;
- v. reinforce and uphold the Garden City landscape character of urban Christchurch City and the heritage landscapes and plantings of Banks Peninsula townships and settlements;
- vi. provide access to heritage places and natural and cultural landscapes including the coastline, lakes and waterways and wetlands; and
- vii. strengthen the relationship that Ngāi Tahu and the community have with the land and water, including by protecting or enhancing natural features, customary access, mahinga kai and sites of Ngāi Tahu cultural significance identified in Schedule 9.5.6.1, and by recognising other sites of Ngāi Tahu cultural significance identified in Appendix 9.5.6 where practicable.

# 8.2.2.87 Policy – Urban density

- a. <u>Encourage Ssubdivision</u> in the <u>Residential</u> Medium Density <u>Residential</u> Zone <u>must to</u> enable development which achieves a net <u>density yield</u> of at least 30 households per hectare.
- b. In the **Residential New Neighbourhood** Future Urban Zone residential development areas:
  - i. a minimum net density of 15 households per hectare shall be achieved when averaged across the whole of the residential development area within the relevant outline development plan, except: in areas shown on an outline development plan as being subject to development constraints
    - A. in the Residential New Neighbourhood (Prestons) Zone a minimum net density between 13 and 15 households per hectare shall be achieved; and
    - B. in areas shown on an outline development plan as being subject to development constraints;
  - ii. any subdivision, use and development which results in a residential net density lower than the required density shall demonstrate, through the use of legal mechanisms as appropriate, that the residential net density required across residential development areas of the outline development plan can still be achieved; and
  - iii. except as provided for in (ii) above, where an application is made for subdivision that would not achieve the required residential density, Council will regard all owners of greenfield (undeveloped) land within the outline development plan area as affected parties.
- c. In the **Residential New Neighbourhood** <u>Future Urban</u> Zone, encourage higher density housing to be located to support, and have ready access to, commercial centres, community facilities, public transport and open space, and to support well-connected walkable communities.
- d. <u>Encourage Ssubdivision</u> in the <u>Residential Central City Zone</u> <u>High Density Residential Zone</u> <u>mustthat</u> enables development which achieves a net <u>density yield</u> of at least 50 households per hectare.

## 8.2.2.98 Policy — Outline development plans

- a. An outline development plan (as relevant) must demonstrate that:
  - i. land uses will be distributed in a way that is consistent with Policy 8.2.2.87;
  - ii. land for community uses will be provided in locations convenient to the community and of an adequate size to serve the intended population;
  - iii. adequate infrastructure capacity will be available to service the intended population and/or business activities;
  - iv. infrastructure and transport connections will be integrated effectively with networks in neighbouring areas, and with strategic infrastructure;
  - v. infrastructure and transport connections through the outline development plan area will support co-ordinated development between different landowners;
  - vi. natural hazards will be managed in an integrated way across the area; and
  - vii. significant natural and cultural heritage features, sites of Ngāi Tahu cultural significance identified in Schedule 9.5.6.1, and the quality of surface water and groundwater, will be protected;

and where required to give effect to the Canterbury Regional Policy Statement Policy 6.3.3, include the necessary information set out in that policy.

- b. Information in outline development plans:
  - should be presented in the form of one or two plans that show a distribution of land uses, infrastructure and transport networks and connections, areas set aside from development and other land use features; and
  - ii. may include an accompanying narrative that:
    - A. is concise and addresses matters in Policy 8.2.2.98(a) and any matters required to give effect to the Canterbury Regional Policy Statement Policy 6.3.3 that cannot be shown on the plans;
    - B. describes the context and provides guidance on the outcomes sought;
    - C. specifies development requirements that must be achieved to be considered as being in accordance with the outline development plan; and
    - D. states any staging requirements that give consideration to the provision, funding, implementation and operation of new and upgraded infrastructure and will guide infrastructure planning processes of the Council and other network providers.
- c. Subdivision, use and development shall be in accordance with the development requirements in the relevant outline development plan, or otherwise achieve similar or better outcomes.
- d. Any quarrying or other interim activity shall not compromise the timely implementation of, or outcomes sought by, the outline development plan.

#### 8.2.2.109 Policy - Comprehensive Residential Development

a. In the Residential New Neighbourhood Future Urban Zone, encourage comprehensive residential developments that are in accordance with the relevant outline development plan as a means of achieving co-ordinated, sustainable and efficient development outcomes.

## 8.2.2.1110 Policy – Access to waterways / Mana whakahaere

a. Provide for appropriate public access and customary access to and along the margins of rivers, lakes, waterways and the coastline, including through esplanade reserves and strips, except in respect of Lyttelton Port of Christchurch where such provision is inappropriate due to the necessity to ensure public safety and the security of adjoining cargo and adjoining activities.

#### 8.2.2.1211 Policy - Meadowlands Exemplar Overlay comprehensive development

- a. Ensure that the Meadowlands Exemplar development is comprehensively planned and designed through development of, and giving effect to, an overarching vision that:
  - i. responds positively to the local context of each area;
  - ii. produces short and long-term positive environmental, social, and Manawhenua outcomes;
  - iii. fully integrates subdivision layout with potential land use;
  - iv. integrates residential development with the supporting range of local community facilities and services that support residents' daily needs;
  - v. achieves an efficient and effective staging of the provision and use of infrastructure, stormwater management networks, parks, and open space networks that is integrated with land use development;
  - vi. provides good access to facilities and services by a range of transport modes through the provision of integrated movement networks of roads, public transport, cycle, and pedestrian routes;
  - vii. shows infrastructure and movement routes that are fully integrated with existing adjacent communities and enables connectivity with other undeveloped areas;
  - viii. avoids or adequately mitigates risks from natural hazards and geotechnical characteristics of the land;
  - ix. remediates contaminated land;
  - x. utilises opportunities to enhance tangata whenua values, particularly indigenous biodiversity and mahinga kai;
  - xi. recognises Ngāi Tahu cultural and traditional associations with the Otautahi landscape; and
  - xii. avoids interim land use and development compromising the integrity and viability of infrastructure provision and community development.

# 8.2.3 Objective — Infrastructure and transport

- a. Subdivision design and development promotes efficient provision and use of infrastructure and transport networks.
- b. A legible, well connected, highly walkable, and comprehensive movement network for all transport modes is provided.
- c. Outside the Central City, land is set aside for services which can also be used for other activities, such as pedestrian or cycle ways.
- d. Development and intensification in the areas with vacuum sewer system constraints does not increase wastewater volumes in the existing system, unless it can be accommodated within the existing system capacity.

# **8.2.3.1** Policy – Identification of infrastructure constraints

a. Areas subject to infrastructure capacity constraints will be identified by the Council to assist public
understanding and decision-making regarding network capacity available to service subdivision,
development and subsequent land use.

# 8.2.3.2 Policy — Availability, provision and design of, and connections to, infrastructure

- a. Manage the subdivision <u>and development</u> of land to ensure development resulting from the creation of additional allotments:
  - i. does not occur in areas where infrastructure is not performing, serviceable or functional; and
  - ii. will be appropriately connected to and adequately serviced by infrastructure, including through any required upgrade to existing infrastructure.
- b. Ensure that new network infrastructure provided in relation to, or as part of, subdivision <u>and</u> development is constructed, designed and located so that it is resilient to disruption from significant seismic or other natural events including by ensuring that, as far as practicable, damage from such events is minimised.
- c. Ensure that, as part of subdivision <u>and development</u>, there is adequate provision, with sufficient capacity, to service the scale and nature of anticipated land uses resulting from the subdivision <u>or</u> <u>development</u>, for:
  - i. wastewater disposal, including lawful trade waste disposal for anticipated industrial development, consistent with maintaining public health and minimising adverse effects on the environment;
  - ii. water supply, including water of a potable standard for human consumption, and water for fire fighting purposes;
  - iii. telecommunication services including connection to a telecommunication system, with new lines being generally underground in new urban areas; and
  - iv. electric power supply, with new lines being generally underground in new urban areas including, if necessary, ensuring the provision of new or additional or the upgrading of existing infrastructure in a manner that is appropriate for the amenities of the area.

- d. Where wastewater disposal is to a reticulated system, ensure all new allotments are provided with a means of connection to the system.
- e. Where a reticulated wastewater system is not available, ensure appropriate onsite or standalone communal treatment systems are installed.
- f. Promote use of appropriate on-site measures to manage the effects of trade wastes and reduce peak flows and loading on wastewater systems.
- g. Where subdivision, use or development occurs in the waste water constraint areas, and it is proposed to connect to the vacuum sewer, demonstrate that there is no increase in wastewater volumes from the site as a result or, where there is an increase in wastewater volumes when compared to existing wastewater volumes from the site, there is sufficient capacity in the existing vacuum sewer system to accommodate the additional wastewater flows.

#### 8.2.3.3 Policy – Transport and access

- a. Ensure the provision and development of comprehensive movement networks for all transport modes that:
  - i. are legible, well connected, highly walkable, safe and efficient; and:
  - ii. enable access by people of all ages and physical abilities to public open space facilities, public transport, suburban centres, and community facilities and to move between neighbourhoods and the wider urban area.
- b. Ensure movement networks enable:
  - i. vehicle parking, which in the Central City should be in accordance with the road classification;
  - ii. access to properties, including for fire appliances;
  - iii. street landscaping, including street trees;
  - iv. safety and visibility;
  - v. ease of navigation;
  - vi. surface water management, in relation to movement networks; and
  - vii. utility services.
- c. Ensure that, where road or property access to an existing road is created, the existing road is of an appropriate standard.

#### 8.2.3.4 Policy – Stormwater disposal

- a. District wide:
  - Avoid any increase in sediment and contaminants entering water bodies as a result of stormwater disposal.
  - ii. Ensure that stormwater is disposed of in a manner which maintains or enhances the quality of surface water and groundwater.

- iii. Ensure that any necessary stormwater control and disposal systems and the upgrading of existing infrastructure are sufficient for the amount and rate of anticipated runoff.
- iv. Ensure that stormwater is disposed of in a manner which is consistent with maintaining public health.

#### b. Outside the Central City:

- i. Encourage stormwater treatment and disposal through low-impact or water-sensitive designs that imitate natural processes to manage and mitigate the adverse effects of stormwater discharges.
- ii. Ensure stormwater is disposed of in stormwater management areas so as to avoid inundation within the subdivision or on adjoining land.
- iii. Where feasible, utilise stormwater management areas for multiple uses and ensure they have a high quality interface with residential activities or commercial activities.
- iv. Incorporate and plant indigenous vegetation that is appropriate to the specific site.
- v. Ensure that realignment of any watercourse occurs in a manner that improves stormwater drainage and enhances ecological, mahinga kai and landscape values.
- vi. Ensure that stormwater management measures do not increase the potential for birdstrike to aircraft in proximity to the airport.
- vii. Encourage on-site rain-water collection for non-potable use.
- viii. Ensure there is sufficient capacity to meet the required level of service in the infrastructure design standard or if sufficient capacity is not available, ensure that the effects of development are mitigated on-site.

## 8.2.3.5 Policy – Adverse effects on infrastructure

- a. Ensure that the requirements of infrastructure, including their ongoing operation, development and maintenance, are recognised in subdivision design, including any potential for adverse effects (including reverse sensitivity effects) from subdivision.
- b. Ensure that the operation, development and maintenance of the Lyttelton Port is not compromised by subdivision, including in relation to reverse sensitivity effects.

#### 8.2.4 Objective - Earthworks

a. Earthworks facilitate subdivision, use and development, the provision of utilities, hazard mitigation and the recovery of the district.

## 8.2.4.1 Policy - Water quality

a. Ensure earthworks do not result in erosion, inundation or siltation, and do not have an adverse effect on surface water or groundwater quality.

#### 8.2.4.2 Policy - Repair of earthquake damaged land

- a. Facilitate recovery by enabling property owners to make repairs to earthquake damaged land for residential purposes, where the repairs will have acceptable adverse effects on people, property and the natural environment.
- b. Recognise the need for the repair of other earthquake damaged land as part of recovery.

## 8.2.4.3 Policy - Benefits of earthworks

a. Recognise that earthworks are necessary for subdivision, use and development, the provision of utilities, hazard mitigation and the recovery of the district.

## 8.2.4.4 Policy – Amenity

 Ensure, once completed, earthworks do not result in any significant shading, visual impact, loss of privacy or other significant detraction from the amenity values enjoyed by those living or working in the locality.

## 8.2.5 Objective - Earthworks health and safety

a. People and property are protected during, and subsequent to, earthworks.

## 8.2.5.1 Policy - Land stability

a. Avoid earthworks that will create a significant risk to people and property through subsidence, rockfall, cliff collapse, erosion, inundation, siltation or overland flows.

## 8.2.5.2 Policy - Nuisance

a. Subject to Policy 8.2.4.3, ensure that earthworks avoid more than minor adverse effects on the health and safety of people and their property, and do not generate continuous or persistent noise, vibration, dust or odour nuisance.

## 8.2.5.3 Policy - Vehicle movement

a. Subject to Policy 8.2.4.3, ensure that the transportation to and from a site of earth, construction or filling material is safe and minimises adverse transport network and local amenity value effects.

## 8.2.5.4 Policy - Earthworks design

a. Ensure that earthworks over identified thresholds are designed to enable the anticipated land use.

#### 8.2.5.5 Policy - Management of contaminated land

a. Enable earthworks where necessary to appropriately manage land contamination.

#### 8.2.6 Objective – Urban tree canopy cover

a. Tree canopy cover in areas of residential activities is enhanced through maintaining existing trees and/or planting new trees as part of new residential development to sequester carbon from emissions, reduce stormwater runoff, mitigate heat island effects, and improve the city's biodiversity and amenity.

#### 8.2.6.1 Policy – Contribution to tree canopy cover

- a. Ensure that subdivision and/or development achieves the following tree canopy cover levels at maturity:
  - i. For residential subdivision and/or development 20% of the net site area;
  - ii. <u>For residential greenfield and brownfield subdivision and/or development as for (i), and an additional 15% of the future road area to be vested in Council.</u>

## 8.2.6.2 Policy – The cost of providing tree canopy cover and financial contributions

- a. Ensure the cost of providing new trees to achieve the tree canopy cover required for the site or the road corridor, preparing appropriate tree pits, providing the necessary land for planting, and initial tree maintenance is met by those carrying out the subdivision and/or development;
- b. Require payment of financial contributions that are fair and proportional in lieu of providing the required on-site and/or on-road tree canopy cover to enable off-site tree planting by the Council, as close to the development site as practicable;
- c. No financial contribution shall be required where sufficient existing trees, able to achieve the required tree canopy cover at maturity, are retained on the development site or new trees are planted on the development site by the developer or the site owner to achieve the required tree canopy cover.

#### 8.2.6.3 Policy – Tree health and infrastructure

- a. Ensure that trees on the development site are planted in a position appropriate to the tree type and in sufficient soil volume, width and depth to maximise the tree's healthy growth.
- Where subdivision consents associated with the development of new residential units are granted,
   consent notices will be issued and registered against the relevant titles requiring that the tree canopy
   cover levels required are achieved and maintained.
- c. Ensure the planting of trees in the future roads of greenfield subdivisions is carried out in accordance with:
  - i. the tree pit requirements of the Council's Infrastructure Design Standard to provide sufficient soil volume and avoid damage to the surrounding infrastructure; and
  - ii. the needs and requirements of the Council, as the future road owner/manager, including approval of the tree species by the Council arborist.

#### 8.3 Administration

## 8.3.1 How to interpret and apply the rules

- a. The subdivision and earthworks rules that apply to activities in all zones are contained in:
  - i. Rules 8.5 and 8.9 Activity status tables; an
  - ii. Rule 8.6 Activity standards.
- b. The activity status tables and standards in the following chapters also apply to subdivision and earthworks activities:
  - 4 Hazardous Substances and Contaminated Land;
  - 5 Natural Hazards;
  - 6 General Rules and Procedures;
  - 7 Transport;
  - 9 Natural and Cultural Heritage; and
  - 11 Utilities and Energy.
- c. Chapter 5 (Natural Hazards) includes specific rules in relation to subdivision and earthworks in areas subject to natural hazards. Chapter 4 includes specific provisions relating to contaminated land. Chapter 6 manages earthworks within water body setbacks. Sub-chapter 9.4 includes rules for earthworks: within the dripline tree protection zone radius of significant trees listed in Appendix 9.4.7.1; within 5 metres of the base of trees in parks, public open space or road corridors in Christchurch City, or in Akaroa as shown in Appendix 9.4.7.4; or within 10 metres of the base of any tree in the Riccarton Bush Significant Trees area.
- d. The rules in the zone chapters (13-18) do not apply to subdivision or earthworks, other than quarrying activities.
- e. The tree canopy cover and the financial contributions rules apply to subdivision resulting in one or more new residential allotments in the residential zones, including greenfield areas and brownfield sites subject to comprehensive residential development, in the Christchurch City area of the Christchurch District, and are contained in:
  - i. Rule 6.10A Tree Canopy Cover and Financial Contributions; and
  - ii. Rule 8.5.1.2 Activity Status Tables; and
  - iii. Rule 8.7.12 Matters of Control; and
  - iv. Rules 14.4.2 14.7.2, 14.9.2, 14.12.2 14.14.2 Residential Built Form Standards.
- f. For guidance on tree species, their canopy size at maturity, and planting and maintenance requirements refer to the Council's:
  - i. <u>Infrastructure Design Standard (Parts 2 and 10) https://ccc.govt.nz/consents-and-licences/construction-requirements/infrastructure-design-standards/download-the-ids/; and licences/construction-requirements/infrastructure-design-standards/download-the-ids/; and licences/construction-requirements/infrastructure-design-standards/download-the-ids/; and licences/constructure-design-standards/download-the-ids/; and licences/constructure-design-standards/download-the-ids/</u>
  - <u>ii.</u> <u>Construction Standard Specifications (Part 7) https://ccc.govt.nz/assets/Documents/Consents-and-Licences/construction-requirements/CSS/Download-the-CSS-2020/CSS-PART-7-LANDSCAPES-</u>

**2019.pdf** .The rules in the zone chapters (13-18) do apply to development and activities in Waste Water Constraint Areas.

#### 8.3.2 Subdivision guidance documents

- a. There are a number of guidance documents that assist developers when preparing applications for subdivision consent and understanding the required level of service for matters relating to their development and whether these are acceptable to the Council. Where conditions are placed on subdivision consents within the matters of control or discretion specified in this chapter, such conditions may reference documents, including the following, as a means of achieving the matter of control or discretion:
  - i. Infrastructure Design Standard;
  - Construction Standards Specifications;
  - iii. Stormwater Management Plans; and/or
  - iv. Waterways, Wetlands and Drainage Guide.

#### Advice note:

1. These documents are not incorporated by reference into the District Plan.

# 8.3.3 Development <u>and financial</u> contributions

- a. Where applicable, development contributions as set out in the Development Contributions Policy will be required to be paid prior to the issue of a certificate pursuant to section 224 of the Resource Management Act 1991.
- b. Where applicable, financial contributions as set out in Rule 6.10A.4, 8.5.1.2, 8.7.12, built form standards in 14.4.2 14.7.2, 14.9.2, 14.12.2 14.14.2, and in the Development Contributions Policy, will be required to be paid prior to the issue of a certificate pursuant to section 224 of the Resource Management Act 1991.

#### 8.3.4 Staging of subdivision

a. A subdivision may be completed in stages, provided that each stage meets all of the conditions of approval appropriate to that stage, and that the balance of the site remaining after the completion of each stage is a site which either complies with the provisions of the Plan or with the conditions of a resource consent.

#### 8.3.5 Suitability for proposed land use

a. Where section 106 of the Act applies to any part of the land to be subdivided it is the applicant's responsibility to provide all information relevant to the potential hazard and to show the means by which the land shall be made suitable for the proposed land use, including legal and physical access. Regard should be had to any information held on the Council's hazards register. The Council shall have regard to any appropriate mitigation measures before issuing the subdivision consent, or declining

- approval pursuant to section 106. Chapter 5 of this Plan provides for the management of hazards as might be relevant to consideration of an application under section 106.
- b. Where any part of the land contains contamination, it is the applicant's responsibility to provide all relevant information and to show the means by which the land shall be made suitable for the proposed land use. Regard should be had to any information
- c. held on the Council's hazard register and the Listed Land Use Register held by the Canterbury Regional Council (LLUR).
- d. All subdivisions of land that involve buildings on or near allotment boundaries shall comply with the relevant requirements of this Plan and the Building Act 2004.

# 8.3.6 Restricted discretionary subdivision activities

a. Chapter 8 includes both matters of control and matters of discretion. The rules are structured so that the Council can only decline a restricted discretionary activity application in relation to the matters of discretion specified for that purpose for that activity. However, the Council can also impose conditions on restricted discretionary activity consents in relation to the matters of discretion specified for that purpose for that activity, and which may include matters of control specified to be treated as matters of discretion for that activity.

## 8.3.7 Consent notice

- a. Where tree canopy cover is provided in full or in partial fulfilment of Rule 6.10A.4.1.1 and 6.10A.4.2.1, a consent notice shall be registered on the title of any allotment created and containing or proposed to contain a residential unit to:
  - i. <u>secure the tree canopy cover requirements specified in Rule 6.10A.4.2.1, 8.5.1.2, 8.7.12, and built form standards in 14.4.2 14.7.2, 14.9.2, 14.12.2 14.14.2; and</u>
  - ii. prevent the destruction or removal of any trees planted to meet the requirements of Rule 6.10A.4, 8.5.1.2, 8.7.12, and built form standards in 14.4.2 14.7.2, 14.9.2, 14.12.2 14.14.2; and
  - iii. require maintenance of the tree/s in accordance with good arboricultural practice, and if a tree is diseased or dead, require a replacement with a tree/s capable of achieving equivalent tree canopy cover at maturity.

#### 8.4 Rules — Subdivision General Rules

#### 8.4.1 General rules

#### 8.4.1.1 Notification

- Unless stated otherwise in this chapter, for applications for subdivision consent:
  - where the activity is a controlled or restricted discretionary activity, the application shall not be publicly or limited notified., except as specified in clause ii. below;
  - ii. where the activity is a restricted discretionary activity and the subdivision-seeks access to a State Highway, limited notification shall be only to the New Zealand Transport Agency (absent its written approval);
  - iii. where the activity is a discretionary or non-complying activity, the application may be publicly or limited notified. Where the subdivision seeks access to a State Highway, the New Zealand Transport Agency shall be notified (absent its written approval).

## 8.4.1.2 Standards for specific zones

a. Zone-specific standards shall have precedence where there is any inconsistency with the general standards.

## **8.4.1.3** Servicing constraints

a. In order to determine the activity status for subdivision in relation to Activity standard 8.6.8.b, the applicant must demonstrate that the wastewater system has adequate capacity for the respective potential land uses on all proposed allotments. The Council offers a certification process as the means of demonstrating such capacity. The certificate will be valid for 6 months and will remain valid during the consenting process (following the lodging of a complete subdivision consent application and for the term of the consent). Certification is not necessary where a relevant outline development plan shows that adequate wastewater capacity is available for the proposed allotments.

# 8.5 Rules – Subdivision Activity status tables Rules - Activity status tables

## 8.5.1.1 Permitted activities

a. There are no permitted activities.

## 8.5.1.2 Controlled activities

- a. The activities listed below are controlled activities if they meet the relevant standards set out in the following table.
- b. Discretion to impose conditions is restricted to the matters of control set out in the following table, and as set out for those matters in Rule 8.7.
- c. Activities may also be restricted discretionary, discretionary,non-complying or prohibited as specified in Rules 8.5.1.3, 8.5.1.4, 8.5.1.5 and 8.5.1.6.

	Activity	Relevant standards	Matters of control
C1A	Boundary adjustments within the Medium Density Residential and High Density Residential Zones	<ul> <li>a. Where one or more of the allotments is vacant:         <ol> <li>i. Minimum allotment size requirements shall not apply, providing that the boundary adjustment does not change the existing net site area of the vacant allotment(s) by more than 10%.</li> <li>ii. Where the net site area is altered by more than 10%, activity standard 8.6.1 applies.</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. The boundary adjustment must not result in, or increase, the degree of noncompliance with land use standards of the applicable zone.</li> <li>Note: Should standard b. not be met then a land use consent will also be required.</li> </ul>	Rule 8.7.1
C1 <u>B</u>	Boundary adjustments within all other zones	a. No additional titles are created.  ba. Minimum allotment size requirements shall not apply providing that the boundary adjustment does not change the existing net site area by more than 10%.  Where the net site area is altered by more than 10%, activity standard 8.6.1 applies.	Rule 8.7.1

	Activity	Relevant standards	Matters of control
		<ul> <li>Eb. The boundary adjustment will not lead to, or increase, the degree of non-compliance with land use standards of the applicable zone.</li> <li>Note: Should standard b. not be met then a land use consent will also be required.</li> </ul>	
<u>C2A</u>	Conversion of tenure in the Medium Density or High Density Residential Zones	<ul> <li>a. For vacant allotments associated with the conversion of tenure from unit title or cross lease to fee simple:         <ol> <li>the size of the resulting fee simple title shall be within 10% of the size of the original allotment or leased area, excluding any access.</li> <li>Where the net site area is altered by more than 10%, activity standard 8.6.1 applies.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Rule 8.7.2
C2 <u>B</u>	Conversion of tenure for all other zones	<ul> <li>a. Nil, other than as provided in b. below.</li> <li>ba. For the conversion of tenure from unit title or cross lease to fee simple for the repair and rebuild of multi-unit residential complexes,</li> <li>i. the size of the resulting fee simple title shall be within 10% of the size of the original allotment or leased area, excluding any access.</li> <li>ii. Where the net site area is altered by more than 10%, activity standard 8.6.1 applies.</li> </ul>	Rule 8.7.2
С3	Alteration of cross leases, company leases and unit titles	Nil	Rule 8.7.2
C4	Subdivision to create allotments for access, utilities, emergency service facilities, roads and reserves	a. The minimum net site area requirements do not apply.	Rule 8.7.3
C5	a. Subdivision in any area subject to an outline development plan or development plan in the Future Urban Zone, except	<ul> <li>a. Activity standards in Rules 8.6.1 – 8.6.12.</li> <li>b. The subdivision shall be undertaken in accordance with the relevant outline development plan or development plan, except that:</li> <li>i. in relation to any outline</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Rule 8.7.4; and</li> <li>b. where relevant for industrial zones, Rule 8.7.5 (except that in the Industrial General Zone (North Belfast), Rule</li> </ul>

Activity	Relevant standards	Matters of control
as otherwise specified in:  i. Rule 8.5.1.2 C4, C6, C7;  ii. Rule 8.5.1.3 RD2, RD4 to RD145;  iii. Rule 8.5.1.4 D1 to D4; and  iv. Rule 8.5.1.5 NC1 to NC78.	development plan in a Residential New Neighbourhood Future Urban Zone, the activity shall meet the activity standard in Rule 8.6.11(a);  ii. in relation to any outline development plan contained in Chapter 15 or Chapter 16, compliance is only required with the key structuring elements for that outline development plan area as described in the relevant chapter.  c. In the Industrial Park Zone (Awatea), disposal of wastewater shall be via the Council reticulated sanitary sewage disposal system.  d. For subdivision in areas marked as controlled on the Awatea Outline Development Plan – Tangata whenua layer diagram in Appendix 8.10.142, a cultural assessment shall be provided.  e. For subdivision in the Industrial General Zone (North Belfast), activity standards in Rule 8.6.14.	Matters of control  8.7.4.1 (r) and Rule 8.7.4.6 (a)-(i) & (k) shall not apply).  c. In addition, in areas marked as controlled on the Awatea Outline Development Plan — Tangata whenua layer diagram in Appendix 8.10.142:  i. matters arising from consultation undertaken with tangata whenua representatives in the design phase of the subdivision and preparation of the cultural assessment ii. the menas of incorporating the findings of the cultural assessment in the design and implementation of the subdivision.  d. In addition to the matters above, the following shall also apply within Area 5 in Appendix 8.10.3023 East Papanui Outline Devleopment Plan i. The matters set out in Appendix
		8.10.3023.C;  ii. Whether the subdivision is exemplary, including whether it:  A. Provides for neighbourhood design hat supports the

	Activity	Relevant standards	Matters of control
			principles of universal accesss; and  B. Demonstrates innovation in the neighbourhood layout; and  e. Where relevant, Rule 8.7.12.
C6	a. Subdivision providing for residential activity in the following zones:  i. Residential Hills;  i.ii. Residential Large Lot Residential;  ii.iii. Residential Small Settlement; and  iii.iv. All Rural Zones other than Rural Quarry	<ul> <li>a. Activity standards in Rules 8.6.1-8.6.9 and 8.6.12.</li> <li>b. An identified building area must be shown on the scheme plan of subdivision on every allotment on which a residential unit is anticipated.</li> <li>c. Where the site contains an existing residential unit at the time the subdivision application is made, the identified building area must include the existing residential unit, or it must indicate that the residential unit will be removed from the site altogether or that it will be relocated to an identified building area for that site.</li> <li>d. The identified building area must: <ol> <li>i. include a single area of land of not less than 100m² and no greater than 2000m² which is capable of containing a residential unit;</li> <li>ii. include curtilage area contiguous to the area identified in (i) of not less than 200m² and no greater than 4000m²; and</li> <li>iii. be able to be linked by adequate and appropriate vehicle access to a formed public road.</li> </ol> </li> <li>e. For any subdivision in the Rural Banks Peninsula Zone creating a residential allotment with a net site area of 1-4ha under Rules 8.5.1.2 C7 or 8.5.1.3 RD7,</li> </ul>	<u>8.7.12</u> .

	Activity	Relevant standards	Matters of control
		the identified building area must include all buildings anticipated on the site.	
C7	In the Rural Banks Peninsula Zone, subdivision creating a residential allotment with a net site area between 1ha and 4ha and a balance allotment, that when combined meet the applicable minimum net site area standard specified in Table 5. Advice note:  1. Refer to Rule 8.5.1.3 RD8 – RD11 for subdivision of land which includes sites, trees, items or land identified in Chapter 9 Natural and Cultural Heritage.	<ul> <li>a. Activity standards in Rules 8.6.3-8.6.9 and 8.6.12.</li> <li>b. The combined net site area of the 1-4ha residential allotment and the balance allotment must meet the applicable minimum net site area specified in Rule 8.6.1 Table 5.</li> <li>c. Only one residential allotment may be created per complete multiple of the applicable minimum net site area specified in Rule 8.6.1 Table 5. (Where more than one 1-4ha residential allotment (plus balance) is to be created, refer to Rule 8.5.1.3 RD7).</li> <li>d. The balance allotment must be made subject to a consent notice that: <ol> <li>i. prevents the erection of any further residential units in perpetuity on the balance area needed to meet b. above; and</li> <li>ii. protects the following where they exist: <ol> <li>A. public access connections.</li> </ol> </li> <li>e. The balance allotment must be contiguous with the 1-4ha residential allotment to which it relates.</li> <li>f. An identified building area must be shown in accordance with Rule 8.5.1.2 C6.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	a. Rules 8.7.4, 8.7.6 and 8.7.7.
<u>C8</u>	Subdivision that creates any vacant allotments within the Medium Density Residential and High Density Residential Zones.	The following standards apply:  a. Activity standards 8.6.1, and 8.6.3 – 8.6.9, 8.6.12, and 8.6.15.  Note: Where each allotment contains a residential unit for which land use consent is concurrently sought, or a current resource consent has been obtained but not yet implemented, Rule 8.5.1.2 C8 does not apply. Refer to Rule 8.5.1.2 C9, below.	a. Rule 8.7.4 and, b. Where relevant, Rules 8.7.7-8.7.11 and 8.7.13; and c. Rule 8.7.12

	Activity	Relevant standards	Matters of control
<u>C9</u>	Subdivision within the Medium Density Residential and High Density Residential zones where no vacant allotments are created and each allotment:  a. Contains an existing residential unit; and/or b. Is proposed to contain a residential unit, approved as part of a resource consent; and/or c. Is subject to a concurrent resource consent application for a residential unit; except as otherwise specified in Rule 8.5.1.2 C1A and C2A.	<ul> <li>a. Activity standards in Rules 8.6.3-8.6.9, 8.6.12, and 8.6.15 apply</li> <li>b. The subdivision shall not result in, or increase the degree of, non-compliance with the density standards of the applicable zone.</li> <li>Note: Land use consent is also required where an applicable density standard is breached.</li> <li>c. If, at the time of lodging the subdivision consent application, the residential unit(s) relied upon under Rule 8.5.1.2</li> <li>C9.b or C9.c have not yet been constructed to the extent that its exterior is fully closed in, either: <ol> <li>i. The residential unit(s) must be constructed to the extent that its exterior is fully closed in before obtaining a certificate under section 224 of the Resource Management Act 1991; OR</li> <li>ii. It must be practicable to construct a residential unit on each allotment within the proposed subdivision, as a permitted activity.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Note: Where standard (c) is not met, then the lot will be treated as a vacant allotment and Rule 8.5.1.2 C8 shall apply.</li> </ul>	a. Rule 8.7.4 and, b. Where relevant, Rules 8.7.7-8.7.11 and 8.7.13; c. Rule 8.7.12 d. If an application is made under activity standard c.i of Rule 8.5.1.2 C9, the order in which dwelling construction and subdivision occurs.
C8 C10	a. Subdivision in any zone, except as otherwise specified in:  i. Rule 8.5.1.2  C1A, C1B, C2A, C2B C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, and C9;  ii. Rule 8.5.1.3  RD2, RD4 to  RD145;  iii. Rule 8.5.1.4 D1  to D4; and  iv. Rule 8.5.1.5  NC1 to NC78.	Activity standards in Rules 8.6.1 - 8.6.9 and 8.6.12.	a. Rule 8.7.4 and, where relevant, Rules 8.7.5 - 8.7.11-; and b. Rule 8.7.12

# **8.5.1.3** Restricted discretionary activities

- a. The activities listed below are restricted discretionary activities if they meet the relevant standards set out in the following table.
- b. Discretion to grant or decline consent is restricted to the matters of discretion set out in Rule 8.8, as set out in the following table.
- c. Discretion to impose conditions is restricted to the matters set out in Rule 8.7 (whose matters of control are to be treated as matters of discretion) and Rule 8.8, as set out in the following table.

	Activity	Relevant standards	Matters of discretion for the purpose of imposing conditions	Matters of discretion for the purpose of granting or declining consent and imposing conditions
RD1	Boundary adjustments that do not meet any one or more of the relevant standards listed in Rule 8.5.1.2 C1 <u>A or</u> C1B.	Nil	a. Rule 8.7.1	a. Rule 8.8.1
RD2	a. Subdivision in any zone that does not meet any one or more of the relevant standards in: i. Rule 8.5.1.2 C5, C6 or C8C10; or ii. Rule 8.5.1.3 RD7; except as otherwise specified in; i. Rule 8.5.1.4 D1 to D45; and	Nil	a. Rule 8.7.4; and, b. where relevant, Rules 8.7.5 - 8.7.11 and 8.7.15 (except that in the Industrial General Zone (North Belfast), Rule 8.7.4.1 (r) and Rule 8.7.4.6 (a)-(i) & (k) shall not apply). In addition to the matters above, te following shall also apply to Area 5 in Appendix 8.10.3023 East Papanui	a. As relevant to the activity standard that is not met:  i. for Rule 8.6.1 -     Minimum net site area and dimension:     Rule 8.8.11;  ii. for Rule 8.6.3 -     Access: Rule 8.8.2;  iii. for Rule 8.6.4 -     Roads: Rule 8.8.3;  iv. for Rule 8.6.5 -     Service lanes, cycle ways and pedestrian access ways: Rule 8.8.4;
	ii. Rule 8.5.1.5 NC1 to NC78. b. For subdivision in the Residential New Neighbourhood Future Urban Zone that does		Outline Devleopment Plan: c. The matters set out in Appendix 8.1.3023.C	v. for Rule 8.6.6 – Esplanade reserve, strip or additional land: Rule 8.9.5; vi. for Rule 8.6.7 – Water supply: Rule

not meet Rule 8.6.11.a outline development plan or Rule 8.6.11.b Residential net density, Rule 8.4.1.1.a.i. does not apply.

- c. Subdivision
  within the
  Medium Density
  and High Density
  zones that does
  not meet the
  following
  standards:
  - <u>i.</u> Rule 8.5.1.2 C8 (a)
  - ii. Rule 8.5.1.2 C9 (a).
- ed. In the instance of non-compliance with RD2 b., written approvals and either limited or public notification may apply.

8.8.6;

- vii. for Rule 8.6.8 Wastewater disposal: Rule 8.8.6;
- ix. for Rule 8.6.12– Radiocommunicatio ns: Rule 8.8.6.i;
- x. in the Industrial Heavy Zone (South West Hornby), for Rule 8.6.10 - Rule 8.8.3.
- xi. In the Residential
  New
  Neighbourhood
  Future Urban Zone,
  for Rule 8.6.11.a
  (outline
  development plan)
  and Rule 8.6.11.b
  (Residential net
  density): Rule 8.8.8
  and Rule 8.8.9.
- xii. In the Residential
  New
  Neighbourhood
  Future Urban Zone,
  for Rules 8.6.11.c to
  i: The matters
  referred to in
  clauses i to ix above
  as applicable, and
  also those in Rule
  8.8.9.
- b. In an area shown on an outline development plan and in the Future
  Urban Zone, Rule 8.8.8 and 8.8.9 where applicable.
- c. In the Industrial Park
  Zone (Awatea), in
  relation to the disposal
  of wastewater: Rule

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- d. In the Rural Banks
  Peninsula Zone, in
  relation to the relevant
  standards for Rule
  8.5.1.2 C6: Rule 8.8.13.
- e. For subdivision in the High Density
  Residential Zone that does not meet Rule
  8.5.1.2 C8 (a): In the Residential Central City Zone: Rule
  8.8.11(g)
- f. In the Industrial
  General Zone (North
  Belfast), for Rule 8.6.14
   Wāhi taonga, wāhi
  tapu and urupā North
  Belfast: Rule 8.8.14.
- g. Where the site is within the Akaroa Heritage Area, Rule 9.3.6.3.
- h. In addition to the matters above, within Area 5 in Appendix
  8.10.3023 East Papanui Outline Development Plan:
  - i. Whether the subdivision is exemplary, including whether it:
    - A. Provides for neighbourhood design that supports the principls of universal access; and
    - B. Demonstrates innovation in the neighbourhood

					layout.
				j.	Where the site is the Medium or High Density Residential Zones in North Halswell, Rule 8.8.17
RD2A	Subdivision within the Medium Density Residential and High Density Residential zones that does not meet the following standard: Rule 8.5.1.2 C9 (b).	Nil	a. Rule 8.7.4 b. Where relevant, Rules 8.7.7-8.7.11;	<u>a.</u>	Rule 8.8.16
RD3	Conversion of tenure for the repair and rebuild of multi-unit residential complexes that does not meet any one or more of the relevant standards listed in Rule 8.5.1.2 C2A or C2B.	Nil	a. Rule 8.7.2	a.	Rule 8.8.10 and Rule 8.8.11
RD4	a. Subdivision in a Flood Management Area except as otherwise specified in: i. Rule 8.5.1.4 D1 to D45; and ii. Rule 8.5.1.5 NC1 to NC6 and NC78.	Nil	a. Rule 8.7.4; and, b. where relevant, Rules 8.7.5 - 8.7.11	a.	Rule 8.8.7
RD5	Subdivision of any site (other than an allotment to provide for a network utility, refer to Rule 8.5.1.2 C4) located within the following corridors:  a. 37 metres of the centre line of a 220kV National grid transmission	a. A building platform for the principal building shall be identified on each allotment that is:  i. greater than 12 metres from the centre line of a 220kV or 110kV National grid transmission line and greater than	a. Rule 8.7.4; and, b. where relevant, Rules 8.7.5 - 8.7.11	a.	Rule 8.8.6.i

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	line as shown on planning maps; or b. 32 metres of the centre line of a 66kV or 110kV National grid transmission line as shown on planning maps; except as otherwise specified in: i. Rule 8.5.1.4 D1 to D45; and ii. Rule 8.5.1.5 NC1 to NC6 and NC78.	12 metres from an associated support structure; or  ii. greater than 10 metres from the centre line of a 66kV National grid transmission line and greater than 10 metres from an associated support structure.		
RD6	Subdivision of any site (other than an allotment to provide for a network utility, refer Rule 8.5.1.2 C4) located within the following corridors:  a. 32 metres of the centre line of a 66kV electricity distribution line as shown on planning maps; or  b. 24 metres of the centre line of a 33kV electricity distribution line as shown on planning maps; except as otherwise specified in:  i. Rule 8.5.1.4 D1 to D45; and  ii. Rule 8.5.1.5 NC1 to NC6 and NC78.	a. A building platform for the principal building shall be identified on each allotment that is:  i. greater than 10 metres from the centre line of a 66kV electricity distribution line or a foundation of an associated support structure; or  ii. greater than 5 metres from the centre line of a 33kV electricity distribution line or a foundation of an associated support structure.	a. Rule 8.7.4; and b. where relevant, Rules 8.7.5 - 8.7.11	a. Rule 8.8.6.i
RD7	In the Rural Banks Peninsula Zone, subdivision of any site creating more than one residential allotment with a net	a. The standards in Rule 8.5.1.2 C7, other than Standard c.	a. Rules 8.7.4, 8.7.6 and 8.7.7	a. Rule 8.8.13

	site area between 1ha and 4ha (plus balance), that is otherwise in accordance with Rule 8.5.1.2 C7.			
RD8	Subdivision within a Site of Ecological Significance listed in Schedule A of Appendix 9.1.6.1 (except in the Avon River Precinct Te Papa Ōtākaro Zone).	<ul> <li>a. Subdivision shall not create any allotment where a permitted activity cannot occur outside the Site of Ecological Significance, unless the sole purpose of that allotment is to protect that Site of Ecological Significance.</li> <li>b. Any land to be set aside for the preservation of conservation values shall have a consent notice registered against the title requiring the continual preservation of the values on the allotment.</li> </ul>	a. Rule 8.7.4; and, b. where relevant, Rules 8.7.5 - 8.7.11	a. Rule 8.8.12, and b. for rural zones, Rule 8.8.13 also applies.
RD9	Subdivision of land which includes a significant tree listed in Appendix 9.4.7.1.	a. No new allotment boundary shall be within the dripline tree protection zone radius of a significant tree.	<ul> <li>a. Rule 8.7.4; and,</li> <li>b. where relevant,</li> <li>Rules 8.7.5 -</li> <li>8.7.11</li> </ul>	<ul><li>a. Rule 8.8.12, and</li><li>b. for rural zones, Rule 8.8.13 also applies.</li></ul>
RD10	Any subdivision of land which includes a heritage item or heritage setting listed in Appendix 9.3.7.2.	<ul> <li>a. This rule shall not apply where the Council has granted consent for the removal of heritage item or heritage setting.</li> <li>b. Where there is an application for subdivision at the same time as an</li> </ul>	a. Rule 8.7.4; and, b. where relevant, Rules 8.7.5 - 8.7.11	a. Rule 8.8.12, and b. for rural zones, Rule 8.8.13 also applies.

		application for the removal of the heritage item or heritage setting, the Council will not grant the subdivision consent prior to considering the application for removal.  Advice note:  1. There are further obligations under the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014 that must be met before work can commence.				
RD11	a. Subdivision of land within, or partly within: i. a Rural Amenity Landscape (other than in Banks Peninsula) identified in Appendix 9.2.9.2.4;	a. An identified building area shall be identified on any allotment created.	a. b.	Rule 8.7.4; and, where relevant, Rules 8.7.5 - 8.7.11	a. b.	Rule 8.8.12, and for rural zones, Rule 8.8.13 also applies.
	ii. an Outstanding Natural Landscape identified in Appendix 9.2.9.2.2;					
	iii. an Outstanding Natural Feature identified in Appendix 9.2.9.2.1;					
	iv. an Area of Outstanding Natural Character in the Coastal Environment					

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b. a heritage item or	_				
heritage setting	_				
listed in Appendix	_				
9.3.7.2.	_				
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	·				
	zone provided:				
	i. a consent notice				
	is registered				
	against the				
	relevant				
	certificate(s) of				
	title stating that				
	_				
	protection; and				
	ii. the other				
	allotment must be				
	capable of				
	containing a				
	permitted activity				
	(unless resource				
	consent for any				
	non-compliance				
	has been				
	obtained).				
Subdivision of land in	Nil	a.	Rule 8.7.4; and,	а.	Rule 8.8.12
the Avon River					
Precinct Te Papa		J.	·		
Ōtākaro Zone and			8.7.11		
within, or partly					
· · ·					
a. a Significant Feature identified					
	heritage setting listed in Appendix 9.3.7.2.  Subdivision of land in the Avon River Precinct Te Papa Ōtākaro Zone and	9.2.9.2.3, or b. a heritage item or heritage setting listed in Appendix 9.3.7.2.  or protecting a heritage item and associated heritage setting, and no additional building is to be erected on that allotment, a new allotment may be created where the allotment need not comply with minimum net site area for the relevant zone provided:  i. a consent notice is registered against the relevant certificate(s) of title stating that no additional residential unit is to be erected on the allotment being created for protection; and ii. the other allotment must be capable of containing a permitted activity (unless resource consent for any non-compliance has been obtained).  Subdivision of land in the Avon River Precinct Te Papa Õtākaro Zone and within, or partly	9.2.9.2.3, or b. a heritage item or heritage setting listed in Appendix 9.3.7.2.  or protecting a heritage item and associated heritage setting, and no additional building is to be erected on that allotment, a new allotment need not comply with minimum net site area for the relevant zone provided:  i. a consent notice is registered against the relevant certificate(s) of title stating that no additional residential unit is to be erected on the allotment being created for protection; and  ii. the other allotment must be capable of containing a permitted activity (unless resource consent for any non-compliance has been obtained).  Subdivision of land in the Avon River Precinct Te Papa Ōtākaro Zone and within, or partly	b. a heritage item or heritage setting listed in Appendix 9.3.7.2.  9.3.7.2.  or protecting a heritage item and associated heritage setting, and no additional building is to be erected on that allotment, a new allotment may be created where the allotment need not comply with minimum net site area for the relevant zone provided:  i. a consent notice is registered against the relevant certificate(s) of title stating that no additional residential unit is to be erected on the allotment being created for protection; and  ii. the other allotment must be capable of containing a permitted activity (unless resource consent for any non-compliance has been obtained).  Subdivision of land in the Avon River Precinct Te Papa Ötäkaro Zone and within, or partly	b. a heritage item or heritage setting listed in Appendix 9.3.7.2.  s. a heritage item or heritage setting listed in Appendix 9.3.7.2.  or protecting a heritage setting, and no additional building is to be erected on that allotment, a new allotment may be created where the allotment need not comply with minimum net site area for the relevant zone provided:  i. a consent notice is registered against the relevant certificate(s) of title stating that no additional residential unit is to be erected on the allotment being created for protection; and  ii. the other allotment must be capable of containing a permitted activity (unless resource consent for any non-compliance has been obtained).  Subdivision of land in the Avon River Precinct Te Papa Ötäkaro Zone and within, or partly

	I	I	I	
	9.2.9.2.3; or			
	b. a Site of Ecological Significance listed in Schedule A of Appendix 9.1.6.1.			
RD14	Subdivision in the Industrial General Zone (North Belfast) which creates an allotment with a new boundary less than 10 metres from:  a. the surveyed point of the spring identified on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.5; or  b. any spring not identified on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.5, and which is not within Lots 5, 6 and 7 DP 71209, in which case the setback shall be measured from the head or heads of the spring where visible.	<ul> <li>a. Activity standards in Rules 8.6.1 – 9, 8.6.12 and 8.6.14.</li> <li>b. Subdivision shall be undertaken in accordance with the key structuring elements on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.5 (key structuring elements are specified in Rule 16.4.6.1.1 P1).</li> </ul>	a. Rule 8.7.4; and, b. where relevant, Rules 8.7.5 - 8.7.11 (except that in the Industrial General Zone (North Belfast), Rule 8.7.4.1 (r) and Rule 8.7.4.6 (a)-(i) & (k) shall not apply).	a. Rule 8.8.14
RD15	Within the Meadowlands Exemplar Overlay in the Residential New Neighbourhood Future Urban (North Halswell) Zone as shown on Planning Map 45: a. Comprehensive subdivision and land use	a. The subdivision and land use consent application shall be processed together. b. Buildings shown in the comprehensive subdivision and land use consent application shall meet the following built form standards:	Nil	a. Rule 8.8.15

- activities that
  implement the
  Meadowlands
  Exemplar
  approved by the
  Council on 24
  April 2014.
- b. Any application arising from this rule shall not require the written approval of other persons and shall not be publicly notified.
- i. Maximum height of any building: 11m.
- ii. Maximum
  number of storeys
  in buildings: 3.
- iii. Minimum
  number of storeys
  for residential
  buildings facing
  the Key Activity
  Centre: 2.
- iv. Where the
  standards in i. —
  iii. inclusive above
  are not met, the
  activity status
  shall remain
  Restricted
  Discretionary with
  the Council's
  discretion
  restricted to the
  matters set out in
  Rule 8.8.9.13.
- c. The comprehensive subdivision and land use consent application shall be accompanied by a Neighbourhood Plan which shall cover a minimum area of 8ha and address the matters set out at Rule 8.6.13.
- d. The comprehensive subdivision and land use consent application shall be:
  - i. for a developable area of at least 7000m² within the 8ha Neighbourhood

Plan area; and

ii. in accordance
with the outline
development plan
in Appendix
8.10.4.A, except
that:

A. Where open space is shown on an outline development plan and that land is not required by the Council as a recreation reserve or local purpose reserve then that land can be developed for residential purposes in accordance with the wider **outline** development <del>plan</del> intentions.

iii. Where the comprehensive subdivision and land use consent application is not in accordance with the outline development plan in Appendix 8.10.4, the application status shall remain restricted discretionary, with the Council's discretion restricted to the

**Matters set out in** 

#### Rule 8.8.15.7.

- e. The comprehensive subdivision and land use consent application may include future development allotments.
- f. The comprehensive subdivision and land use consent application shall contain 3 or more of the following building typologies:
  - i. Standalone House;
  - ii. Duplex;
  - iii. Terrace;
  - iv. Apartment;

with no single typology making up more than two thirds of the total number of residential units.

- g. The comprehensive subdivision and land use consent application shall only be in accordance with the Meadowlands
  Exemplar approved by the Council on 24 April 2014.
- h. The activity standard specified in Rule 8.6.8(e)

#### **Advice note:**

1. Where open space is shown on an outline

		development plan and that land is not required by the Council as a recreation reserve or local purpose reserve then that land can be developed for residential purposes in accordance with the wider outline development plan intentions.		
RD16	Cancellation or variation of a consent notice (or condition within a consent notice) that was created as a result of a subdivision to protect an identified tree or trees on an allotment, except as specified in Rule 8.5.1.4 D6.	Nil.	a. Rule 8.7.4.6 (i)	a. Rule 8.8.12 i.
	Advice note:			
	1. Rule 8.5.1.3 RD16 applies where a s224 certificate has issued. Cancelling or varying a consent notice prior to issue of an s224 certificate requires a change to the resource consent conditions and is a discretionary activity under the Act.			
RD17	Within Areas 1, 2, 3, and 4 in Appendix 8.10.3023 East	a. The subdivision and land use consent	a. Rule 8.7.4 and	a. Rule 8.8.15.1 <del>(a) to</del> Rule 8.8.15.13 except

Papanui Outline Development Plan:

- a. subdivision and land use activities, other than the following activities provided for by Rule 14.12.1.1 (to which Rule 14.12 shall continue to apply):
  - P5 (Home occupation);
  - ii. P6 (Care of non-resident children);
  - iii. P7 (Bed and breakfast);
  - iv. P1**76**(Temporary lifting or moving of earthquake damaged buildings);
  - v. P198 (Market gardens, community gardens and garden allotments); and
  - vi. P219 (limited to rural productive activities, other than new buildings or additions to existing buildings, which are permitted activities in the Rural Urban Fringe Zone) Rule 17.5.1.1).

- application shall be processed together.
- b. The joint subdivision and land consent application shall be accompanied by a Neighbourhood Plan which shall cover a minimum area of 4ha and address the matters set out at Rule 8.6.13.
- c. The joint subdivision and land use consent application shall be for a developable area of at least 6,000m² within the 4ha Neighbourhood Plan area.
- d. The joint subdivision and land use activities shall be in accordance with the development requirements in Appendix 8.10.3023.D.
- e. The built form standards in Rules 14.12.2.1 to 14.12.2.17.
- f. The joint comprehensive subdivision and land use activities shall contain 3 or more of the following building typologies:
  - i. Standalone House;
  - ii. Duplex;
  - iii. Terrace;
  - iv. Apartment;
    With no single
    typology making
    up more than two
    thirds of the total
    number of
    residential units.

b. The matters set out in Appendix 8.10.**3023**.C

# Rule 8.8.15.7 and Rule 8.8.15.12.

- b. Whether the development is exemplary, including whether it:
  - i. Provides for neighbourhood design that supports the principles of universal access
  - ii. Results in Lifemark 3© as a minimum standard for residential buildings or is of a proven equivalent
  - iii. Results in
    Homestar 6© as a
    minimum standard
    for residential
    buildings or is of a
    proven equivalent
  - iv. Demonstrates
    diversity in building
    and unit typology
    as well as providing
    for affordable
    housing
  - v. Demonstrates innovation in the neighbourhood layout, building design and technologies utilised.
- c. In addition to the matters above:
  - i. For Retirement villages: Rule 14.15.9;
  - ii. For Comprehensive Residential Development: Rule 14.15.36.

# 8.5.1.4 Discretionary activities

a. The activities listed below are discretionary activities.

	Activity
D1	Subdivision in a rural zone resulting in allotments that does not meet the minimum net site area standards in Rule 8.6.1, unless specified otherwise.
D2	Any subdivision in the Specific Purpose (Golf Resort) Zone - Whisper Creek Golf Resort that does not comply with a concept plan approved by the Council for that activity area in accordance with Rule 13.9.5.1.3 RD6 Concept plans.
D3	Subdivision in the Open Space Coastal Zone
D4	Subdivision that does not meet any one or more of the relevant standards listed in Rule 8.5.1.3 RD8, RD9, RD11, RD12 and RD14.
<del>D5</del>	<ul> <li>Within the Meadowlands Exemplar Overlay in the Residential New Neighbourhood <u>Future</u> <u>Urban</u> (North Halswell) Zone as shown on <u>Planning Map 45</u>, comprehensive subdivision and land use activities under Rule 8.5.1.3 RD15 for activities that do not comply with activity standard Rule 8.5.1.3 RD15 (d)(i.)     </li> <li>b. The consent application shall not require the written approval of other persons and shall not be publicly notified.</li> </ul>
	c. In determining whether to grant or decline consent and impose conditions, the Council-will consider the matters in Rule 8.8.15 and any other relevant matter.
D6	Cancellation or variation of a consent notice (or condition within a consent notice) that was created as a result of a subdivision to protect an identified tree or trees on an allotment where the tree(s) is listed as 'exceptional' in Appendix 9.4.7.1.
D7	a. Within Areas 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the East Papanui Outline Development Plan in Appendix 8.10.3023, subdivision and land use activities under Rule 8.5.1.3 RD17:
	<ul> <li>i. that do not comply with one or more of the relevant Standards listed in Rule 8.5.1.3 RD17;</li> <li>or</li> </ul>
	ii. that are not otherwise listed as restricted discretionary or discretionary activities.

## 8.5.1.5 Non-complying activities

a. The activities listed below are non-complying activities.

	Activity	
NC1	Subdivision in the Residential Small Settlement Zone, Residential Guest Accommodation Zone, Large Lot Residential, Residential Banks Peninsula Zone or Papakāinga/Kāinga Nohoanga Zone a residential zone (other than the Residential Medium Density Zone or Residential New Neighbourhood Zone) that does not meet the minimum net site area standards in Rules 8.6.1 or 8.6.2.	
NC2	Subdivision that does not meet any one or more of the relevant standards listed in Rule 8.5.1.3 RD5 or RD6.	

	Activity
NC3	Subdivision within the Lyttelton Port Influences Overlay, other than where a condition is proposed prohibiting noise sensitive activities on each allotment, to be complied with on a continuing basis, for the purpose of incorporation into a consent notice to be issued by the Council.
NC4	Subdivision in a rural zone resulting in an allotment with a minimum net site area less than 4ha, except as specified in Rules 8.5.1.2 C7 or 8.5.1.3 RD7.
NC5	Subdivision that does not meet Rule 8.6.6(d).
NC6	In the Rural Waimakariri, Rural Templeton or Rural Quarry Zone, subdivision resulting in a new allotment or balance allotment located within the 50 dB Ldn Air Noise Contour that does not meet the minimum net site area standards in Rule 8.6.1.
NC7	In the Rural Port Hills Zone, subdivision that does not meet the minimum net site area standards in Rule 8.6.1.
NC8	Within the Meadowlands Exemplar Overlay in the Residential New Neighbourhood <u>Future Urban</u> (North Halswell) Zone as shown on <u>Planning Map 45</u> , comprehensive subdivision and land use consent application for activities that are not otherwise listed as restricted discretionary or discretionary activities, or any subdivision or land use activities that are not part of a comprehensive subdivision and land use activity.

#### 8.5.1.6 Prohibited activities

a. There are no prohibited activities.

## 8.6 Activity standards

## 8.6.1 Minimum net site area and dimension

- a. Allotments in the Residential Suburban, Residential Hills, Residential Large Lot Residential, Open Space Metropolitan Facilities (golf courses, Riccarton Racecourse and Wilding, Western, Kearneys and Christchurch Parks) and Low Density Residential Airport Influence Zones shall have a minimum dimension of 16m x 18m.
- b. Allotments in the Residential Suburban Density Transition and Open Space Metropolitan Facilities (Addington Racecourse and Rugby Park) Zones and within an Edge Housing Area Overlay identified in Appendix 13.14.6.1 within the Specific Purpose (Ōtākaro Avon River Corridor) Zone shall have a minimum dimension of 13m x 16m.
- c. Allotments in the Residential Medium Density, and High Density Residential Zones shall either have a minimum dimension of 10m; or the application shall include a plan demonstrating that a permitted residential unit can be located on any new allotment that has a minimum dimension less than 10m, including in relation to recession planes, unit size, access and parking, outdoor living space, and floor level requirements. Within the Medium Density Residential (Residential Hills Precinct) Zone the allotment shall have a minimum dimension of 17m x 12m.
- d. Allotments in any zone except the **Residential New Neighbourhood** Future Urban Zone shall meet the minimum net site area and other requirements specified at Tables 1 5 to this rule.

- e. Allotments in the Residential New Neighbourhoods Zone Future Urban shall meet the applicable standards at 8.6.11.
- f. The minimum net site area specified in Tables 1-6 may be reduced by the area within the dripline-tree protection zone radius of a significant tree or group of trees listed in Appendix 9.4.7.1, except that the minimum net site area shall not be reduced to an area less than 200 m<sup>2</sup>.
- g. Allotments on a site listed in Appendix 13.14.6.2, and which are in private ownership, shall have the minimum dimension applying to the zoning specified as the Alternative Zone in Appendix 13.14.6.2.

Table 1. Minimum net site area – residential zones

	Zone	Minimum net site area	Additional standards
<u>a.</u>	Residential Suburban  Medium Density Residential  Zone	450m² 400m² for a vacant allotment	<ul> <li>a. In the Cashmere and Worsleys area (shown at Appendix 8.10.7) the minimum net site area shall be 4ha unless in compliance with the development plans at Appendix 8.10.7.</li> <li>b. In the Cashmere and Worsleys area (shown at Appendix 8.10.7): <ol> <li>i. No more than 380 residential allotments shall be created or enabled by subdivision.</li> <li>ii. No more than 380 residential units shall be created or enabled by subdivision.</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. The historic stonewalled drain shown at Appendix 8.10.7(d) shall be protected.</li> <li>d. In Character Areas, the minimum net site area shall be 600m²: <ol> <li>ii. In the Beverley, Heaton and Cashmere Character Areas – 800m²</li> <li>iii. In the Englefield Character Areas – 450m²</li> <li>iii. In the Dudley, Beckenham and Piko Character Areas – 700m²</li> <li>iv. In the Ranfurly, Francis, Malvern, Massey, Severn, Tainui, Ryan, Roker, and Bewdley Character Areas – 600m².</li> </ol> </li></ul>
			b. Within the Stormwater Constraint Overlay the minimum net site area shall be 1ha. Note that sites that cannot

	Zone	Minimum net site area	Additional standards
			Branch or Days Drain may not have any
			stormwater connections available.
			c. In Residential Heritage Areas, the minimum net site area shall be:
			<ul> <li>i. In the Heaton Street, Wayside         Avenue, RNZAF Station Wigram         Staff Housing, and Macmillan         Avenue Residential Heritage Areas -         800m²  ii. In the Church Property Trustees         North St Albans Subdivision (1923)         Residential Heritage Area - 600m²  iii. In the Piko/Shand (Riccarton Block)         State Housing Residential Heritage         Area - 700m²  iv. In the Shelley/Forbes Street,         Englefield Avonville, Chester Street         East/Dawson Street, and Inner City         West Residential Heritage Areas -         450m².</li> </ul>
b.	Medium Density Residential	650m <sup>2</sup> for a vacant	a. An identified building area must be
	Zone – Residential Hills	allotment	shown on the scheme plan of
	Precinct		subdivision on every allotment on which
			a residential unit is anticipated.
			b. Where the site contains an existing
			b. Where the site contains an existing residential unit at the time the
			subdivision application is made, the
			identified building area must include the
			existing residential unit, or it must
			indicate that the residential unit will be
			removed from the site altogether or
			that it will be relocated to an identified building area for that site.
			building area for that site.
			c. The identified building area must:
			i. include a single area of land of not
			less than 100m <sup>2</sup> and no greater
			than 2000m² which is capable of
			containing a residential unit;
			ii. <u>include curtilage area contiguous to</u> the area identified in (i) of not less
			the area mentinea in (i) or not less

	Zone	Minimum net site area	Additional standards
			than 200m² and no greater than 4000m²; and iii. be able to be linked by adequate and appropriate vehicle access to a formed public road.  d. In the Upper Worsleys Spur area (shown in Appendix 14.16.8A and 14.16.8B), the gully areas shown on the development plan shall be planted and maintained in native tree species indigenous to the area, except where they are left to regenerate by maintaining existing nursery plant cover of broom or gorse.
<u>c.</u>	High Density Residential Zone	300m² for a vacant allotment	a. In Character Areas, the minimum net site area shall be 400m².
<u>d.</u>	Low Density Residential Airport Influence Zone	450m <sup>2</sup>	
<u>e.</u>	Low Density Residential Airport Influence Zone – Airport Influence Density Precinct	330m <sup>2</sup>	
<b>b.</b>	Residential Suburban Heathcote Village	<del>2000m²</del>	a. In the Peat Ground Condition Constraint Overlay at Heathcote (refer to notation 17 on Planning Map 47A), the total number of additional allotments created in this part of the zone, since 24 June 1995, shall not exceed 30.
<del>c.</del>	Residential Suburban Existing Rural Hamlet	<del>2000m²</del>	
<del>d.</del>	Residential Suburban (Corner Henderson's and Sparks Roads)	<del>1ha</del>	
e.	Residential Suburban Density Transition	330m²	a. In Character Areas, the minimum net site area shall be 400m².
f	Residential Medium Density	<del>200m²</del>	a. In Character Areas, the minimum net site area shall be 400m².
gſ.	Residential Banks Peninsula	400m²	a. In the Lyttelton Character Area and Lyttelton Residential Heritage Area, the minimum net site area shall be 450m².

	Zone	Minimum net site area	Additional standards
hg.	Prestons Retirement Village Overlay	4ha	
i.	Residential Hills	650m²	a. In the Montgomery Spur area (Appendix 14.16.7):
			<ul> <li>i. any allotment shall include a net site area capable of containing a complying residential unit in the area that is not subject to the building restriction; and</li> </ul>
			<ul><li>ii. the minimum net site area shall be 850m².</li></ul>
			b. In the Moncks Spur area shown at Appendix 8.10.8, the minimum net site area shall be 850m².
			c. In the Shalamar Drive area, the minimum net site area shall be 850m².
			d. In the Cashmere and Worsleys area (shown at Appendix 8.10.7) the minimum net site area shall be 4ha unless the site is in compliance with the development plans in Appendix 8.10.7(a), (b) and (d).
			e. In the Richmond Hill area (shown in Appendix 8.10.9) a landscaping strip with a minimum width of 3 metres shall be provided along the southeast zone boundary.
			f. In the Upper Worsleys Spur area (shown in Appendix 14.16.7 and 14.16.8), the gully areas shown on the development plan shall be planted and maintained in native tree species indigenous to the area, except where they are left to regenerate by maintaining existing nursery plant cover of broom or gorse.
			g. Within the Residential Hills Mixed
			Density Overlay Redmond Spur:  i. The maximum number of allotments shall be 400.
			ii. A minimum of 30% of sites shall have
			h. Within the Residential Hills Mixed  Density Overlay 86 Bridle Path Road

	Zone	Minimum net site area	Additional standards	
			(Lot 1 DP412440) the maximum number of allotments shall be 9.	
<u>Jh</u> .	Residential Large Lot Residential	1500m²	a. In the Samarang and Allandale areas (shown at Appendix 8.10.1210 and 8.10.1311) no subdivision shall occur unless in general compliance with the relevant development plans.	
			b. In the Cashmere and Worsleys area (shown at Appendix 8.10.7) the minimum net site area shall be 4ha unless in compliance with the development plans at Appendix 8.10.7 (a), (b) and (d).	
			e.b In the Residential Large Lot Zone Akaroa Hillslopes Density Overlay the minimum net site area shall be 5000m².	
			Overlay the minimum net site area shall be 3000m <sup>2</sup> .	
			d. In the Large Lot Residential (Rural Hamlet Precinct) the minimum net site area shall be 2000m².	
			e. In the Residential Mixed Density Precinct  - Redmund Spur:	
			i. the minimum allotment size shall be 650m², however a minimum of 30% of sites shall have a minimum of 1,500m²; and	
			ii. the maximum number of allotments shall be 400.  f. In the Residential Mixed Density Precinct - 86 Bridle Path Road (Lot 1 DP412440) the maximum number of allotments shall be 9.	
<del>ki</del> .	Residential Small Settlement	1000m²	<u>ue 3.</u>	
Łj.	Residential Small Settlement Kainga Overlay Area 1 and 2	450m²	a. Additional allotments shall not be created within 100m of the centre line of the primary stopbank as shown on the planning maps.	
m <u>k</u> .	Residential Small Settlement (Takamatua)	1500m²	a. Not more than 25 allotments are to be created (excluding those for reserves, roads or utilities).	

	Zone	Minimum net site area	Additional standards
<del>n</del> <u>l</u> .	Residential Banks Peninsula Zone - Diamond Harbour Density Overlay	600m²	
<u>өт</u> .	Papakāinga	<ul> <li>a. Māori Land – no minimum</li> <li>b. Other Land – as applies to Rural Banks Peninsula Zone (refer Rule 8.6.1 Table 5 minimum net site area – rural zones)</li> </ul>	
<u>₽n</u> .	Residential Guest Visitor accommodation  (Plan Change 4 Council Decision subject to appeal)	a. Kilmarnock, 197 Lincoln Road, 15 Sioux Avenue - 200m² b. 456 Papanui Road - 330m² c. 14 Henry Wigram Drive and 110 Marshlands Road - 450m²	
<del>q.</del>	Accommodation and community facility overlay	a. Land zoned Residential Medium Density on either Planning Map 31 or 32 200m² b. Land zoned Residential Suburban on either Planning Map 31 or 32 450m²	
f.	Residential Central City Zone	a. All allotments shall have a minimum net site area that meets the minimum residential site density requirement in Rule 14.6.2.11, or b. as approved through land use consent.	

Table 2. Minimum net site area – commercial and industrial zones

	Zone	Minimum net site area
a.	Neighbourhood Centre Zone, Local Centre Zone, Town Centre Zone, Commercial Core, Commercial Office, Commercial Mixed <u>uU</u> se <u>Zone</u> , Commercial Retail Park <u>Large</u> Format Retail Zone, Commercial Local, and Commercial Banks Peninsula Zones	250m²
b.	Industrial General, Industrial Park Zones, and where connected to a Council owned reticulated sanitary sewage disposal system in the Industrial Heavy Zone	500m²
C.	Industrial Heavy Zone where no connection to a Council owned reticulated sanitary sewage disposal system is provided	4ha
d.	Commercial Central City Business City Centre Zone	No minimum net site area
e.	Commercial-Central City Mixed Use Zone	500m²

## Table 3. Minimum net site area — open space zones

	Zone	Minimum net site area
a.	Open Space (McLeans Island) and Open Space Community Park Zones	300m²
b.	Open Space Metropolitan Facilities Zone – Kearneys Park, and Shirley, Avondale and Waimairi Golf Courses	450m²
C.	Open Space Metropolitan Facilities Zone – Addington and Riccarton Racecourses	330m²
d.	Open Space Metropolitan Facilities Zone – Lancaster Park	500m²

## Table 4. Minimum net site area - specific purpose zones

Z	Zone	Minimum net site area
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a.	Specific Purpose (Hospital)		For h	minimum net site area for the			
				Hospital	Alternate Zone		
			i.	Lady King Hospital	Residential Hills		
				St Georges, Nurse Maude, Southern Cross, Mary Potter, Montreal House and Christchurch Hospitals.	Residential Medium-High Density Residential		
			<del>III.</del> II.	Princess Margaret Hospital	Medium Density Residential Suburban Density Transition		
b.	Specific Purpose (Airport)	a. No minimum net site area.					
c.	Specific Purpose (School)		<ul><li>a. No minimum net site area;</li><li>b. for activities other than education activities, the rules for the alternate zones specified in Chapter 13 apply</li></ul>				
d.	Specific Purpose (Tertiary education)		<ul><li>a. No minimum net site area;</li><li>b. for activities other than education activities, the rules for the alternate zones specified in Chapter 13 apply.</li></ul>				
e.	Specific Purpose (Golf Resort)	a.	Clea	minimum net site area in the Specific Purpose (Golf Resort) Zone at carwater and at the Whisper Creek Golf Resort.			
			A A Ic	No subdivision shall take place within Academy Activity Areas A, A1 & A2 Whisper Creek Golf Resort shown on the development plan in Appendix 13.9.7.2 to Chapter 13.9, unless a concept plan has been odged with and approved by the Council for that activity area in accordance with Rule 13.9.5.1.6 RD6 Concept plans.			
		c.	Sequ	Sequencing standards – Whisper Creek Golf Resort  Prior to the Council signing a section 224 certificate under the Act, for the 71st residential allotment in the Resort Community Activity Areas,  A. The golf course and wetlands within the golf course shall have been constructed and planted in accordance with 13.9.5.1.6 RD6; and  B. A Management Plan for the adjoining Open Space-Margins and Water Zone shall have been lodged with and approved by the Council, which makes provision for indigenous planting (indicating			
			Δ				
			B				

f.	Specific Purpose (Ōtākaro Avon River Corridor) Zone	<ul> <li>a. Within the Edge Housing Area Overlay identified in Appendix 13.14.6.1 – 330m²;</li> <li>b. On a site listed in Appendix 13.14.6.2, and which is in private ownership, the minimum net site area shall be that which applies in Rule 8.6.1 Table 1 to the zoning specified as the Alternative Zone in Appendix 13.14.6.2; or</li> <li>c. No minimum net site area in all other cases.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>d. Any subdivision shall only be for the purpose of creating allotments to be used for any activity permitted in the zone or for which resource consent is held, or for conservation purposes, permitted utilities or boundary adjustments.</li> <li>e. Allotments for residential units, resort apartments or resort hotel bedrooms shall only be subdivided when a building or buildings are still allowable for that allotment within the maximum number limited</li> </ul>
		shall have been completed; and  B. The public access track, the bridleway from the Styx River to Spencerville Road and the bridge across the Styx River shall have been constructed.
		<ul> <li>ii. Prior to the Council signing a section 224 certificate under the Act, for the 120th residential allotment in the Resort Community Activity Areas,</li> <li>A. All of the planting identified in the concept plan for adjoining Open Space – Margins and Water Zone approved by the Council about have been completed and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>I. Public pedestrian access over the access track identified in the Management Plan, and</li> <li>II. Public access for the purpose of a bridleway from the Styx River to Spencerville Road.</li> </ul>
		for a bridleway from the Styx River to Spencerville Road, and for a bridge providing public vehicle access across the Styx River;  C. 50% of the planting identified in the Management Plan for the Open Space Margins and Water Zone shall have been completed; and  D. Legal instruments shall have been registered against the head title, securing:
		species, layout and density), and which is in accordance with the development plan for the Whisper Creek Golf Resort at Appendix 13.9.7.2 to Chapter 13.9, for a public access track along the River,

Table 5. Minimum net site area - rural zones

	Zone	Minimum net site area			
a.	Rural Urban Fringe	4ha			
b.	Rural Waimakariri	20ha			
C.	Rural Port Hills	100ha			
d.	Rural Templeton	4ha			
e.	Rural Quarry (Miners Road and Pound Road)	4ha			
f.	Rural Quarry (McLeans Island)	20ha			
g.	Rural Banks Peninsula	<ul><li>a. 40ha where the site is below or partly below the 160m contour.</li><li>b. 100ha where the site is entirely above the 160m contour.</li></ul>			
h.	Papakāinga/Kāinga Nohoanga	<ul> <li>a. Māori Land – No minimum</li> <li>b. Other Land – as applies to Rural Banks Peninsula Zone (refer Rule 8.6.1 Table 5 Minimum net site area - rural zones)</li> </ul>			

## 8.6.2 Allotments with existing or proposed buildings

- a. Where an allotment is to be created around an existing building (that has been constructed to the extent that its exterior is fully closed in), or a proposed building (where the subdivision consent is to be issued at the same time as, or after, the building consent for that building is issued):
  - i. the provisions of Rule 8.6.1 do not apply to that allotment; and
  - ii. the existing or proposed building(s) shall either meet all relevant standards for a permitted activity in relation to the proposed allotment boundaries, or have been approved through a resource consent in relation to any standards that are not met, to the extent provided for in that resource consent, including any non-compliance with site coverage standards; and
  - iii. no allotment shall be less than the minimum net site area specified in Table 6 to this rule.
- Where a. above applies and a building is not yet constructed, the subdivision consent holder shall be required to erect the building before obtaining a certificate under section 224 of the Resource Management Act 1991, and the subdivision consent shall have attached to it a condition to that effect.

Table 6. Allotments with existing or proposed buildings

	Zone	Minimum net site area
a.	Residential Suburban Zone (except as provided for below) Low Density Residential Airport Influence Zone (except as provided for below)	400m²
b.	Residential Suburban Density Transition Zone (except as provided for below)-Low Density Residential Airport Influence Zone – Airport Influence Density Precinct (except as provided for below)	300m²
C.	Allotments for comprehensive developments provided through the Enhanced development mechanism (Chapter 14, Rule 14.13), or the Community housing redevelopment mechanism (Chapter 14, Rule 14.14)	No minimum
<del>d.</del> <u>c.</u>	Allotments for residential units which have been converted into two residential units in compliance with or the subject of land-use consent under Chapter 14	No minimum
e. <u>d.</u>	Allotments for a residential unit where a family flat has been converted into a separate residential unit in compliance with or the subject of landuse consent under Chapter 14	No minimum
<del>f.</del> <u>e.</u>	Allotments for each residential unit where two residential units replace a single residential unit in compliance with or the subject of land-use consent under Chapter 14	No minimum
<del>g.</del> <u>f.</u>	Allotments for a residential unit where an elderly person's housing unit has been converted to a separate residential unit that may be occupied by any person(s) in compliance with Chapter 14	No minimum
<del>h.</del>	Allotments for a residential unit-which is an older person's housing unit or is part of a multi-unit residential complex, retirement village, or a social housing complex, within the Residential Suburban or Residential Suburban Density Transition Zones	No minimum
∔ g <u>.</u>	Residential Medium Density Residential Zone and High Density Residential Zone, where the 'building' is not a residential unit/s. and Residential New Neighbourhood Zone	No minimum  400m² in the Medium  Density Residential  Zone  650m² in the  Residential Hills  Precinct  300m² in the High  Density Residential  Zone
<del>j.</del> <u>h.</u>	Industrial General, Industrial Heavy, Industrial Park, Commercial Office,  Neighbourhood Centre, Local Centre, Town Centre, City Centre  Commercial Core, Commercial Local, Commercial Banks Peninsula,  Commercial Mixed use, Central City Mixed Use and Commercial Retail  Park Large Format Zones	No minimum
<del>k.</del> <u>i.</u>	Specific Purpose (Airport) Zone	No minimum

	Zone	Minimum net site area	
ь <u>ј.</u>	Specific Purpose (Wigram) Zone	No minimum	
<del>m.</del> <u>k.</u>	Any zone within the Central City	No minimum	

### 8.6.3 Access

- a. All sites shall have access which is able to allows legal and physical access for vehicles and/or pedestrians vehicles to pass to and from a formed road, and such access shall be in accordance with Appendix 8.10.2 to this chapter and the standards set out in Chapter 7.
- b. Access shall not be to a state highway, limited access road or across a rail line.

#### 8.6.4 Roads

- a. All roads shall be laid out, constructed and vested in accordance with the standards set out in Appendix 8.10.3, and in Chapter 7, except where alternative standards are set out in an outline development plan.
- b. In the Industrial Park Zone (Tait Campus) the subdivision shall be in accordance with the provisions of the outline development plan shown in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.9 and specific road and access requirements as follows:
  - i. There shall be two main vehicle access points to the Industrial Park zoned part of the site. These access points shall be located on Wooldridge Road as indicated in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.9;
  - ii. Prior to the creation of vehicle access from the site to Stanleys Road, giveway markings on the Stanleys Road approach to its intersection with Harewood Road shall be provided;
  - iii. Any access from Stanleys Road shall be in the locations marked on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.9 as 'Secondary access';
  - iv. Within 6 months of access being established to Stanleys Road, a left turn lane shall be provided on the Stanleys Road approach to the Stanleys / Harewood Road intersection;
  - v. Any subdivision with access to Stanleys Road shall include a footpath along the road frontage with Stanleys Road, linking the site with Wairakei Road;
  - vi. All work associated with design and construction of vehicle access to the zone, intersection works, internal roads and footpaths within the zone, and a footpath along the road frontage of Stanleys Road carried out at the cost of the developer or their successor/s in title;
  - vii. A shared cycle way and footpath of minimum 2.5 metre width from Wooldridge Road to Stanleys Road shall be provided, as marked on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.9 as 'Public shared walk and cycle connection', connecting with pedestrian and cycle facilities adjoining the zone;
  - viii. Any pedestrian and cycle way through the site shall be illuminated to a level between 2 and 10 lux; and

- ix. Any roads or accessways shall be setback from trees identified on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.9 as 'Existing trees not to be affected by road layout' by a distance of at least 10 metres.
- c. In the Industrial General Zone (Stanleys Road) shown in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.9 a footpath along the Industrial General Zone road frontage shall be provided.
- d. In the Industrial General Zone bound by Deans Avenue and the railway line, any allotments shall only have access from Lester Lane.
- e. In the Industrial General Zone (Trents Road), subdivision shall be in accordance with the provisions of the outline development plan shown in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.6 and specific road and access requirements as follows:
  - i. Access from Trents Road shall be provided at the two vehicle access points defined on the outline development plan shown in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.6, comprising:
    - A. a northern road connection designed, and with signage, to limit its use to vehicles entering the zone (as shown on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.6);
    - B. a southern road connection designed, and with signage, to limit its use to vehicles exiting the zone (as shown on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.6);
  - ii. Access from Main South Road shall be provided at the one road connection shown on the outline development plan shown in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.6, which shall be designed to restrict its use to light vehicles, and designed and signage displayed to restrict vehicle movements to left entry into the zone and left exit out of the zone as shown on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.6; and
  - iii. An internal road shall be provided as shown on the outline development plan in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.6 as 'internal roading / access way layout', including a footpath along one side of the internal road.
- f. In the Industrial Park Zone (Wairakei Road) subdivision shall be in accordance with the provisions of the outline development plan shown in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.14 and specific road and access requirements as follows:
  - i. Any new road within the Industrial Park Zone (Wairakei Road) shall only intersect with Wairakei Road, Stanleys Road and/or Wooldridge Road at the locations shown on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.14 as "Road access point Proposed controlled intersection".
  - ii. Any subdivision of allotments that the "Collector road" runs through, as shown on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.14, shall incorporate a collector road that follows that alignment. Provision shall be made for a shared cycle way and footpath of a minimum width of 2.5m parallel to the "Collector road", which shall be illuminated to a level between 2 and 10 lux.
  - iii. Any subdivision of Lot 2, DP 54992 (580 Russley Road) and Lot 1, DP 54992 (570 Russley Road) shall incorporate a local road that follows the alignment of "Local Road" as shown on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.14.

### 8.6.5 Service lanes, cycle ways and pedestrian access ways

a. Service lanes, cycle ways and pedestrian access ways shall be laid out and vested in accordance with the standards set out in Table 7 below.

Table 7.

		Minimum Legal Width (m)	Minimum Formed Width (m)	Turning Area	Passing Area	Sealed and Drained	Height (m)
a.	Service lanes	6.0	4.0	Only where the service lane has a blind end	No	Yes	4.5
b.	Cycle ways and pedestrian access ways (public)	8.0	2.5	N/A	N/A	Yes	3.5
c.	Pedestrian access ways (private)	1.5	1.5	N/A	N/A	Yes	3.5

#### Advice note:

1. Chapter 7 (Transport) sets out requirements for the provision of right of ways.

## 8.6.6 Esplanade reserve, strip or additional land

- a. Esplanade reserves and strips shall be provided in accordance with Appendix 8.10.1.
- b. Within Banks Peninsula, where any allotment of less than 4 hectares is created, an esplanade reserve 20 metres in width shall be set aside from that allotment along the mark of mean high water springs of the sea, and along the bank of any river or along the margin of any lake.
- c. In accordance with section 237A of the Act, any part of the land contained in the title to which that Section applies, forming the bed of a river or within the coastal marine area, shall vest in the Council or the Crown as appropriate.
- d. An esplanade reserve or esplanade strip 20 metres in width shall be required for any subdivision along the margins of Wairewa and Te Waihora.

## 8.6.7 Water supply

- a. All allotments shall be provided with the ability to connect to a safe potable water supply.
- b. Provision shall be made for sufficient water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting consistent with the New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice (SNZ PAS:4509:2008), except where the allotment is for a utility, road, reserve or access purposes.

## 8.6.8 Wastewater disposal

- a. All allotments shall be provided with the ability to connect to a wastewater system.
- b. A valid certificate, issued in accordance with Rule 8.4.1.3, is held which certifies that the wastewater system has adequate capacity for the respective potential land uses on all proposed allotments, except where a relevant outline development plan shows that adequate wastewater capacity is available.
- c. Where a reticulated sewer is available, and discharge is accepted in the Council's network, each new allotment shall be provided with a piped outfall connection laid at least 600mm into the net site area of the allotment.
- d. Where a reticulated sewer is not available, all allotments shall be provided with a means of disposing of sanitary sewage within the net site area of the allotment.
- e. In the case of the Meadowlands Exemplar Overlay in the Residential New Neighbourhood <u>Future</u>

  <u>Urban</u> Zone (North Halswell) Zone, the outfall for wastewater disposal shall be to the Pump Station 42 catchment until the South East Halswell pressure sewer network is available, at which time these sites shall be connected to the South East Halswell pressure sewer network.

#### Advice note:

1. The certification process at clause (b) is described in Rule 8.4.1.3.

## 8.6.9 Stormwater disposal

- a. All allotments shall be provided with a means for the management of collected surface water from all impervious surfaces. Where discharge is accepted in the Council's network, each new allotment shall be provided with a piped outfall laid at least 600mm into the net site area of the allotment.
- b. In the Industrial General Zone (Trents Road) shown in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.6, all stormwater discharge shall be treated and discharged to ground within the outline development plan area so that:
  - i. no discharge to surface water takes place from any site for all events up to the critical duration 2% annual exceedance probability event; and
  - ii. where the stormwater treatment and discharge system is to be vested in Council, the following requirements are met:
    - A. treatment of the first 25mm of runoff from roads and hardstanding areas; and
    - B. design conforms with the relevant Council guidelines for stormwater management systems.
- c. Creation of stormwater drainage ponding areas shall not occur within 15 metres of the rail corridor.
- d. In the Industrial Park Zone (Tait Campus), stormwater shall be treated and attenuated in accordance with the following requirements:
  - i. First flush treatment for the first 25mm of runoff from hardstanding areas shall be provided using vegetated dry sedimentation basins;

- ii. Flows in excess of the first flush and including the 50 year return events (9 hour duration) shall be attenuated in the locations defined on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.9 as 'On site stormwater treatment and attenuation';
- iii. Stormwater discharge from the zone to the Council stormwater network shall be attenuated to predevelopment levels (for up to 50 year storm events); and
- iv. Any stormwater from any activity shall be conveyed by open naturalised swales (defined on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.9 as 'Open naturalised stormwater conveyance/swales') running through the zone from west to east via a series of basins as defined on the outline development plan in Appendix 16.8.9 as 'On site stormwater treatment and attenuation' to a point defined on the outline development plan from where stormwater shall be piped to an existing drain on the east side of Wooldridge Road.

## 8.6.10 Additional standards for South West Hornby

- a. Any subdivision within the area shown as "rural wastewater irrigation area" on the outline development plan at Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.8 for the Industrial Heavy Zone (South West Hornby) shall not occur until the following works have been undertaken:
  - i. the construction and opening for traffic of the full southern spine road between Main South Road and Shands Road (marked as 'C') on the outline development plan; and
  - ii. the commencement of the physical construction works for capacity upgrades at both the following intersections -
    - A. the intersection of the southern spine road and Shands Road (marked as 'A' on the outline development plan); and
    - B. the intersection of the northern spine road and Shands Road (marked as 'B' on the outline development plan).
- b. Any subdivision within the Industrial Heavy Zone (South West Hornby) as identified on the outline development plan in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.8, south west of the area identified as "rural wastewater irrigation area", shall not occur until the following works have been undertaken:
  - i. the commencement of the physical construction works for the traffic signalised intersection of Shands Road and the southern spine road (marked as 'A' on the outline development plan).
- c. Any subdivision of more than 15 hectares (excluding roads) within the Industrial Heavy Zone (South West Hornby) as identified in Chapter 16 Appendix 16.8.8, south west of the area identified as "rural wastewater irrigation area", shall not occur until physical construction works of the Christchurch Southern Motorway have commenced.

# 8.6.11 Additional standards for the Residential New Neighbourhood Future Urban Zone

#### a. Outline development plan

i. The subdivision shall be in accordance with the development requirements specified in the relevant outline development plan.

- b. Residential net density
  - i. Except as provided for in (ii) (iv):
    - A. a subdivision shall achieve a minimum net density within residential development areas of 15 households per hectare, except the subdivision of an area of land to which B applies;
    - B. a subdivision of land that the outline development plan identifies an area as development constrained, shall achieve the minimum net density (if any) specified in the outline development plan for that land (and, if the outline development plan does not specify a minimum net density for that land, no minimum density shall apply to that land).
  - ii. Subdivision in the following outline development plan areas shall achieve the minimum net density specified for any specific density areas defined in the outline development plan or on an approved subdivision consent granted before 15 July 2016:
    - A. Prestons Outline Development Plan Appendix 8.10.25
    - B. Wigram Outline Development Plan Appendix 8.10.29
    - C. Yaldhurst Outline Development Plan Appendix 8.10.28
  - iii. ii. subdivision shall be exempt from achieving the minimum net density required in (i) or (ii), if the following requirements are met:
    - A. the consent application nominates site(s) within the subdivision and outline development plan area (whether or not the site(s) is/are outside any areas in (i) or (ii) for future higher density for the purpose of ensuring any shortfall in achieving the relevant minimum net density requirements under (i)—(ii)—through the subdivision would be made up by future subdivision and development of the nominated site(s); and
    - B. the consent application includes the written approval of each of owner of the nominated site(s) (if not the applicant) and an associated legal instrument that specifies the minimum net density for the site(s), binds all owners and the applicant, is enforceable by the Council (to the Council's reasonable satisfaction) and satisfies C hereof; and
    - C. the legal instrument effectively prevents subdivision and land use at the nominated site(s) below its specified density in order to ensure that any shortfall in achieving the relevant minimum net density requirements of (i) and (ii) through the subdivision can be made up by future subdivision and development of the nominated site(s), in accordance with (iviii).
  - iv. <u>iii.</u> The subdivision of a nominated site to which (<u>iii-ii</u>)(B) applies shall achieve the minimum net density specified in the relevant legal instrument.
  - iv. The subdivision occurs within the residential development areas identified within the Cashmere and Worsley development area (Appendix 8.10.6) or the Moncks Spur development area (Appendix 8.10.7)
- c. Land area for subdivision
  - i. Where the subdivision is not associated with comprehensive residential development, the land subject to the subdivision application shall have a minimum area of 4 hectares.

- ii. Where the subdivision is associated with comprehensive residential development where land use consent is being sought concurrently, the site being comprehensively developed and subdivided shall have a minimum net site area of 6,000m².
- iii. Where the subdivision is associated with comprehensive residential development where land use consent has already been obtained, there is no minimum net site area for the site being subdivided.

#### d. Net site area of allotments

. Allotments shall have the minimum and, where applicable, maximum net site area specified in Table 8.

Table 8: Minimum and maximum net site areas for allotments

	Activity	Ne	t site area
A.	All subdivisions unless specified below:	a.	Corner allotments - Minimum 400m <sup>2</sup>
		b.	All other allotments - Minimum 300m <sup>2</sup> except that 20% of allotments in the subdivision may be 180 – 299m <sup>2</sup> in size.
B.	Comprehensive residential development	Nil	
<u>C.</u>	Within the Cashmere and Worsleys area (Appendix 8.10.6)	<u>a.</u>	No more than 380 residential allotments shall be created or enabled by subdivision.
		<u>b.</u>	No more than 380 residential units shall be created or enabled by subdivision.
		<u>c.</u>	The historic stonewalled drain shown at Appendix 8.10.6(d) shall be protected.
<u>D.</u>	Within the Moncks Spur area shown at Appendix 8.10.7	<u>a.</u>	The minimum net site area shall be 850m².
€ <u>E</u> .	Within the Highfield Outline Development Plan area (Appendix 8.10.2620), allotments adjacent to Hills Road and Hawkins Road.	a.	Minimum 800m²

	Activity	Net site area
Đ.	Within the Prestons Outline Development Plan area (Appendix 8.10.25), in Density A and B areas defined in the outline development plan or on an approved subdivision consent:	a. Density A:  i. Minimum 200m²  ii. Maximum 250m²  b. Density B  i. Minimum 450m²  ii. Maximum 500m²
E.	Within the Wigram Outline Development Plan area (Appendix 8.10.29), in Density A and B areas defined in the outline development plan or on an approved subdivision consent:	a. Density A:  i. Minimum 200m²  ii. Maximum 250m²  b. Density B  i. Minimum 450m²  ii. Maximum 500m²
F.	Within the Yaldhurst Outline Development Plan area (Appendix 8.10.28):  i. in Density A areas defined in the outline development plan or on an approved subdivision consent:  ii. Rear lane serviced allotments.	a. Minimum 250m²

#### e. Minimum allotments dimension

- i. The standards below do not apply in respect of comprehensive residential developments.
- ii. Corner allotments shall have a minimum dimension of 14m on road boundaries (each boundary) except where (iii) applies.
- iii. Allotments for terrace developments shall have a minimum dimension of 7m except for corner sites and end sites which shall have a minimum width of 10m.
- iv. All residential allotments with a boundary shared with public open space shall have a minimum dimension along that boundary of 10m except mid-block terrace allotments which shall have a minimum dimension along that boundary of 7m.
- v. All other allotments, other than access or rear allotments, shall have a minimum dimension of 10m on road boundaries.
- vi. In the following outline development plan areas, the standards in (ii) to (v) above do not apply and there is no minimum dimension for Density A and B areas defined either in the outline development plan or on an approved subdivision consent:
  - A. Prestons Outline Development Plan Appendix 8.10.25
  - B. Wigram Outline Development Plan Appendix 8.10.29
  - C. Yaldhurst Outline Development Plan Appendix 8.10.28
- f. Maximum cul-de-sac length
  - i. Where there is a pedestrian connection from the cul-de-sac head to an adjacent street the maximum cul-de-sac length shall be 150m.
  - ii. All other culs-de-sac shall have a maximum length of 100m.
- g. Road frontage to public reserves

i. The minimum road frontage to a public reserve to which the public has a general right of access (excluding local purpose reserves for walkways) shall be 25% of the length of the reserve perimeter.

#### h. Reserve width

i. A reserve vested in Council for utility, pedestrian access or stormwater conveyance purposes shall have a minimum width of 8m.

#### Walkable block size

i. Any block containing residential allotments shall have a publicly accessible maximum perimeter length of 800m.

#### 8.6.12 Radiocommunications

a. Any new allotment(s) within 1km of Radio New Zealand Limited's facilities on Gebbies Pass Road shall be of a size and shape to allow a permitted residential unit (or permitted commercial/industrial activity) to be located no closer than 1km from Radio New Zealand's facilities. This standard shall not apply to any subdivision carried out to enable Radio New Zealand's operations.

# 8.6.13 Neighbourhood plan – East Papanui-Meadowlands Exemplar Overlay (North Halswell)

- a. A Neighbourhood Plan shall consist of the following:
  - i. Context and Site Analysis
  - ii. Detailed Design Statement
  - iii. Neighbourhood Plan Set

#### Advice note:

- A Neighbourhood Plan provides the basis to understand how a larger subdivision is to be comprehensively developed and is an overarching document against which the combined subdivision consent and land use consent requirements for larger sites is assessed. The minimum area of land covered by a Neighbourhood Plan is 8ha.
- 2. A Context and Site Analysis is a means for the applicant to outline details of the nature of the site and its setting and will provide a description of the key elements and influences of the proposed development and any relevant opportunities and constraints.
- 3. The Detailed Design Statement should outline how the development's structure and form was shaped, balancing competing influences identified in the context and site analysis, in conjunction with the underlying design principles. The statement should also, as required, discuss any alternative responses that may have been rejected as part of decision making process.
- 4. The Neighbourhood Plan Set must include a set of plans that illustrate the design rationale within the Neighbourhood Plan area inclusive of matters contained within the Context and Site Analysis and the Detailed Design Statement.
- b. Context and Site Analysis

- Details the key existing elements and influences in the vicinity of the proposed development and explains the relationship of the comprehensive subdivision consent and land use consent application area to the surrounding area.
- ii. The Context and Site Analysis is required to include:
  - A. topography, natural and built environment features, views and vistas;
  - B. adjacent land use zoning and land use including required setbacks from adjacent activities and interfaces where buffers will be required;
  - C. subdivision pattern, internal access and block layout;
  - D. existing and potential vehicle, pedestrian and cyclist access points (including natural desire lines), parking areas and potential connections through the site;
  - E. public open space and publicly accessible space;
  - F. location of community facilities (shops, schools, sports and cultural facilities, etc);
  - G. existing and proposed public transport routes and stops, and public access ways from the bus stops to the site;
  - H. movement networks including vehicle, cycle and pedestrian routes;
  - I. protected buildings, places and objects, protected trees, historic heritage;
  - J. archaeological sites;
  - K. recognition of Ngāi Tahu cultural values, history and identity associated with specific places;
  - L. character and other existing buildings and structures;
  - M. site orientation, including a north point on the plans;
  - N. existing trees and landscaping to be retained;
  - O. hazardous features, such as areas of soil contamination, unstable land and overhead power lines: and
  - P. climatic conditions including prevailing winds.
- c. Detailed Design Statement must include:
  - i. An overall vision statement for the site which identifies key deliverables/outcomes which may be linked to Resource Management Act 1991 outcomes (objectives and policies) or site specific outcomes (giving a clear steer to buyers and developers that these outcomes would be secured via covenants or other binding mechanisms).
  - ii. An analysis in support of the overall development structure provided by the Outline Development Plan, and more refined development proposal for the area that is covered by the Neighbourhood Plan including urban form, movement network, open space, and infrastructure.
  - iii. An analysis of allotment arrangement, size and allocation of defined housing typologies. The Neighbourhood Plan should contain sufficient analysis to demonstrate that relevant development

standards in the subdivision and residential chapters can be met (notably those related to daylight and outdoor living space).

- d. Neighbourhood Plan Set.
  - i. A set of plans to accompany the detailed design statement including:
    - A. Allotment arrangement
    - B. Allotment size
    - C. Allocation of housing typologies
    - D. Landscaping
    - E. Shading Analysis
    - F. Movement network (including cross sections)
    - G. Infrastructure (including cross sections)
    - H. Open Space

## 8.6.14 Industrial General Zone (North Belfast) - Wāhi taonga, wāhi tapu and urupā

- a. A protocol with Te Ngāi Tūāhuriri Rūnanga, comprising the following, shall be implemented:
  - i. The person responsible for the works shall advise the Te Ngāi Tūāhuriri Rūnanga of the proposed works, and, if requested by the Rūnanga, within 20 working days of the Rūnanga receiving advice of the proposed work in writing, agree to any request for:
    - A. a representative approved by the Rūnanga and contracted by the person responsible for the works to be present during the subdivision and/or earthworks to act as an advisor in the identification or protection of wāhi tapu, wāhi taonga, urupā, or historic cultural sites; and
    - B. any matters of protocol which tangata whenua wish to undertake in relation to the commencement, during the course of, or at the end of, any subdivision and/or earthworks.
  - ii. The person responsible for the works shall ensure that all persons working on-site have received training, including the requirement to monitor activities to enable the identification of wāhi tapu, wāhi taonga, urupā, or cultural sites.
  - iii. A copy of this protocol shall be provided to all staff and contractors involved in subdivision or earthworks activities on-site prior to them coming on-site.
  - iv. Immediately following the discovery of material suspected to be taonga, kōiwi, or Māori archaeological site, the following steps shall be taken:
    - A. All work on-site will cease immediately;
    - B. Immediate steps will be taken to secure the site to ensure the archaeological material is not further disturbed;
    - C. The person responsible must notifiy Te Ngāi Tūāhuriri Rūnaga and the Area Archaeologist of Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga and provide access to those parties to confirm the

- nature of the discovered materials. In the case of kōiwi (human remains), the New Zealand Police must also be notified;
- D. There shall not be any earthworks operations in the affected area until Te Ngāi Tūāhuriri Rūnanga representatives, the Police and Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga staff have each given notice to the person responsible that the earthworks may recommence; and
- E. Any person responsible for the works shall abide by any decision of Te Ngāi Tūāhuriri Rūnanga representatives and the archaeologist as to what happens to any kōiwi tangata discovered.

#### Advice note:

- 1. An Archaeological Authority may be required under the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014.
- 2. The 'person responsible', when used in this protocol, means the consent holder, where a resource consent has been issued for the subdivision or earthworks concerned or the landowner when the earthworks are a permitted activity.

## 8.6.15 North Halswell

- a. Any subdivision within the Medium Dendisty Residential or High Density Residential Zones adjaced to the North Halswell ODP in Appendix 8.10.4 must be in accordance with the following DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS 8.10.4.D
  - i. OPEN SPACE, RECREATION AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES, 3.a and b
  - ii. ACCESS AND TRANSPORT, 4. a- g
  - iii. STORMWATER, 5. a-f