Jeffreys Road Water Supply - Replacement Tank Location Options

This paper outlines the issues for the two location options for the replacement tank. The work undertaken to date is at a concept stage. More work will be required to undertake geotechnical investigations, confirm the tank design, and expected construction costs.

Purpose of the project:

CCC requires the earthquake damaged 200 cubic metre submerged suction tank to be replaced by a new suction tank incorporating resilient design and having a buffer capacity. The suction tank is to be connected to the 4 new deep wells and put into service by February 2019.

General Constraints when considering the location and design of the suction tank at Jeffreys Pump Station are as follows:

- · Water table at approximately 1 m below ground on average
- Proximity to the Wairarapa Stream and resulting lateral spread risk
- Requirement of the 10 m boundary set back to the south. A resource consent will be required if the tank is built at the current location (Option 1). The 10 m set back line passes almost halfway through the existing utility site
- The building recession plane limits the height of structures close to a boundary.
- The need for the new structure to be close to the new wells while allowing for clearance to construct, operate and maintain the tank
- The suction tank size is required to be increased to 500 cubic metres to allow for 1 hour buffer capacity, to facilitate sand removal and to provide for emergency chlorination.

Two site location options for the replacement tank were considered:

- Option 1 Build tank at current location, new suction tank will be larger than the existing damaged tank and extend slightly into the Park
- Option 2 Build the tank west of the existing utility site, still on Council land, on what is currently a grassed area of the Park

Comparison of Options:

Issues	Option 1 – 500 cu m tank at present location (below ground)	Option 2 – 500 cu m tank at Park (above ground)
Technical issues	 Potential water ingress issue with tank buried below water table Greater lateral forces (static and earthquake) that would need additional engineering to mitigate Construction risks due to: Proximity of the existing pump station building to the east. Horizontal clearance is needed for construction and operation and to ensure no damage results from any site excavation. Proximity of wells 7 and 8 to the west. Horizontal clearance needed for construction of 	 Proposed tank is above ground and will not experience this risk. Location is further away from the Wairarapa Stream and may have lower earthquake risks which may result in lower-cost ground improvement requirements (to be determined through detailed design) Site unimpeded by services The ability to build above ground and above the water table makes construction significantly easier

Issues	Option 1 – 500 cu m tank at present	Option 2 – 500 cu m tank at Park (above ground)
	location (below ground)	
	wellhead and pipework, and	
	future well maintenance.	
	Proximity of the reserve and playing	
	field to the north limits how far the	
	tank can extend to the north	
Cost	Additional works required for below-	Generally lower construction cost
	ground structure (may range from	 Additional length of pipe works \$80k
	\$750k to \$1.5m):	
	 Sheet piling and dewatering 	
	 Additional piling cost 	
	 Additional construction cost 	
	Potential additional consent costs	
Consents	Requires resource consent as within	 Will comply to set back and recession plane
	the 10 m setback from the boundary	requirements
	Affected residents strongly opposed	 Approval may take 4 to 8 weeks
	owing to proposed height	
	If written approvals not received from	
	affected residents, consent process	
	will take a minimum of 20 weeks with	
	costs of \$100k minimum or more	
	The consent process could be	
	extended beyond 12 moths if further	
	challenged	
Location	Existing pump station site boundary	Adjacent footpath will have to be moved
issues	will need extending slightly to the	slightly to accommodate tank, without
	Nou need screening and colouring to	drawing)
	 May need screening and colouring to mitigate residents' concerps and 	ui dwiliy)
	community requirements	• Loss of amenity value of the south-western
	Limited space available around	Tank boight will moot the District Plan
	evisting site infrastructure (nump shed	requirements for recession planes
	and water wells) leading to	May peed additional screening and colouring
	. limits on future works on site	to mitigate residents' concerns and
	 more difficult operating conditions 	community requirements
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Aesthetic	more difficult operating conditions on site Will be designed to suit location and	community requirements Will be designed to suit location
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Aesthetic Pros/Cons	 more difficult operating conditions on site Will be designed to suit location and may require some screening/aesthetic detail Pros Smaller overall footprint as for existing water supply utility Minimal impact on the park Less visual impact as within existing compound Cons Greater risk of water ingress into tank Increased impact from carthouako 	 Will be designed to suit location May require more attention to aesthetic details/screening Pros Above ground construction reduces stresses on tank meaning simpler structure, simpler and faster construction, lower capital cost Resource consent not required if the tank is able to meet all built form standards of the Planning Zone Very low risk of water contamination

Issues	Option 1 – 500 cu m tank at present location (below ground)	Option 2 – 500 cu m tank at Park (above ground)
	 The edge of the tank will be several metres inside the playing field. This is a health & safety risk and is likely to be unacceptable to sports users. Additional time taken to obtain resource consent could be significant with subsequent delays to installation of the replacement tank 	 Cons Loss of amenity value of part of the park Greater visual impact

At this point of time, the preferred location is the location at the south-western corner of the Park (Option 2).