Long Term Plan 2018-28 Service Plan for Water Supply

As at March 2018

| Approvals | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Role | Name | Signature and date of sign-off |
| Finance Manager | Peter Langbein | Approved February 2018 |
| Head of Three Waters and Waste | John Mackie | Approved 2 March 2018 |
| General Manager(s) | David Adamson | David Colours |

Table of Contents

| What does the overall Group of Activities do and why do we do it? | 4 |
|--|----|
| 1. What does this activity deliver? | |
| 2. Why do we deliver this activity? | |
| 3. Specify Levels of Service | 7 |
| 4. What levels of service do we propose to change from the current LTP and why? | 19 |
| 5. How will the assets be managed to deliver the services? | 25 |
| 6. What financial resources are needed? | 27 |
| 7. How much capital expenditure will be spent, on what category of asset, and what are the key capital projects for this activity? | 28 |
| 8. Are there any significant negative effects that this activity will create? | 34 |
| 9. Does this Service Plan need to change as a result of a service delivery review? | 35 |

What does the overall Group of Activities do and why do we do it?

Christchurch City Council builds, owns, operates and maintains water sources, networks and treatment plants to provide safe drinking (potable) water to the community. The service is focused on ensuring a reliable supply of safe drinking water to support healthy communities and a prosperous economy.

The service which includes the abstraction, treatment, storage and distribution of water is core business for the Council, required by the Local Government Act 2002 and the Health Act 1956.

Council implements these services for the community through planning, day to day operations, planned and reactive maintenance, repair and renewal of damaged infrastructure, building new infrastructure and implementing improvements to the system and measures its performance in terms of safety, quality and reliability.

1. What does this activity deliver?

The objective of the activity is to abstract, treat and distribute water in a way that protects public health without negative effects on the environment. This is physically delivered in the following ways:

- Provide a safe and reliable potable water supply
- · Secure and protect water from contamination
- Monitor water quality for compliance with the Drinking-water Standards for New Zealand (DWSNZ)
- Plan, regulate, build, maintain, manage and renew water supply systems.

The Council supplies water to approximately 160,000 residential and business customers through seven urban water supply schemes and six rural water supply schemes, via 3,400 km of mains and sub-mains 35 reservoirs, 129 pump stations, 160 wells and 7 stream intakes and 7 water treatment plants. The water supply system is monitored and controlled by an extensive SCADA system; however costs of the SCADA system are provided through the Wastewater activity.

2. Why do we deliver this activity?

Providing good-quality water infrastructure that is efficient, effective and appropriate to present and anticipated future circumstances is one of the purposes of local government as set out in the Local Government Act 2002.

Providing a water supply that is safe to drink and sustainable is a fundamental requirement for safe and healthy urban communities. The community expects the Council to provide good quality, reliable water services in a cost-effective, equitable and sustainable manner.

This activity is also undertaken in accordance with:

- Drinking-water Standards for New Zealand (2005, revised 2008)
- Health Act 1956
- Resource Management Act 1991
- Health and Safety at Work Act 2015
- National Policy Statement on Urban Development Capacity 2016
- Water Supply, Wastewater and Stormwater Bylaw 2014

The Council must deliver the water supply service to comply with:

Safe drinking water standards: The Health Act 1956, as supported by the Drinking-Water Standards for New Zealand specifies standards for drinking water quality and securing a safe supply.

Abstraction of raw water: The Council is consented in terms of the Resource Management Act 1991 on the volume of water which it may sustainably take from a given water resource.

Water services assessments: The Local Government Act 2002 requires a territorial authority to asses, from a public health perspective, the adequacy of its water supply in light of health risks, quality of service, current and future demand and regulatory compliance with drinking water standards.

Fire flow: Although the New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice is not mandatory, the Council provides fire hydrants as part of its urban water reticulation system and aims to maintain the minimum expected water supply for firefighting at 25 litres per second with a resulting residual pressure of not less than 100 kilopascals (kPa).

Development capacity to meet demand: The National Policy Statement on Urban Development Capacity 2016 directs local authorities to provide sufficient development capacity for housing and business growth to meet demand, including the provision of adequate infrastructure for supporting greenfield sites or intensification of existing urban environments. The focus is on ensuring responsive and integrated planning to service urban growth areas. The Council must ensure that there is enough serviced development land for the next three years, and have serviced land or funding in the Long Term Plan to ensure that there is enough serviced development land for the next ten years.

The Christchurch City Council Water Supply Strategy 2009-2039 provides the strategic framework for the water supply service.

The water supply service is critical for achieving and supporting Council's strategic directions, including:

- Safe and sustainable supply water supply and improved waterways including:
 - o Communities are actively involved in programmes that promote water conservation, water quality and valuing our waterways
 - o The quality and quantity of aquifer water provides high quality sustainable drinking water now and in the future
- Informed and proactive approaches to natural hazard risks
 - We manage and adapt to the impacts and consequences of natural hazards
 - o Infrastructure is designed and built to withstand expected natural hazard risks
 - o Partner with communities to minimise, mitigate, manage and adapt to natural hazard risks
 - o Wide understanding of our natural hazard risks contributes to building community resilience.

There are several Community Outcomes that relate directly to the water supply service:

- Safe and healthy communities
- High quality drinking water
- Sustainable use of resources
- Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network.

3. Specify Levels of Service

The Levels of Service, Performance Measures and Performance Targets for the Water Supply activity are provided below.

| Perforn Standa | nance rds Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Pe | rformance (t | argets) | Future Performan |
|-------------------|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|
| of Serv | ice | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | by Year 10 2027/28 |
| | ng potable water the supply. | to properties, throu | gh the provision of in | frastructure to tak | e, treat (where app | oropriate), sto | re, deliver, m | aintain, mana | ge and |
| 12.1.1 | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network | Resident satisfaction surveys | New target – no current performance | | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with reliability of water supplies: ≥ 85% | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with reliability of water supplies:≥ 85% | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with reliability of water supplies:≥ 85% | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with reliability of water supplies:≥ 85% |
| | | Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network | Monthly Contractor reports giving the total number of unplanned interruptions to date in a year divided by the number of properties served multiplied by 1,000. | 15.8 in 2015/16 | Average of 7.8 in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16. | Target 2 Number of unplanned interruptions per 1,000 properties served per year: ≤ 16 Non-LTP | Target 2 Number of unplanned interruptions per 1,000 properties served per year: ≤ 16 Non-LTP | Target 2 Number of unplanned interruptions per 1,000 properties served per year: ≤ 16 Non-LTP | Target 2 Number of unplanned interruptions per 1,000 properties served per year: ≤ 16 Non-LTP |

| Perforr Standa | mance irds Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | Future Performance (targets) | | Future Performan |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| of Serv | rice | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 | 18/19 2019/20 2020 | 2020/21 | by Year 10 2027/28 |
| 12.1.1 cont'd | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 4d Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network | Monthly Contractor reports giving the total number of unplanned interruptions longer than 4 hours from notification to resolution each week divided by weeks to date. Number of complaints divided by the total number of properties connected to the water supply network divided by 1,000. Resident satisfaction surveys | 0.82 in 2015/16 1.24 in 2015/16 New targets – no current performance | Average of 4.17 in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16. | Target 3 Weekly average of the number of unplanned interruptions of greater than 4 hours duration each year: ≤ 1 Target 4 Number of continuity of supply complaints per 1,000 properties served per year: ≤ 2 Target 5 Proportion of residents satisfied with Council response to water supply faults: ≥ 85% | Target 3 Weekly average of the number of unplanned interruptions of greater than 4 hours duration each year: ≤ 1 Target 4 Number of continuity of supply complaints per 1,000 properties served per year: ≤ 2 Target 5 Proportion of residents satisfied with Council response to water supply faults: ≥ 85% | Target 3 Weekly average of the number of unplanned interruptions of greater than 4 hours duration each year: ≤ 1 Target 4 Number of continuity of supply complaints per 1,000 properties served per year: ≤ 2 Target 5 Proportion of residents satisfied with Council response to water supply faults: ≥ 85% | Target 3 Weekly average of the number of unplanned interruptions of greater than 4 hours duration each year: ≤ 1 Target 4 Number of continuity of supply complaints per 1,000 properties served per year: ≤ 2 Target 5 Proportion of residents satisfied with Council response to water supply faults: ≥ 85% |

| | rmance dards Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | rformance (t | argets) | Future Performan |
|------------------|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| of Se | rvice | | | | | Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 2018/19 2019/20 2020/21 | | Year 3 | ce (targets) by Year 10 |
| | | | | | | | | 2020/21 | 2027/28 |
| 12.1.1 cont'd | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 3a | The median response time measured from the time that the Council receives notification of the issue to the time that service personnel reach the site. Reported in monthly contract reports from the Contractor. | 0.6 hours in 2015/16 | Average of 0.63 hours in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16. | Target 6 Median time from notification to attendance of urgent callouts: ≤ 1 hour | Target 6 Median time from notification to attendance of urgent callouts: ≤ 1 hour | Target 6 Median time from notification to attendance of urgent callouts: ≤ 1 hour | Target 6 Median time from notification to attendance of urgent callouts: ≤ 1 hour |
| | | Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 3b Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network | The median resolution time measured from the time that the Council receives notification of the issue to the time that service personnel confirm resolution of the issue. Reported in monthly contract reports from the Contractor. The median response time measured from the | 1.7 hours in 2015/16 4.6 hours in 2015/16 | Average of 2.98 in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16. Average of 18 hours in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16. | Target 7 Median time from notification to resolution of urgent callouts: ≤ 5 hours Target 8 Median time from notification to attendance of | Target 7 Median time from notification to resolution of urgent callouts: ≤ 5 hours Target 8 Median time from notification to attendance of | Target 7 Median time from notification to resolution of urgent callouts: ≤ 5 hours Target 8 Median time from notification to attendance of | Target 7 Median time from notification to resolution of urgent callouts: ≤ 5 hours Target 8 Median time from notification to attendance of |
| | | Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 3c | time that the Council receives notification of the issue to the time that service personnel reach the site. | | | non-urgent call-outs: ≤ 3 days | non-urgent call-outs: ≤ 3 days | non-urgent call-outs: ≤ 3 days | non-urgent call-outs: ≤ 3 days |

| Performance Standards Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Pe | rformance (t | argets) | Future Performan ce (targets) by Year 10 2027/28 |
|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| of Service | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | |
| | | | | | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | |
| Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 3d | Reported in monthly contract reports from the Contractor. The median resolution time measured from the time that the Council receives notification of the issue to the time that service personnel confirm resolution of the issue. Reported in monthly contract reports from the Contractor. | 11.6 hours in 2015/16 | Average of 29 hours in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16. | Target 9 Median time from notification to resolution of non-urgent call-outs: ≤ 4 days | Target 9 Median time from notification to resolution of non-urgent call-outs: ≤ 4 days | Target 9 Median time from notification to resolution of non-urgent call-outs: ≤ 4 days | Target 9 Median time from notification to resolution of non-urgent call-outs: ≤ 4 days |
| | Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and facilities network Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 4c Community outcome: Modern and robust city infrastructure and | The number of complaints about water flow or pressure received through the call centre, expressed per 1,000 properties connected to the Council's water supply system The number of complaints about the Council's response to | 1.77 in 2015/16 New LoS – no current performance | Average of 2.66 in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16. | Target 10 Number of pressure or flow complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 2 Target 11 Number of complaints regarding | Target 10 Number of pressure or flow complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 2 Target 11 Number of complaints regarding | Target 10 Number of pressure or flow complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 2 Target 11 Number of complaints regarding | Target 10 Number of pressure or flow complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 2 Target 11 Number of complaints regarding |

| | mance ards Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | rformance (t | argets) | Future Performan |
|------------------|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|------------|---|---|---|---|
| of Ser | vice | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | by Year 10 2027/28 |
| 12.1.1 cont'd | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 4e | 12.1.1 Target 10, 12.3.1 Target 2 and 12.3.1 Target 3 received through the call centre, expressed per 1,000 properties connected to the Council's water supply system | | | complaints about drinking water taste, odour, pressure or flow, or continuity of supply per 1,000 properties connected to the Council's water supply system per year: ≤ 0.6 | complaints about drinking water taste, odour, pressure or flow, or continuity of supply per 1,000 properties connected to the Council's water supply system per year: ≤ 0.6 | complaints about drinking water taste, odour, pressure or flow, or continuity of supply per 1,000 properties connected to the Council's water supply system per year: ≤ 0.6 | complaints about drinking water taste, odour, pressure or flow, or continuity of supply per 1,000 properties connected to the Council's water supply system per year: ≤ 0.6 |
| 12.2.1 | Council water supplies are safe to drink | Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities | Resident satisfaction survey | New LoS – no current performance | | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with the safety of Council water supplies: ≥ 80% | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with the safety of Council water supplies : ≥ 80% | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with the safety of Council water supplies : ≥ 80% | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with the safety of Council water supplies: ≥ 80% |
| | | Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities | Report from Ministry of Health on water supply risk grade | Ba in 2015/16 | | Non-LTP Target 2 MoH risk grade for urban water | Non-LTP Target 2 MoH risk grade for urban water | Non-LTP Target 2 MoH risk grade for urban water | Non-LTP Target 2 MoH risk grade for urban water |

| Performa Standard | | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | formance (t | argets) | Future Performan |
|----------------------|---|---|---|---|------------|--|--|--|--|
| of Service | e | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | by Year 10 2027/28 |
| S | Council water supplies are safe o drink | Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities | Report from Ministry of Health on water supply risk grade Report from Ministry of Health on water supply risk grade Report from Ministry of Health on water supply risk grade | Da in 2015/16 Bb in 2015/16 Uu in 2015/16 | | supplies (excluding the Northwest supply zone and Lyttelton Harbour): Ba Non-LTP Target 3 MoH risk grade for the Northwest urban water supply zone: Da Non-LTP Target 4 MoH risk grade for Lyttelton Harbour: Bb Non-LTP Target 5 MoH risk grade for rural water supplies: Uu Target 6 | supplies (excluding the Northwest supply zone and Lyttelton Harbour): Ba Non-LTP Target 3 MoH risk grade for the Northwest urban water supply zone: Da Non-LTP Target 4 MoH risk grade for Lyttelton Harbour: Bb Non-LTP Target 5 MoH risk grade for rural water supplies: Cc Target 6 | supplies (excluding the Northwest supply zone and Lyttelton Harbour): Ba Non-LTP Target 3 MoH risk grade for the Northwest urban water supply zone: Ba Non-LTP Target 4 MoH risk grade for Lyttelton Harbour: Bb Non-LTP Target 5 MoH risk grade for rural water supplies: Cc Target 6 | supplies (excluding the Northwest supply zone and Lyttelton Harbour): Ba Non-LTP Target 3 MoH risk grade for the Northwest urban water supply zone: Ba Non-LTP Target 4 MoH risk grade for Lyttelton Harbour: Bb Non-LTP Target 5 MoH risk grade for rural water supplies: Cc Target 6 |

| Perforr Standa | nance rds Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | formance (t | argets) | Future Performan |
|-------------------|--|--|--|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| of Serv | rice | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 2019 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | by Year 10 2027/28 |
| 12.2.1 cont'd | Council water supplies are safe to drink | Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities | Three Waters & Waste Technical Services team report on the number of properties assessed and required to install backflow prevention devices | | | Number of highest risk properties assessed and required to install backflow prevention devices each year: ≥ 100 | Number of highest risk properties assessed and required to install backflow prevention devices each year: ≥ 100 | Number of highest risk properties assessed and required to install backflow prevention devices each year: ≥ 100 | Number of highest risk properties assessed and required to install backflow prevention devices each year: ≥ 100 |
| | | Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 1a | Report to the Drinking Water Assessor on compliance with the Drinking-water Standards for NZ | 100% in 2015/16 | 96.8% of all supplies for >100 people, from Ministry of Health Annual Report on Drinking-water Quality 2014-2015 | Target 7 Proportion of urban residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | Target 7 Proportion of urban residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | Target 7 Proportion of urban residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | Target 7 Proportion of urban residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% |
| | | Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 1a | Report to the Drinking Water Assessor on compliance with the Drinking-water Standards for NZ | 100% in 2015/16 | 96.8% of all supplies for >100 people, from Ministry of Health Annual Report on Drinking-water Quality 2014-2015 | Target 8 Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.5% | Target 8 Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | Target 8 Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | Target 8 Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% |

| Perforr Standa | mance irds Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | formance (t | argets) | Future Performan |
|-------------------|--|--|--|------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|
| of Serv | rice | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 2019/20 | | 2020/21 | by Year 10 2027/28 |
| 12.2.1 cont'd | Council water supplies are safe to drink | Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 1b | Report to the Drinking Water Assessor on compliance with the Drinking-water Standards for NZ | 76.6% in 2015/16 | 80% of all supplies for >100 people, from Ministry of Health Annual Report on Drinking- water Quality 2014- 2015 | Target 9 Proportion of urban residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: ≥ 79% | Target 9 Proportion of urban residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | Target 9 Proportion of urban residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | |
| | | Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 1b | Report to the Drinking Water Assessor on compliance with the Drinking-water Standards for NZ | 8.5% in 2015/16 | 80% of all supplies for >100 people, from Ministry of Health Annual Report on Drinking- water Quality 2014- 2015 | Target 10 Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: ≥ 8.5% | Target 10 Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: ≥ 8.5% | Target 10 Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: ≥ 19% | supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance |
| | | Community outcome: Safe and healthy communities | Three Waters & Waste Asset Management team report on water safety plans | 100% in 2015/16 | 95% of all supplies for >100 people, from Ministry of Health Annual Report on Drinking- | Target 11 Proportion of water supply zones with a MoH approved | Target 11 Proportion of water supply zones with a MoH approved | Target 11 Proportion of water supply zones with a MoH approved | Target 11 Proportion of water supply zones with a MoH approved |

| | mance ards Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | formance (t | argets) | Future Performan |
|--------|--|---|--|----------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| of Ser | vice | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) by Year 10 |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2019/20 2020/21 | |
| | | | | | water Quality 2014- 2015 | Water Safety Plan: 100% | Water Safety Plan: 100% | Water Safety Plan: 100% | Water Safety Plan: 100% |
| 12.3.1 | Council provides high quality drinking water | Community outcome: high quality drinking water | Resident satisfaction survey | New LoS – no current performance | | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with quality of water supplied: ≥ 90% | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with quality of water supplied: ≥ 90% | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with quality of water supplied: ≥ 90% | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with quality of water supplied: ≥ 90% |
| | | Community outcome: high quality drinking water Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 4a | The number of complaints about water clarity received through the call centre, expressed per 1,000 properties connected to the Council's water supply system | 0.63 in 2015/16 | Average of 1.84 in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16 | Target 2 Number of water clarity complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 1.0 | Target 2 Number of water clarity complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 1.0 | Target 2 Number of water clarity complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 1.0 | Target 2 Number of water clarity complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 1.0 |
| | | Community outcome: high quality drinking water Department of Internal Affairs, Water | The number of complaints about water taste received through the call centre, expressed per 1,000 | 0.34 in 2015/16 | Average of 0.21 in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16 | Target 3 Number of water taste complaints per 1,000 | Target 3 Number of water taste complaints per 1,000 | Target 3 Number of water taste complaints per 1,000 | Target 3 Number of water taste complaints per 1,000 |

| Perforn Standa | nance rds Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | formance (t | argets) | Future Performan |
|-------------------|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|
| of Serv | ice | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | by Year 10 2027/28 |
| | | Supply non-financial performance measure 4a | properties connected to the Council's water supply system | | | connections per year: ≤ 0.5 |
| 12.3.1 cont'd | Council provides high quality drinking water | Community outcome: high quality drinking water Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 4 | The number of complaints about water odour received through the call centre, expressed per 1,000 properties connected to the Council's water supply system | 0.14 in 2015/16 | Average of 0.50 in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16 | Target 4 Number of water odour complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 0.5 | Target 4 Number of water odour complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 0.5 | Target 4 Number of water odour complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 0.5 | Target 4 Number of water odour complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 0.5 |
| 12.4.1 | Council water supply networks and operations demonstrate environmental stewardship | Community outcome: sustainable use of resources | Resident satisfaction survey | New LoS – no current performance | | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with the sustainability of Council water supplies: ≥ 85% Non-LTP | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with the sustainability of Council water supplies: ≥ 85% Non-LTP | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with the sustainability of Council water supplies: ≥ 85% Non-LTP | Target 1 Proportion of residents satisfied with the sustainability of Council water supplies: ≥ 85% Non-LTP |
| | | | Total volume of water abstracted from resource consent | 50.76 in 2015/16 | Average of 12 in Water NZ National | Target 2 Total volume of water |

| Perforn Standa | nance rds Levels | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | formance (t | argets) | Future Performan | |
|-------------------|---|---|--|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| of Serv | ice | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) | |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 | 2019/20 2020/2 | | by Year 10 2027/28 | |
| 12.4.1 | | Community outcome: sustainable use of resources | compliance reports to ECan. | | Performance Review 2015/16. | abstracted for urban water supplies in millions of cubic metres per year: ≤ 55 | abstracted for urban water supplies in millions of cubic metres per year: ≤ 55 | abstracted for urban water supplies in millions of cubic metres per year: ≤ 55 | abstracted for urban water supplies in millions of cubic metres per year: ≤ 55 | |
| cont'd | Council water supply networks and operations demonstrate environmental stewardship | Community outcome: sustainable use of resources Department of Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial | Total volume of water abstracted minus the leakage from the public network divided by the total population served by Council's water supply networks | 272 in 2015/16 | Average of 321 in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16 | Target 3 Average consumption of drinking water per day in litres per resident per day: ≤ 298 | Target 3 Average consumption of drinking water per day in litres per resident per day: ≤ 298 | Target 3 Average consumption of drinking water per day in litres per resident per day: ≤ 298 | Target 3 Average consumption of drinking water per day in litres per resident per day: ≤ 298 | |
| | | performance measure 5 Community outcome: sustainable use of resources Department of | Calculated from night time flow measurement and total water abstraction | 11.7% in 2015/16 | Average of 24% in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16 | Target 4 Percentage of real water loss from Council's water supply network: ≤ 15.0% | Target 4 Percentage of real water loss from Council's water supply network: ≤ 15.0% | Target 4 Percentage of real water loss from Council's water supply network: ≤ 15.0% | Target 4 Percentage of real water loss from Council's water supply network: ≤ 15.0% | |
| | | Internal Affairs, Water Supply non-financial performance measure 2 | Number of infringement notices received in relation to resource consents for water supply | 0 in 2015/16 | | Non-LTP Target 5 Number of infringement notices for | Non-LTP Target 5 Number of infringement notices for | Non-LTP Target 5 Number of infringement notices for | Non-LTP Target 5 Number of infringement notices for | |

| Performance Standards Levels of Service | | Results | Method of Measurement | Current Performance | Benchmarks | Future Per | argets) | Future Performan | |
|---|---|--|--|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | ce (targets) |
| | | | | | | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | by Year 10 2027/28 |
| 12.4.1 cont'd | Council water supply networks and operations demonstrate environmental stewardship | Community outcome: sustainable use of resources Community outcome: sustainable use of resources | Total power used from all water supply pump stations divided by total volume of water pumped | 0.29 in 2015/16 | Average of 3.37 for water supply energy consumption in Water NZ National Performance Review 2015/16 | major or persistent breaches of resource consents regarding the operation of the water supply network, as reported by ECan or Council: 0 Non-LTP Target 6 Annual average power (kWh of electricity) used to pump each cubic metre of water: 0.35 | major or persistent breaches of resource consents regarding the operation of the water supply network, as reported by ECan or Council: 0 Non-LTP Target 6 Annual average power (kWh of electricity) used to pump each cubic metre of water: 0.35 | major or persistent breaches of resource consents regarding the operation of the water supply network, as reported by ECan or Council: 0 Non-LTP Target 6 Annual average power (kWh of electricity) used to pump each cubic metre of water: 0.35 | major or persistent breaches of resource consents regarding the operation of the water supply network, as reported by ECan or Council: 0 Non-LTP Target 6 Annual average power (kWh of electricity) used to pump each cubic metre of water: 0.35 |

4. What levels of service do we propose to change from the current LTP and why?

The following is a summary of level of service changes.

| | Amended LTP 2 | 2016-25 | | LTP 2018 | 3-28 | Rationale |
|------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY17/18) | LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY18/19) | Kationale |
| 12.0.2 LTP | Ensure potable water is supplied in accordance with the Drinking Water Standards for New Zealand | MoH risk grading of the NW water supply zone: Ba | 12.2.1 Non-LTP Target 3 | Council water supplies are safe to drink | MoH risk grade for the Northwest urban water supply zone: Da | Performance target changes required as delays in the well drilling programme means that improvement in grade will not occur as soon as previously projected. Changed to a non-LTP performance measure as the majority of the public do not understand the Ministry of Health (MoH) risk grade system. |
| | | MoH grading of rural water supplies: Cc | 12.2.1 Non-LTP Target 5 | Council water supplies are safe to drink | MoH risk grade for rural water supplies: Uu | Performance target changes required as postponement of Banks Peninsula water treatment plant improvement projects means that improvement in grade will not occur as soon as previously projected. Changed to a non-LTP performance measure as the majority of the public do not understand the MoH risk grade system. |
| 12.0.2 LTP | Ensure potable water is supplied in accordance with the Drinking Water Standards for New Zealand | Proportion of urban residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | 12.2.1 LTP Target 9 | Council water supplies are safe to drink | Proportion of urban residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: ≥ 79% | Performance target changed in 2018/19 due to delays in well drilling programme. |
| | | Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | 12.2.1 LTP Target 8 | Council water supplies are safe to drink | Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ bacterial compliance criteria: ≥ 99.5% | Performance target changed in 2018/19 due to Duvauchelle water treatment plant needing to be upgraded to comply with DWSNZ |
| | | Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: ≥ 99.8% | 12.2.1 LTP Target 10 | Council water supplies are safe to drink | Proportion of rural residents supplied water compliant with the DWSNZ protozoal compliance criteria: 8.5% | Performance target changed in year one to reflect delays in improvements to Banks Peninsula water treatment plants. |

| | Amended LTP 2 | 2016-25 | | LTP 2018 | 3-28 | Rationale |
|--------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
| LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY17/18) | LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY18/19) | Kationale |
| 12.0.2 LTP | Ensure potable water is supplied in accordance with the Drinking Water Standards for New Zealand | Proportion of complaints remediated to the customers' satisfaction: ≥95% | 12.1.1 LTP Target 11 | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Number of complaints regarding Council's response to complaints about drinking water taste, odour, pressure or flow, or continuity of supply per 1,000 properties connected to the Council's water supply system per year: ≤ 0.6 | Deletion of a performance measure for overall satisfaction with the water supply service and creation of five performance measures splitting the overall satisfaction into satisfaction with water supply reliability, satisfaction with response to water supply faults, satisfaction with safety of water supplied, satisfaction with quality of water supplied and satisfaction with the sustainability of the water supply. This change was made to better align with New Zealand and international standards for levels of service and performance measures. |
| 12.0.1 non- LTP | Supply continuous potable water to all customers | Number of unplanned interruptions per 1,000 properties per year: ≤20 | 12.1.1 LTP Target 2 | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Number of unplanned interruptions per 1,000 properties served per year: ≤ 16 | Performance target reduced based on historic performance. Changed to a LTP performance measure as number of interruptions is something the public can understand and is interested in. |
| | | Number of unplanned interruptions greater than 4 hours duration per week each year: ≤1.75 | 12.1.1 Non-LTP Target 3 | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Weekly average of the number of unplanned interruptions of greater than 4 hours duration each year: ≤ 1 | Words "weekly average" added to the performance measure as this is what has always been reported. Performance target reduced based on historic performance. |
| 12.0.1 LTP | Supply continuous potable water to all customers | Number of continuity of supply complaints per 1,000 customers per year: ≤ 3 | 12.1.1 LTP Target 4 | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Number of continuity of supply complaints per 1,000 customers served per year: ≤ 2 | Performance measure changed to clarify how the number of customers is measured. Performance target changed based on historic performance. |
| | | Number of pressure or flow complaints per 1000 connections per year: ≤ 3 | 12.1.1 LTP Target 10 | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Number of pressure or flow complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 2 | Performance measure changed to clarify how it is measured. Performance target changed based on historic performance. |
| 12.0.4 non- LTP | Maintain pumping efficiency in city's reticulation (excluding rural townships) | Annual average kWh of electricity used per m3 of water pumped: ≤ 0.37 | 12.4.1 Non-LTP Target 6 | Council water supply networks and operations demonstrate environmental stewardship | Annual average power (kWh of electricity) used to pump each cubic metre of water: 0.35 | Performance target changed based on historic performance. |
| 12.0.5 LTP | LOS description: Ensure consent compliance | Number of infringement notices for significant and/or repeated minor breaches of resource consents regarding | 12.4.1 Non-LTP Target 5 | Council water supply networks and operations | Number of infringement notices for major or persistent breaches of resource consents regarding the operation of the water supply | Performance measure wording clarified to reflect best practice. |

| | Amended LTP 2 | 2016-25 | | LTP 2018 | 3-28 | Detionals |
|--------------------|---|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY17/18) | LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY18/19) | Rationale |
| | | water supply network operation as reported by ECan or CCC: Zero | | demonstrate environmental stewardship | network, as reported by ECan or Council: 0 | |
| 12.0.6 LTP | Maintenance of the reticulation network - Reduce the percentage of real water loss from the local authority's networked reticulation system | Target: ≤ 15.4% water loss | 12.4.1 LTP Target 4 | Council water supply networks and operations demonstrate environmental stewardship | Percentage of real water loss from Council's water supply network: ≤ 15.0% | Performance measure wording clarified to reflect best practice. Performance target changed based on historic performance. |
| 12.0.1 non- LTP | Supply continuous potable water to all customers | Percentage of urgent urban leaks responded to within 1 hour of the leak being reported: ≥95% | N/A | N/A | N/A | Four performance measures relating to the percentage of leaks responded to or repaired within a set time period are proposed for deletion. New performance measures created to meet the DIA requirements measure the median time for response or repair, therefore the historic performance measures are irrelevant. |
| | | Percentage of urgent rural leaks responded to within 2 hours of the leak being reported: ≥95% | | | N/A | Four performance measures relating to the percentage of leaks responded to or repaired within a set time period are proposed for deletion. New performance measures created to meet the DIA requirements measure the median time for response or repair, therefore the historic performance measures are irrelevant. |
| | | Percentage of medium leaks repaired within 1 working day of being reported ≥90% | | | N/A | Four performance measures relating to the percentage of leaks responded to or repaired within a set time period are proposed for deletion. New performance measures created to meet the DIA requirements measure the median time for response or repair, therefore the historic performance measures are irrelevant. |

| | Amended LTP 2 | 2016-25 | | LTP 2018 | 8-28 | Rationale | |
|--------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY17/18) | LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY18/19) | Kationale | |
| | | Percentage of minor leaks repaired within 3 working day of being reported. ≥90% | | | N/A | Four performance measures relating to the percentage of leaks responded to or repaired within a set time period are proposed for deletion. New performance measures created to meet the DIA requirements measure the median time for response or repair, therefore the historic performance measures are irrelevant. | |
| 12.0.3 non- LTP | Monitor the condition of the water supply network | Number of breaks per 100km of water main each year. (excluding 3rd party damage): ≤ 30 | N/A | N/A | N/A | Performance measures in the 2015 LTP for the annual number of breaks per 100 kilometres of main or submain are proposed for deletion. These performance measures were intended to show if the renewals programme was sufficient; however as the number of breaks is the main criteria for a pipe to become a renewal candidate, the number of breaks would be expected to rise as more pipes reach end of life irrespective of renewals programme funding levels. | |
| | | Number of breaks per 100km of sub-main each year. (excluding 3rd party damage): ≤ 135 | | | N/A | Performance measures in the 2015 LTP for the annual number of breaks per 100 kilometres of main or submain are proposed for deletion. These performance measures were intended to show if the renewals programme was sufficient; however as the number of breaks is the main criteria for a pipe to become a renewal candidate, the number of breaks would be expected to rise as more pipes reach end of life irrespective of renewals programme funding levels. | |
| 12.0.2 LTP | Ensure potable water is supplied in accordance with the Drinking Water Standards for New Zealand | MoH risk grading of the urban water supplies (excluding NW zone): Ba | 12.2.1 Non-LTP Target 2 | Council water supplies are safe to drink | MoH risk grade for urban water supplies (excluding the Northwest supply zone and Lyttelton Harbour): Ba | Lyttelton Harbour was previously included in the urban water supply but has a lower grade due to the condition of the network, so now shown separately as 12.2.1 Target 4. Changed to a non-LTP performance measure as the majority of the public do not understand the MoH risk grade system. | |

| | Amended LTP 2 | 2016-25 | | LTP 2018 | 3-28 | Rationale |
|------------|--|--|---------------------------|---|---|--|
| LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY17/18) | LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY18/19) | . Kationale |
| 12.0.2 LTP | Ensure potable water is supplied in accordance with the Drinking Water Standards for New Zealand | Number of water taste complaints per 1,000 customers per year: ≤ 1 | 12.3.1 LTP Target 3 | Council provides high quality drinking water | Number of water taste complaints per 1,000 connections per year: ≤ 0.5 | Performance measure changed from customers to connections to accurately reflect how this is measured. Performance target reduced to be in line with benchmarking and historical performance, which is expected to be maintained. |
| N/A | N/A | N/A | 12.1.1 LTP Target 1 | Council operates water supplies in a reliable and responsive manner | Proportion of residents satisfied with reliability of water supplies: ≥ 85% | Deletion of a performance measure for overall satisfaction with the water supply service and creation of five performance measures splitting the overall satisfaction into satisfaction with water supply reliability, satisfaction with response to water supply faults, satisfaction with safety of water supplied, satisfaction with quality of water supplied and satisfaction with the sustainability of the water supply. This change was made to better align with New Zealand and international standards for levels of service and performance measures. |
| N/A | N/A | N/A | 12.2.1 LTP Target 1 | Council water supplies are safe to drink | Proportion of residents satisfied with the safety of water supplies: ≥ 80% | Deletion of a performance measure for overall satisfaction with the water supply service and creation of five performance measures splitting the overall satisfaction into satisfaction with water supply reliability, satisfaction with response to water supply faults, satisfaction with safety of water supplied, satisfaction with quality of water supplied and satisfaction with the sustainability of the water supply. This change was made to better align with New Zealand and international standards for levels of service and performance measures. Target proposed changed from ≥90% to ≥80% following the findings of the Havelock North Drinking Water Inquiry. |
| N/A | N/A | N/A | 12.3.1 LTP Target 1 | Council provides high quality drinking water | Proportion of residents satisfied with the quality of water supplied: ≥ 90% | Deletion of a performance measure for overall satisfaction with the water supply service and creation of five performance measures splitting the overall satisfaction into satisfaction with water supply reliability, satisfaction with response to water supply |

| | Amended LTP | 2016-25 | | LTP 2018 | 3-28 | Detionals |
|-------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY17/18) | LOSID | LOS Description | Target (FY18/19) | Rationale |
| | | | | | | faults, satisfaction with safety of water supplied, satisfaction with quality of water supplied and satisfaction with the sustainability of the water supply. This change was made to better align with New Zealand and international standards for levels of service and performance measures. |
| N/A | N/A | N/A | 12.2.1 Non-LTP Target 4 | Council water supplies are safe to drink | MoH risk grade for Lyttelton Harbour: Bb | Lyttelton Harbour was previously included in the urban water supply but has a lower grade due to the condition of the network, so now shown separately. |
| N/A | N/A | N/A | 12.4.1 LTP Target 1 | Council water supply networks and operations demonstrate environmental stewardship | Proportion of residents satisfied with the sustainability of Council water supplies: ≥ 85% | Deletion of a performance measure for overall satisfaction with the water supply service and creation of five performance measures splitting the overall satisfaction into satisfaction with water supply reliability, satisfaction with response to water supply faults, satisfaction with safety of water supplied, satisfaction with quality of water supplied and satisfaction with the sustainability of the water supply. This change was made to better align with New Zealand and international standards for levels of service and performance measures. Target proposed changed from ≥90% to ≥85% following the findings of the Havelock North Drinking Water Inquiry. |
| N/A | N/A | N/A | 12.4.1 Non-LTP Target 2 | Council water supply networks and operations demonstrate environmental stewardship | Total volume of water abstracted for urban water supplies in millions of cubic metres per year: ≤ 55 | Creation of a new performance measure for the total volume of water abstracted from urban area aquifers for the Christchurch water supply. This performance measure existed in previous LTPs but was accidentally omitted from the 2015 LTP. It provides a direct comparison between current demand and maximum permitted water abstraction. |

5. How will the assets be managed to deliver the services?

The water supply service is managed according to best practice to ensure that Council complies with its statutory obligations and can achieve the levels of service expected by the community. Council staff and its operations and maintenance contractors manage the water supply service in the following way:

Plan: assess current supply and demand, determine future needs and identify, evaluate and recommend options to achieve an optimal water supply service

Regulate: issue standards, specifications and bylaws to ensure that the water supply service is safe and reliable and enforce adherence through Council's consent processes

Build: design, specify and procure contractors to build new assets

Operate: ensure that water infrastructure is operated efficiently and effectively

Maintain: perform planned maintenance for a reliable and compliant service

Repair and renew: repair assets when required; review asset condition in the context of condition, age, material, maintenance, etc. and establish a prioritised programme for asset renewal to ensure effectiveness and efficiency of supply

Customer services: receive, prioritise and respond to customer complaints and requests for services.

How are renewal works identified and prioritised?

Detailed methodologies are available in the Draft Lifecycle Management Manual with results in the 2018 Water Supply Asset Management Plan.

At a high level:

• Long term (years 4-30) budget planning is based on installation year and theoretical useful life where the theoretical useful life takes into account material, manufacturer, manufacturing standard, high level criticality condition assessment results and expert judgement from literature.

 Short term (years 1-3) budgets and programs identify and prioritise specific renewals projects based on condition assessment results, performance assessment results, breakage rates, operating costs, criticality, obsolescence, risk and alignment with transport (road) renewal works.

How are projects identified and prioritised for growth and improvement programmes?

- 50 WS Reticulation New Mains, 870 WS New Wells for Growth and 1258 WS New Pump Stations for Growth master plans have been prepared for providing water supply services to all unserviced greenfield areas. These are used to inform the projects that make up these programmes, and these projects are prioritised based on where there is the most demand for growth. For efficiency, the delivery of water and wastewater servicing for greenfield areas is often planned to occur at the same time.
- 37836 WW Additional Infrastructure Programme and 37844 WS Additional Infrastructure Programme these programmes are used to compensate developers for upsizing the water and wastewater infrastructure they are constructing for their development, to accommodate future growth in the area. Projects are prioritised on a first come first served basis.

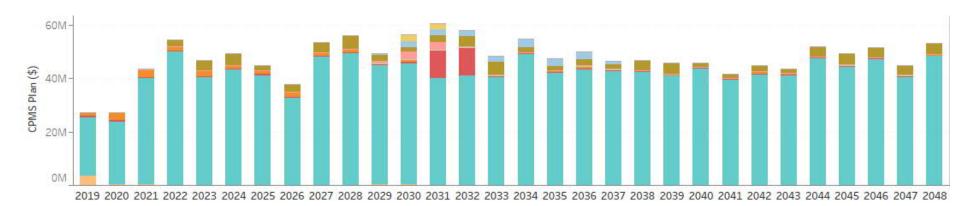
6. What financial resources are needed?

Table 6.1 – Current and Proposed Budget

| WATER SUPPLY- WATER SUPPLY | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|
| · · · · · · | 2017/18 | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | | |
| | Annual Plan | | | | | |
| | | 00 | 000's | | | |
| Supply Potable Water | 15,364 | 19,438 | 20,282 | 21,057 | | |
| Secure and Protect Water | 1,085 | 1,087 | 1,127 | 1,160 | | |
| Monitor Water Quality | 105 | 105 | 108 | 110 | | |
| EQ - Water Supply | 28 | 70 | 73 | 74 | | |
| Activity Costs before Overheads | 16,582 | 20,700 | 21,589 | 22,401 | | |
| Corporate Overhead | 2,006 | 2,513 | 2,635 | 2,453 | | |
| Depreciation | 27,927 | 34,582 | 35,663 | 36,967 | | |
| Interest | 2,512 | 3,057 | 3,507 | 4,630 | | |
| | | · | | | | |
| Total Activity Cost | 49,027 | 60,852 | 63,394 | 66,450 | | |
| Funded By: | | | | | | |
| Fees and Charges | 613 | 625 | 637 | 650 | | |
| Grants and Subsidies | - | - | - | - | | |
| Total Operational Revenue | 613 | 625 | 637 | 650 | | |
| Net Cost of Service | 48,414 | 60,227 | 62,757 | 65,800 | | |
| Funding Percentages: | | | | | | |
| Rates | 98.7% | 99.0% | 99.0% | 99.0% | | |
| Fees and Charges | 1.3% | 1.0% | 1.0% | 1.0% | | |
| Grants and Subsidies | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | | |
| Capital Expenditure | | | | | | |
| Improved Levels of Service | 216 | 652 | 128 | 52 | | |
| Increased Demand | 10,287 | 2,111 | 3,044 | 3,271 | | |
| Renewals and Replacements | 10,565 | 24,549 | 24,583 | 42,125 | | |
| | | | | · | | |
| Total Activity Capital | 21,067 | 27,312 | 27,755 | 45,448 | | |

7. How much capital expenditure will be spent, on what category of asset, and what are the key capital projects for this activity?

The capital programme as put forward in the Long Term Plan aims to achieve compliance with statutory obligations in providing the water supply service in accordance with customer expectations. The programmes (in bold, highlighted in blue) and their underlying projects are shown in Table 7.1, along with the drivers and implications if delayed or not implemented.



Prioritisation Category

New Services

Increased Levels of Service

Economic Benefits

Growth - desirable

LOS Recovery

Internal - holding renewals

Growth - critical

Legal

Holding Renewals 1

In Construction

Table 7.1 Capital Programme – Water Supply

| CPMS ID | Title | 10 Year Plan FY19-28 \$'000 | 3 Year Plan FY19-21 \$'000 | Drivers | Implications if delayed or not implemented |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 38943 39192 37844 | WS Reticulation New Mains plus defined projects: WS Highfield Water Supply Mains WS Knights Stream Park Link Main WS Additional Infrastructure Programme | 3,452 40 2,188 | 3,452 40 0 | → Infrastructure for urban development → Capacity for growth | Non-compliance with statutory requirement to provide development infrastructure for growth Shortage of developable land increases cost of sections and houses |
| 49 | plus defined projects: WS Subdivisions Add Infra for Development | 628 | 628 | | Developers install infrastructure that is undersized for future growth |
| 43336 | Water Supply Improvements Programme plus defined projects: | | | | |
| 18760 | WS Duvauchelle DWSNZ upgrade Stage 2 | 300 | 300 | → Compliance with DWSNZ → Supply continuous safe drinking water → Minimize need for carting of water | → Continued non-compliance with DWSNZ → Non-compliance with statutory requirement to provide safe drinking water → Impact on customer satisfaction with reliability of supply (12.1.1, Target 1) and quality of supply (12.3.1 Target 1) → Continued high operating costs to maintain treatment plant and tanker water to Duvauchelle when raw water is too turbid to treat → Not this is a low cost, high risk upgrade option, not the recommended low risk, high cost option which would cost \$1.8M |
| 64 | WS Land Purchase for Pump Stations | 1,416 | 0 | → Infrastructure for urban development | → Non-compliance with statutory requirement to provide |
| 870 | WS New Wells for Growth | 8,178 | 104 | → Capacity for growth | development infrastructure for |
| 1258 | WS New Pump Stations for Growth | 10,945 | 0 | | growth |
| | plus defined projects: | | | | → Shortage of developable land |
| 24198 | WS Gardiners New Pump Station | 645 | 645 | | increases cost of sections and houses |

| CPMS ID | Title | 10 Year Plan FY19-28 \$'000 | 3 Year Plan FY19-21 \$'000 | Di | rivers | im | plications if delayed or not plemented |
|------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|---------------|--|
| | | | | | | | complaints (12.1.1 Target 10) Negative impact on customer satisfaction with reliability of supply (12.1.1, Target 1) |
| 51 | WS Mains Renewals | 261,183 | 23,649 | \rightarrow | | \rightarrow | Increased operating costs |
| | plus defined projects: | | | _ → | | → | Targets for unplanned interruptions |
| 888 | WS Lyttelton R&R Rail Tunnel Pipeline | 20,983 | 13,504 | | pressure) Reduce unplanned interruptions | | not achieved (12.1.1 Targets 2 and 3) |
| 17885 | WS Eastern Tce Trunk Main Renewal | 9,326 | 4,641 |] → ∠ | · | \rightarrow | |
| 41284 | WS Riccarton Road - Harakeke to Matipo | 2,176 | 2,176 | → | repairs | 7 | continuity of supply impacted |
| 37234 | WS Mains Renewal - Cannon Hill Cresc, Michael Ave and Centaurus Rd | 1,832 | 1,832 | \rightarrow | Sustain high quality drinking water | \rightarrow | |
| 37246 | WS Mains Renewal - Trafford St, Le Roi Way, Dulcie Pl, Momorangi Cres and Jocelyn St | 1,533 | 1,533 | | Water loss reduction | \rightarrow | complaints (12.1.1 Target 10) Potential increase in water quality complaints (12.3.1 Targets 2, 3 and |
| 37220 | WS Mains Renewal - Kilmarnock St and Withells Rd | 1,188 | 1,188 | | | \rightarrow | |
| 37243 | WS Mains Renewal - Governors Bay Rd and Sumner Rd - Lyttelton | 1,095 | 1,095 | | | \rightarrow | (12.4.1 Target 4 Negative impact on customer |
| 37253 | WS Mains Renewal - Guildford St, Wayside Ave and Wadhurst Pl | 1,091 | 1,091 | | | | satisfaction with reliability, safety quality and sustainability (12.1.1 |
| 37219 | WS Mains Renewal - Mairehau Rd and McBratneys Rd | 792 | 792 | | | | Target 1, 12.2.1 Target 1, 12.3.1 Target 1, 12.4.1 Target 1) |
| 33237 | WS Mains Renewal - Cheriton St, Eureka St, Hampshire St and Brokenhurst St | 229 | 229 | | | | |
| 43337 | WS Mains - Peacocks Gallop – Sumner | 577 | 577 | | | | |
| 41874 | WS Mains Renewals Affiliated with Roading Works | 4,265 | 4,265 | | | | |
| 53 | WS Infra R&R Reticulation Submains | 34,611 | 4,218 | | | | |
| 33281 | Ch Ch Water Submain Renewals - Package C | 1,186 | 1,186 | | | | |
| 37847 | WS Meter Renewal Programme | 2,491 | 0 | \rightarrow | Sustain water demand | \rightarrow | Inability to accurately monitor |
| | plus defined projects: | • | | 1 | management | | consumer water consumption |
| 89 | WS R&R Submains Meter Renew | 861 | 861 | \rightarrow | Best practice asset management | \rightarrow | Inability to charge commercial users for water consumption |
| 52 | WS Headworks Well Renewals | 34,145 | 8,580 | \rightarrow | | | • |

| CPMS ID | Title | 10 Year Plan FY19-28 \$'000 | 3 Year Plan FY19-21 \$'000 | Drivers | Implications if delayed or not implemented | | | |
|------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| 6340 | plus defined projects: Wrights Pump Station Well Renewal | 1,111 | 1,111 | → Maintain MoH risk grade → Best practice asset management → Reduce risk of failure | → Non-compliance with statutory requirement to provide safe drinking water → Decrease in MoH risk grade → Risk of non-compliance with DWSNZ → Risk of unplanned interruptions (12.1.1 Targets 2 and 3) → Impact on customer satisfaction with reliability, safety and quality (12.1.1 Target 1, 12.2.1 Target 1, 12.3.1 Target 1) | | | |
| 73 | WS Pumping & Storage Civils and Structures Renewals PRG | 29,695 | 4,430 | → Sustain high quality drinking water → Reduce risk of contamination | → Non-compliance with statutory requirement to provide safe | | | |
| 32587 | WS Reservoir Roof Renewal | 226 | 226 | | drinking water | | | |
| 33813 | CCPwPS1076 Jeffreys Suction Tank Replacement | 1,772 | 1,772 | | → Risk of non-compliance with DWSNZ | | | |
| 2363 | WS - WSPS & Reservoir Safety Improvements | 140 | 89 | | → Impact on customer satisfaction with quality of supply (12.3.1 Target 1) | | | |
| 17901 | WS Pump Station MEICA R&R | | | → Maintain reliability of supply | → Potential increase in customer | | | |
| 33722 | WS Pump Station MEICA R&R Project for FY2016-2018 | 500 | 5000 | → Reduce risk of failure | complaints (12.1.1 Targets 4 and 10) | | | |
| 45449 | WS Pump & Storage MEICA Renewals for FY2019 Project | 1,071 | 1,071 | → Best practice asset management→ Reduce cost of maintenance | → Negative impact on customer satisfaction with reliability (12.1.1 | | | |
| 37845 | WS Pumping & Storage Reactive Renewal PRG | 3,192 | 880 | | Target 1) → Increased operating and | | | |
| 41882 | WS Pumping & Storage Electrical Renewals PRG | 11,779 | 2,204 | | maintenance costs | | | |
| 41883 | WS Pumping & Storage Mechanical Renewals PRG | 2,107 | 567 | | | | | |
| 41884 | WS SCADA Software Renewals PRG | 667 | 184 | | | | | |
| 41886 | WS Treatment Plant ICA Renewals PRG | 7 | 0 | | | | | |
| 41887 | WS Treatment Plant Electrical Renewals PRG | 187 | 0 | | | | | |
| 41888 | WS Treatment Plant Mechanical Renewals PRG | 129 | 0 | | | | | |

| CPMS ID | Title | 10 Year Plan FY19-28 \$'000 | 3 Year Plan FY19-21 \$'000 | Drivers | Implications if delayed or not implemented |
|------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 41894 | WS Treatment Plant Reactive Renewals | 419 | 115 | | |
| 42082 | WS Pumping & Storage ICA Renewals PRG | 4,032 | 2,025 | | |
| 43873 | WS Headworks Backflow Prevention | 2,779 | 766 | → Sustain high quality drinking water → Reduce risk of contamination | → Non-compliance with statutory requirement to provide safe drinking water → Risk of non-compliance with DWSNZ → Impact on customer satisfaction with quality of supply (12.3.1 Target 1) |
| 102 | NW NZDWS Compliance | | | → Improve MoH risk grading for | → Non-compliance with statutory |
| | plus defined projects: | | | Northwest zone and sustain MoH | requirement to provide safe |
| 14866 | Bexley Pump Station EQ Replacement in Rawhiti Zone | 5,079 | 5,079 | risk grading elsewhere → Sustain compliance with DWSNZ | drinking water → Improved MoH risk grade not |
| 41252 | WS Drinking Water Sampling Point Installations | 150 | 77 | → Improved monitoring of drinking water compliance | achieved (12.2.1 Targets 2 - 5) → Decrease in MoH risk grade |
| 41253 | WS Secure Groundwater / Age Dating | 378 | 178 | → Confirm groundwater security | → Risk of non-compliance with DWSNZ |
| 37846 | WS Water Supply Security Programme | 225 | 65 | | → Impact on customer satisfaction with safety and quality of supply |
| 865 | WS Water Supply Security | 225 | 77 | | (12.2.1 Target 1, 12.3.1 Target 1) |
| 41881 | WS Water Supply Modelling PRG | 1,213 | 408 | Ability to plan for urban development Optimize infrastructure Confirm fire fighting flow capacity and pressure Improved management for cost optimization | → Would not meet National Policy Statement on Urban Development Capacity requirement to provide development infrastructure for growth → Non-optimized capital investment → Inability to manage quality of service (pressure and flow) to meet demand |
| 37848 | WS New Connection Programme | 8,777 | 0 | → Connect new customers | → Customer connections not to |
| 45 | WS New Connections | 3,453 | 3,453 | → Ensure connections to Council standard including backflow prevention devices → Recover costs for new connections | standard could impact on drinking water safety |

8. Are there any significant negative effects that this activity will create?

| Negative Effect | Mitigation | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Cost of operating a compliant potable water supply | Documented processes and maintenance systems control costs. Improve network efficiency through asset renewal. Water supply rezoning and pressure management to reduce operating and maintenance costs. Reduce demand through water conservation measures. Assess and report cost efficiency and affordability. | | |
| Chemical addition may be required (chlorination or fluoridation) as dictated by legislation and/or water quality | React to Central Government legislation as required. Chlorination of urban water supplies not currently required. Fluoridate water if required by the Canterbury District Health Board. | | |
| Salt-water intrusion in coastal regions compromises water quality | Monitor well takes in coastal areas for salinity (conductivity) and investigate any changes. Long term strategy to move wells away from coast where salt-water intrusion may impact on quality. | | |
| Over extraction limits water available for growth of the city. | Maintain network in good condition to reduce leaks. Operate within water take consents. Reduce water demand through water conservation measures. | | |
| Effects of water abstraction on the environment | Network maintenance and water conservation measures to minimise wastage. Annual leak detection programme to monitor and reduce water loss. Maintain resource consent compliance and avoid over-abstraction. Establish infrastructure (e.g. suction tanks) to improve management of groundwater abstraction. | | |
| Natural disasters cause widespread damage to the water supply network | Earthquake design guidelines incorporated in Council's Infrastructure Design Standard and Construction Standard Specifications. | | |

| Negative Effect | Mitigation |
|--|--|
| | Well, pump station, reservoir and pipeline design more resilient infrastructure than previously. |
| | Uphold standards and specifications through the resource and building consent processes. |
| | Continue to invest in renewal programmes to remove weaker assets from network (e.g. AC pipes). |
| | Water supply rezoning to improve resilience and response to natural disasters. |
| Earthquake legacy of reduced asset lives and red zone infrastructure | Provide for and manage deferred replacement of assets (not addressed by SCIRT). |

9. Does this Service Plan need to change as a result of a service delivery review?

A Service Delivery Review report (Section 17A) for this activity has been carried out. Based on the outcome of this report no changes to the service plan or delivery model are required.