

CHRISTCHURCH CITY COUNCIL PRK_1360_BLDG_001 EQ2 Spit Reserve Toilet 217 Rocking Horse Road, Southshore



QUALITATIVE ASSESSMENT REPORT FINAL

- Rev B
- 23 May 2013



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1. Executive Summary

1.1. Background

A qualitative assessment was carried out on the building located in Spit Reserve at 217 Rocking Horse Road, Southshore. The building is single storey and is currently utilised as a public toilet. It is constructed from lightweight timber framing. An aerial photograph illustrating this area is shown below in Figure 1. Detailed descriptions outlining the building's age and construction type is given in Section 5 of this report.



Figure 1 Aerial Photograph of the public toilet in Spit Reserve

The qualitative assessment includes a summary of the building damage as well as an initial assessment of the current seismic capacity compared with current seismic code loads using the Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP).

This qualitative report for the building structure is based on the Detailed Engineering Evaluation Procedure document (draft) issued by the Structural Advisory Group on 19 July 2011 and a visual inspection on 18 September 2012.

1.2. Key Damage Observed

No external or internal damage was observed during our site inspection.

1.3. Critical Structural Weaknesses

No potential critical structural weaknesses have been identified for this building.

1.4. Indicative Building Strength (from IEP and CSW assessment)

Based on the information available, and using the NZSEE Initial Evaluation Procedure, the buildings original capacity has been assessed to be in the order of 82%NBS. No damage was observed during the site investigation therefore the post earthquake capacity will not change as a result of earthquake damage.

The building has been assessed to have a seismic capacity greater than 67% NBS and is therefore not a potential earthquake risk.

1.5. Recommendations

It is recommended that:

- a) There is no damage to the building that would cause it to be unsafe to occupy.
- b) We consider that barriers around the building are not necessary.



2. Introduction

Sinclair Knight Merz was engaged by Christchurch City Council to prepare a qualitative assessment report for the building located in Spit Reserve at 217 Rocking Horse Road following the magnitude 6.3 earthquake which occurred in the afternoon of the 22nd of February 2011 and the subsequent aftershocks.

The qualitative assessment uses the methodology recommended in the Engineering Advisory Group draft document "Guidance on Detailed Engineering Evaluation of Earthquake affected Non-residential Buildings in Canterbury", issued 19 July 2011. The qualitative assessment includes a summary of the building damage as well as an initial assessment of the likely current Seismic Capacity compared with current seismic code requirements.

A qualitative assessment involves inspections of the building and a desktop review of existing structural and geotechnical information, including existing drawings and calculations, if available.

The purpose of the assessment is to determine the likely building performance and damage patterns, to identify any potential critical structural weaknesses or collapse hazards, and to make an initial assessment of the likely building strength in terms of percentage of new building standard (%NBS).

This report describes the structural damage observed during our inspection and indicates suggested remediation measures. The inspection was undertaken from floor levels and was a visual inspection only. Our report reflects the situation at the time of the inspection and does not take account of changes caused by any events following our inspection. A full description of the basis on which we have undertaken our visual inspection is set out in Section 7.

The NZ Society for Earthquake Engineering (NZSEE) Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) was used to assess the likely performance of the building in a seismic event relative to the New Building Standard (NBS). 100% NBS is equivalent to the strength of a building that fully complies with current codes. This includes a recent increase of the Christchurch seismic hazard factor from 0.22 to 0.3^{1} .

At the time of this report, no intrusive site investigation, detailed analysis, or modelling of the building structure had been carried out. The building description below is based on our visual inspections.

¹ <u>http://www.dbh.govt.nz/seismicity-info</u>

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3. Compliance

This section contains a brief summary of the requirements of the various statutes and authorities that control activities in relation to buildings in Christchurch at present.

3.1. Canterbury Earthquake Recovery Authority (CERA)

CERA was established on 28 March 2011 to take control of the recovery of Christchurch using powers established by the Canterbury Earthquake Recovery Act enacted on 18 April 2011. This act gives the Chief Executive Officer of CERA wide powers in relation to building safety, demolition and repair. Two relevant sections are:

Section 38 – Works

This section outlines a process in which the chief executive can give notice that a building is to be demolished and if the owner does not carry out the demolition, the chief executive can commission the demolition and recover the costs from the owner or by placing a charge on the owners' land.

Section 51 – Requiring Structural Survey

This section enables the chief executive to require a building owner, insurer or mortgagee carry out a full structural survey before the building is re-occupied.

We understand that CERA will require a detailed engineering evaluation to be carried out for all buildings (other than those exempt from the Earthquake Prone Building definition in the Building Act). It is anticipated that CERA will adopt the Detailed Engineering Evaluation Procedure document (draft) issued by the Structural Advisory Group on 19 July 2011. This document sets out a methodology for both qualitative and quantitative assessments.

The qualitative assessment is a desk-top and site inspection assessment. It is based on a thorough visual inspection of the building coupled with a review of available documentation such as drawings and specifications. The quantitative assessment involves analytical calculation of the buildings strength and may require non-destructive or destructive material testing, geotechnical testing and intrusive investigation.

It is anticipated that factors determining the extent of evaluation and strengthening level required will include:

- The importance level and occupancy of the building
- The placard status and amount of damage
- The age and structural type of the building
- Consideration of any critical structural weaknesses

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• The extent of any earthquake damage

3.2. Building Act

Several sections of the Building Act are relevant when considering structural requirements:

3.2.1. Section 112 – Alterations

This section requires that an existing building complies with the relevant sections of the Building Code to at least the extent that it did prior to any alteration. This effectively means that a building cannot be weakened as a result of an alteration (including partial demolition).

3.2.2. Section 115 – Change of Use

This section requires that the territorial authority (in this case Christchurch City Council (CCC)) be satisfied that the building with a new use complies with the relevant sections of the Building Code 'as near as is reasonably practicable'. Regarding seismic capacity 'as near as reasonably practicable' has previously been interpreted by CCC as achieving a minimum of 67%NBS however where practical achieving 100%NBS is desirable. The New Zealand Society for Earthquake Engineering (NZSEE) recommend a minimum of 67%NBS.

3.2.3. Section 121 – Dangerous Buildings

The definition of dangerous building in the Act was extended by the Canterbury Earthquake (Building Act) Order 2010, and it now defines a building as dangerous if:

- in the ordinary course of events (excluding the occurrence of an earthquake), the building is likely to cause injury or death or damage to other property; or
- in the event of fire, injury or death to any persons in the building or on other property is likely because of fire hazard or the occupancy of the building; or
- there is a risk that the building could collapse or otherwise cause injury or death as a result of earthquake shaking that is less than a 'moderate earthquake' (refer to Section 122 below); or
- there is a risk that that other property could collapse or otherwise cause injury or death; or
- a territorial authority has not been able to undertake an inspection to determine whether the building is dangerous.

3.2.4. Section 122 – Earthquake Prone Buildings

This section defines a building as earthquake prone if its ultimate capacity would be exceeded in a 'moderate earthquake' and it would be likely to collapse causing injury or death, or damage to other property. A moderate earthquake is defined by the building regulations as one that would generate ground shaking 33% of the shaking used to design an equivalent new building.



3.2.5. Section 124 – Powers of Territorial Authorities

This section gives the territorial authority the power to require strengthening work within specified timeframes or to close and prevent occupancy to any building defined as dangerous or earthquake prone.

3.2.6. Section 131 – Earthquake Prone Building Policy

This section requires the territorial authority to adopt a specific policy for earthquake prone, dangerous and insanitary buildings.

3.3. Christchurch City Council Policy

Christchurch City Council adopted their Earthquake Prone, Dangerous and Insanitary Building Policy in 2006. This policy was amended immediately following the Darfield Earthquake of the 4th September 2010.

The 2010 amendment includes the following:

- A process for identifying, categorising and prioritising Earthquake Prone Buildings, commencing on 1 July 2012;
- A strengthening target level of 67% of a new building for buildings that are Earthquake Prone. Council recognises that it may not be practicable for some repairs to meet that target. The council will work closely with building owners to achieve sensible, safe outcomes;
- A timeframe of 15-30 years for Earthquake Prone Buildings to be strengthened; and,
- Repair works for buildings damaged by earthquakes will be required to comply with the above.

The council has stated their willingness to consider retrofit proposals on a case by case basis, considering the economic impact of such a retrofit.

We anticipate that any building with a capacity of less than 33%NBS (including consideration of critical structural weaknesses) will need to be strengthened to a target of 67%NBS of new building standard as recommended by the Policy.

If strengthening works are undertaken, a building consent will be required. A requirement of the consent will require upgrade of the building to comply 'as near as is reasonably practicable' with:

- The accessibility requirements of the Building Code.
- The fire requirements of the Building Code. This is likely to require a fire report to be submitted with the building consent application.

3.4. Building Code

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The building code outlines performance standards for buildings and the Building Act requires that all new buildings comply with this code. Compliance Documents published by The Department of Building and Housing can be used to demonstrate compliance with the Building Code.

After the February Earthquake, on 19 May 2011, Compliance Document B1: Structure was amended to include increased seismic design requirements for Canterbury as follows:

- a) Hazard Factor increased from 0.22 to 0.3 (36% increase in the basic seismic design load)
- b) Serviceability Return Period Factor increased from 0.25 to 0.33 (80% increase in the serviceability design loads when combined with the Hazard Factor increase)

The increase in the above factors has resulted in a reduction in the level of compliance of an existing building relative to a new building despite the capacity of the existing building not changing.



4. Earthquake Resistance Standards

For this assessment, the building's earthquake resistance is compared with the current New Zealand Building Code requirements for a new building constructed on the site. This is expressed as a percentage of new building standard (%NBS). The new building standard load requirements have been determined in accordance with the current earthquake loading standard (NZS 1170.5:2004 Structural design actions - Earthquake actions - New Zealand).

The likely capacity of this building has been derived in accordance with the New Zealand Society for Earthquake Engineering (NZSEE) guidelines 'Assessment and Improvement of the Structural Performance of Buildings in Earthquakes' (AISPBE), 2006. These guidelines provide an Initial Evaluation Procedure that assesses a buildings capacity based on a comparison of loading codes from when the building was designed and currently. It is a quick high-level procedure that can be used when undertaking a Qualitative analysis of a building. The guidelines also provide guidance on calculating a modified Ultimate Limit State capacity of the building which is much more accurate and can be used when undertaking a Quantitative analysis.

The New Zealand Society for Earthquake Engineering has proposed a way for classifying earthquake risk for existing buildings in terms of %NBS and this is shown in Figure 2 below.

Description	Grade Risk %NBS		Existing Building Structural Performance		Improvement of Structural Performance			
					_►	Legal Requirement	NZSEE Recommendation	
Low Risk Building	A or B	Low	Above 67	Acceptable (improvement may be desirable)		The Building Act sets no required level of structural improvement (unless change in use)	100%NBS desirable. Improvement should achieve at least 67%NBS	
Moderate Risk Building	B or C	Moderate	34 to 66	Acceptable legally. Improvement recommended		(unless change in use) This is for each TA to decide. Improvement is not limited to 34%NBS.	Not recommended. Acceptable only in exceptional circumstances	
High Risk Building	D or E	High	33 or Iower	Unacceptable (Improvement		Unacceptable	Unacceptable	

Figure 2: NZSEE Risk Classifications Extracted from table 2.2 of the NZSEE 2006 AISPBE Guidelines

Table 1 below provides an indication of the risk of failure for an existing building with a given percentage NBS, relative to the risk of failure for a new building that has been designed to meet current Building Code criteria (the annual probability of exceedance specified by current earthquake design standards for a building of 'normal' importance is 1/500, or 0.2% in the next year, which is equivalent to 10% probability of exceedance in the next 50 years).

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Table 1: %NBS compared to relative risk of failure

Percentage of New Building Standard (%NBS)	Relative Risk (Approximate)
>100	<1 time
80-100	1-2 times
67-80	2-5 times
33-67	5-10 times
20-33	10-25 times
<20	>25 times

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5.1. Building description

The building is located in Spit Reserve at 217 Rocking Horse Road. There is only one building on this site. The building has one storey that is currently utilised as a public toilet. The building is constructed from lightweight timber-frame walls and a lightweight corrugated steel roof with timber-framing. The timber framing in the roof has 150x50 rafters and 100x50 chords with nailplate connections. The structure is supported on a concrete ground slab. It is assumed the building was designed and constructed in the 1970's.

Our evaluation was based on the visual inspection carried out on 18 September 2012. Drawings were not available to verify the date of construction.

5.2. Gravity Load Resisting system

It appears that the gravity loads are taken by the timber framing in the walls with direct transfer into the concrete slab foundation below.

5.3. Seismic Load Resisting system

Lateral loads acting across and along the building will be transferred through the timber framing in the walls.

Note that for this building the 'along direction' has been taken as east-west and the 'across direction' has been taken as north-south.



6. Damage Summary

SKM undertook an inspection on 18 September 2012. The following areas of damage were observed during the time of inspection:

<u>General</u>

1) No visual evidence of settlement was noted at this site, therefore a level survey is not required at this stage of assessment.

Building Damage

- 1) No earthquake-related damage was observed during our site inspection.
- 2) Holes in external wall cladding on the west side of the building. This is believed to be deliberate damage to install a tap and is not earthquake-related damage.
- 3) Gaps opening up between timber wall cladding elements. This is not believed to be earthquake-related damage.
- 4) Impact damage on gutter on the east side of the building. This is not believed to be earthquake-related damage.
- 5) Tearing of internal wall lining between the north and east walls. This is not believed to be earthquake-related damage.

Photos of the above damage can be found in Appendix 1 – Photos.



7. Initial Seismic Evaluation

7.1. The Initial Evaluation Procedure Process

This section covers the initial seismic evaluation of the building as detailed in the NZSEE 'Assessment and Improvement of the Structural Performance of Buildings in Earthquakes'. The IEP grades buildings according to their likely performance in a seismic event. The procedure is not yet recognised by the NZ Building Code but is widely used and recognised by the Christchurch City Council as the preferred method for preliminary seismic investigations of buildings².

The IEP is a coarse screening process designed to identify buildings that are likely to be earthquake prone. The IEP process ranks buildings according to how well they are likely to perform relative to a new building designed to current earthquake standards, as shown in Table 2. The building rank is indicated by the percent of the required New Building Standard (% NBS) strength that the building is considered to have. Earthquake prone buildings are defined as having less than 33% NBS strength which correlates to an increased risk of approximately 20 times that of 100% NBS³. Buildings that are identified to be earthquake prone are required by law to be followed up with a detailed assessment and strengthening work within 30 years of the owner being notified that the building is potentially earthquake prone⁴.

Description	Grade	Risk	%NBS	Structural performance
Low risk	A+	Low	> 100	Acceptable. Improvement may be desirable.
building	А		100 to 80	
	В		80 to 67	
Moderate	С	Moderate	67 to 33	Acceptable legally. Improvement
risk building				recommended.
High risk	D	High	33 to 20	Unacceptable. Improvement required.
building	E		< 20	

Table 2: IEP Risk classifications

The IEP is a simple desktop study that is useful for risk management. No detailed calculations are done and so it relies on an inspection of the building and its plans to identify the structural members and describe the likely performance of the building in a seismic event. A review of the

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² http://resources.ccc.govt.nz/files/EarthquakeProneDangerousAndInsanitaryBuildingsPolicy2010.pdf

³ NZSEE 2006, Assessment and Improvement of the Structural Performance of Buildings in Earthquakes, p 2-2

⁴ <u>http://resources.ccc.govt.nz/files/EarthquakeProneDangerousAndInsanitaryBuildingsPolicy2010.pdf</u>



plans is also likely to identify any critical structural weaknesses. The IEP assumes that the building was properly designed and built according to the relevant codes at the time of construction. The IEP method rates buildings based on the code used at the time of construction and some more subjective parameters associated with how the building is detailed and so it is possible that %NBS derived from different engineers may differ.

This assessment describes only the likely seismic Ultimate Limit State (ULS) performance of the building. The ULS is the level of earthquake that can be resisted by the building without catastrophic failure. The IEP does not attempt to estimate Serviceability Limit State (SLS) performance of the building, or the level of earthquake that would start to cause damage to the building⁵. This assessment concentrates on matters relating to life safety as damage to the building is a secondary consideration. SLS performance of the building can be estimated by scaling the current code levels if required.

The NZ Building Code describes that the relevant codes for NBS are primarily:

- AS/NZS 1170 Structural Design Actions
- NZS 3101:2006 Concrete Structures Standard
- NZS 3404:1997 Steel Structures Standard

7.2. Available Information, Assumptions and Limitations

Following our inspection on 18 September, SKM carried out a preliminary structural review. The structural review was undertaken using the available information which was as follows:

- SKM site measurements and inspection findings of the building. Please note no intrusive investigations were undertaken.
- There were no drawings available to carry out our review.

The following assumptions and design criteria were used in this assessment:

- Standard design assumptions for typical office and factory buildings as described in AS/NZS1170.0:2002
 - 50 year design life, which is the default NZ Building Code design life.
 - Structure Importance Level 1. This level of importance is described as 'low' with small or moderate consequence of failure.
 - Ductility level of 1.25 in both directions, based on our assessment and code requirements at the time of design.

⁵ NZSEE 2006, Assessment and Improvement of the Structural Performance of Buildings in Earthquakes, p2-9 SINCLAIR KNIGHT MERZ

- Site hazard factor, 2
 - Site hazard factor, Z = 0.3, NZBC, Clause B1 Structure, Amendment 11 effective from 1 August 2011
 - Seismic subsoil Class D (deep or soft soil) ground performance and properties, in accordance with NZS1170.5

This IEP was based on our visual inspection of the building. Since it is not a full design and construction review, it has the following limitations:

- It is not likely to pick up on any original design or construction errors (if they exist)
- Other possible issues that could affect the performance of the building such as corrosion and modifications to the building will not be identified
- The IEP deals only with the structural aspects of the building. Other aspects such as building services are not covered.

7.3. Critical Structural Weaknesses

No critical structural weaknesses have been identified in this building.

7.4. Qualitative Assessment Results

The building has had its capacity assessed using the Initial Evaluation Procedure based on the information available. The buildings capacity is expressed as a percentage of new building standard (%NBS) and are in the order of that shown below in Table 3. This capacity is subject to confirmation by a quantitative analysis.

Table 3: Qualitative Assessment Summary

Item	<u>%NBS</u>
Likely Seismic Capacity of Building	82

Our qualitative assessment found that the building is not likely to be classed as potentially earthquake prone and is probably a 'Low Risk Building' (capacity greater than 67% of NBS). The full IEP assessment form is detailed in Appendix 2 – IEP Reports.



8. Further Investigation

No further investigation is required at this stage as the likely seismic capacity of the building is greater than 67% NBS and no structural damage was observed.

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9. Conclusion

A qualitative assessment was carried out on the building located in Spit Reserve at 217 Rocking Horse Road, Southshore. The building has sustained no earthquake-related damage. The building has been assessed to have a seismic capacity in the order of 82% NBS and is therefore not a potential earthquake risk and is likely to be classified as a 'Low Risk Building' (capacity greater than 67% NBS).

No further investigation is recommended at this stage.

It is recommended that:

- a) There is no damage to the building that would cause it to be unsafe to occupy.
- b) We consider that barriers around the building are not necessary.



10. Limitation Statement

This report has been prepared on behalf of, and for the exclusive use of, SKM's client, and is subject to, and issued in accordance with, the provisions of the contract between SKM and the Client. It is not possible to make a proper assessment of this report without a clear understanding of the terms of engagement under which it has been prepared, including the scope of the instructions and directions given to, and the assumptions made by, SKM. The report may not address issues which would need to be considered for another party if that party's particular circumstances, requirements and experience were known and, further, may make assumptions about matters of which a third party is not aware. No responsibility or liability to any third party is accepted for any loss or damage whatsoever arising out of the use of or reliance on this report by any third party.

Without limiting any of the above, in the event of any liability, SKM's liability, whether under the law of contract, tort, statute, equity or otherwise, is limited in as set out in the terms of the engagement with the Client.

It is not within SKM's scope or responsibility to identify the presence of asbestos, nor the responsibility of SKM to identify possible sources of asbestos. Therefore for any property predating 1989, the presence of asbestos materials should be considered when costing remedial measures or possible demolition.

There is a risk of further movement and increased cracking due to subsequent aftershocks or settlement.

Should there be any further significant earthquake event, of a magnitude 5 or greater, it will be necessary to conduct a follow-up investigation, as the observations, conclusions and recommendations of this report may no longer apply Earthquake of a lower magnitude may also cause damage, and SKM should be advised immediately if further damage is visible or suspected.



11. Appendix 1 – Photos





Photo 5: Holes and ten in west well	Photo 6: Come opening up hotware timber well
Photo 5: Holes and tap in west wall	Photo 6: Gaps opening up between timber wall cladding elements
Photo 7: Impact damage on gutter on west side	Photo 8: Gaps opening up between timber wall
Photo 7: Impact damage on gutter on west side of building	Photo 8: Gaps opening up between timber wall cladding elements





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12. Appendix 2 – IEP Reports

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Page 1

Table IEP-1

IEP-1 Initial Evaluation Procedure – Step 1 (Refer Table IEP - 2 for Step 2; Table IEP - 3 for Step 3, Table IEP - 4 for Steps 4, 5 and 6)

Building Name:	Spit Reserve Toilet	Ref.	ZB01276.122
Location:	217 Rocking Horse Road, Southshore	Ву	WPK
		Date	19/09/2012

Step 1 - General Information

1.1 Photos (attach sufficient to describe building)



1.2 Sketch of building plan

1.3 List relevant features

The building in Spit Reserve at 217 Rockinghorse Lane is one storey and is currently used as a public toilet. The building has timber-framed walls and a concrete floor slab. The main lateral load-resisting system appear to be the timber framing in the walls. The roof is timber-framed with metal sheeting as cladding. The building is assumed to have been constructed in the 1970's.

1.4 Note information sources

Visual Inspection of Exterior Visual Inspection of Interior Drawings (note type) Specifications Geotechical Reports Other (list)



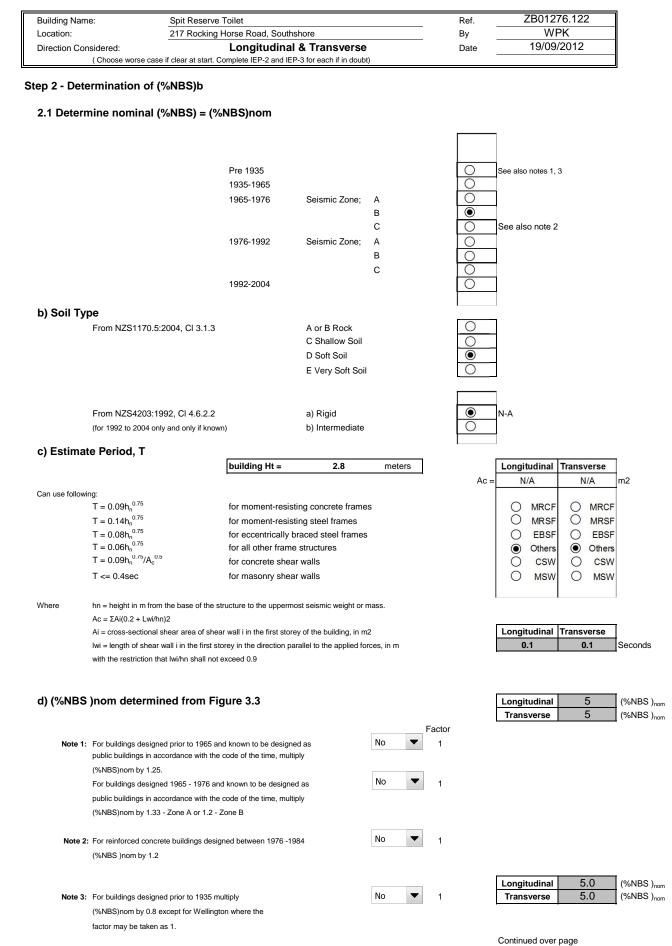




Page 2

Table IEP-2 Initial Evaluation Procedure – Step 2

(Refer Table IEP - 1 for Step 1; Table IEP - 3 for Step 3, Table IEP - 4 for Steps 4, 5 and 6)



le IEP-2	Initial Eva	aluation Procedu	ıre – St	ep 2 continued	I		3		Page
Building Nan	ne:	Spit Reserve Toilet					Ref.	ZB012	76.122
Location:		217 Rocking Horse	Road, Sc	outhshore			Ву	W	РК
Direction Co	nsidered:	Lon	gitudin	al & Transvers	е		Date	19/09/	/2012
	(Choose wors	e case if clear at start. Co	omplete IE	P-2 and IEP-3 for each	if in doubt)				
2.2 Near Fau		Factor, Factor A sec, Factor A = 1							
a) Near Fault F (from NZS11	f actor, N(T,D) 70.5:2004, Cl				1				
b) Near Fault S	caling Factor		=	1/N(T,D)		Factor A	1.00		
2.3 Hazard S	caling Fac	tor, Factor B		Coloct Location	Chuistahuush		_		
				Select Location	Christchurch				
a) Hazard Fact		bla 2 2)			7	0.3			
(Irom NZS11	70.5:2004, Ta	มเย 3.3)			Z = Z 1992 =	0.3	Auckland (0.6 Palm Nth 1	2
b) Hazard Scal	ing Factor				L 1992 =	0.0	Wellington		
		For pre 1992 = 1/Z					Christchurch		
ŧ		For 1992 onwards =	7 1992/2	7			Gillistendren	0.0 Hamilton 0.	07
	(Where Z 1992 is	s the NZS4203:1992 Zone Fa))				
						Factor B	3.33		
2 4 Return P	eriod Scali	ing Factor, Facto	or C						
		-							
a) Building Im (from NZS11		el ble 3.1 and 3.2)			1				
b) Return Perio	od Scaling Fa	ctor from accompany	ying Tab	le 3.1		Factor C	2.00		
2.5 Ductility	Scaling Fa	ctor, D							
a) Assessed D	uctility of Exis	sting Structure, µ			Longitudinal	1.25	µ Maximur	n = 2	
(shall be less	than maximu	m given in accompany	ing Table	93.2)	Transverse	1.25	µ Maximur	n = 2	
b) Ductility Sca	aling Factor								
	For pre 1976	3	=	k_{μ}					
	For 1976 on	wards	=	1					
	(where k_{μ} is N2	ZS1170.5:2005 Ductility F	actor, fron	ı	Longitudinal	Factor D	1.14		
	accompanying	Table 3.3)			Transverse	Factor D	1.14		
2.6 Structura	al Performa	ance Scaling Fac	tor, Fa	ctor E					
Select Mate	rial of Lateral	Load Resisting System	em						
		Longitudinal			Timber	-			
		Transverse			Timber	-			
a) Structural P		-							
	from accom	panying Figure 3.4		2	<u> </u>				
		Longitudinal Transverse		Sp Sp	0.93 0.93				
b) Structural P	erformance S	caling Factor							
		Longitudinal		1/S _p		Factor E	1.08		
		Transverse		1/S _p		Factor E	1.08		
	%NBS for	Building (%NBS	3).						
2.7 Baseline		Dullullu. I /min.							
2.7 Baseline (equals (%		A x B x C x D x					Longitudin	al 41.2	(%NE

	Insignificant Insignificant Insignificant Insignificant pounding) s), the effect	WPł 19/09/2 Factor A Factor C	
(PAR) ructural Performance alue - Do not interpola Significant signit significant significant significant	ce ate) Insignificant Insignificant Insignificant Insignificant o Insignificant s), the effect me buildings. Factor D1 Severe	Factor A	Building Score
ructural Performance alue - Do not interpola Significant Significant Significant Significant () (1.0 if no potential for s (eg with shear walls alue applicable to frar Separation 20% of Storey Height	Insignificant Insignificant Insignificant Insignificant pounding) s), the effect me buildings. Factor D1 Severe	Factor B	Score
alue - Do not interpola Significant signif	Insignificant Insignificant Insignificant Insignificant pounding) s), the effect me buildings. Factor D1 Severe	Factor B	Score
Significant Significant Significant Significant () (1.0 if no potential for () (1.0 if no potential for () (1.0 if no potential for () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	Insignificant In	Factor B	1
Significant Significant Significant () (1.0 if no potential for (eq with shear walls alue applicable to frar Separation 20% of Storey Height	Insignificant Insignificant Insignificant pounding) s), the effect me buildings. Factor D1 Severe	Factor B	1
Significant Significant () (1.0 if no potential for s (eg with shear walls alue applicable to frar Separation 20% of Storey Height	Insignificant In	Factor C	1
e1.0 if no potential for s (eg with shear walls alue applicable to frar Separation 20% of Storey Height	Insignificant pounding) s), the effect me buildings. Factor D1 Severe	Factor C	1
e1.0 if no potential for s (eg with shear walls alue applicable to frar Separation 20% of Storey Height	pounding) s), the effect me buildings. Factor D1 Severe	1	
s (eg with shear walls alue applicable to frar Separation 20% of Storey Height	pounding) s), the effect me buildings. Factor D1 Severe	1	
s (eg with shear walls alue applicable to frar Separation 20% of Storey Height	s), the effect me buildings. Factor D1 Severe		Insignificant
s (eg with shear walls alue applicable to frar Separation 20% of Storey Height	s), the effect me buildings. Factor D1 Severe		Insignificant
alue applicable to fran Separation 20% of Storey Height	me buildings. Factor D1 Severe		Insignificant
alue applicable to fran Separation 20% of Storey Height	me buildings. Factor D1 Severe		Insignificant
	0 0.7	.005 <sep<.01h< th=""><th>Sep>.01H</th></sep<.01h<>	Sep>.01H
,,	0	0	
	Factor D2	1	
Separation	Severe	Significant	Insignificant Sep>.01H
			0 1
And a second	0 0.7 0 1	O 0.9 O 1	○ 1● 1
	(Sat D. Jaccar a	Factor D	1
			g)
efaction etc) Significant 0.5 0.7	Insignificant ① 1	Factor E	1
eys - Maximum value 2	2.5,		
Maximum value 1.5. N	lo minimum.	Factor F	2
ke damage noted.			
	erence 2 to 4 Storeys ifference < 2 Storeys efaction etc) Significant 0.5 0.7 eys - Maximum value	Severe Separation 0 <sep<.005h ifference > 4 Storeys ifference 2 to 4 Storeys ifference < 2 Storeys (Set D = lesser of set D = 1.0 if no efaction etc) Significant Insignificant 0.5 0.7 1 eys - Maximum value 2.5, Maximum value 1.5. No minimum.</sep<.005h 	Severe Significant Separation $0 < \text{Sep} < .005\text{H}$ $.005 < \text{Sep} < .01\text{H}$ ifference > 4 Storeys 0.4 0.7 0.9 erence 2 to 4 Storeys 1 1 1 ifference < 2 Storeys

uilding Name:	Spit Reserve Toilet		_	Ref.	ZB0127	
ocation: irection Considered	d: 217 Rocking Horse Road, Souths		_	By Date	WP 19/09/	
(Choose worse	case if clear at start. Complete IEP-2 and IE	P-3 for each if in doubt)				
	sment of Performance Achievendix B - Section B3.2)	vement Ratio (PAR)				
Critical St	ructural Weakness		etural Performan			Building Score
3.1 Plan Irreg	gularity	Severe	Significant	Insignificant		_
Ef	fect on Structural Performance Comment	0	0	۲	Factor A	1
3.2 Vertical Ir	regularity	Severe	Significant	Insignificant		
Ef	fect on Structural Performance Comment	0	0		Factor B	1
3.3 Short Col	lumns	Severe	Significant	Insignificant		
Ef	fect on Structural Performance	0	0		Factor C	1
	Comment					
3.4 Pounding	Potential					
	(Estimate D1 and D2 and set D =	the lower of the two, or =1.0 if	no potential for p	ounding)		
	- Pounding Effect					
Select approp	riate value from Table					
-	assume the building has a frame struct hay be reduced by taking the co-efficien					
Values given a of pounding m	hay be reduced by taking the co-efficien			ildings. Factor D1	1 Significant	Insignificant
Values given a of pounding m	-			ildings.		Sep>.01H
Values given a of pounding m	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien	nt to the right of the value appli Alignment of Floors within 20%	cable to frame bu Separation of Storey Height	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td></sep<.01h<></td></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td></sep<.01h<>	Sep>.01H
Values given a of pounding m	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien	nt to the right of the value appli	cable to frame bu Separation of Storey Height	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td></sep<.01h<></td></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td></sep<.01h<>	Sep>.01H
Values given a of pounding m	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien	nt to the right of the value appli Alignment of Floors within 20%	cable to frame bu Separation of Storey Height	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td></sep<.01h<></td></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td></sep<.01h<>	Sep>.01H
Values given a of pounding m	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien oction of Factor D1	nt to the right of the value appli Alignment of Floors within 20%	cable to frame bu Separation of Storey Height	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td></sep<.01h<></td></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td></sep<.01h<>	Sep>.01H
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien action of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect vriate value from Table	nt to the right of the value appli Alignment of Floors within 20%	cable to frame bu Separation of Storey Height	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h 0.7 0.4 Factor D2</sep<.005h 	Significant .005 <sep< 01h<br="">0.8 0.7</sep<>	Sep>.01H 1 0.8
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien oction of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect	nt to the right of the value appli Alignment of Floors within 20%	Separation of Storey Height	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h 0.7 0.4 Factor D2 Severe</sep<.005h 	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant</sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H 1 0.8 Insignificant
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien action of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect vriate value from Table	nt to the right of the value appli Alignment of Floors within 20%	cable to frame bu Separation of Storey Height	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h 0.7 0.4 Factor D2 Severe 0<sep<.005h< td=""><td>Significant .005<sep< 01h<br="">0.8 0.7</sep<></td><td>Sep>.01H 1 0.8</td></sep<.005h<></sep<.005h 	Significant .005 <sep< 01h<br="">0.8 0.7</sep<>	Sep>.01H 1 0.8
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien action of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect vriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differen	Separation 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 7 Separation rence > 4 Storeys 10 c 2 to 4 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""> 0<.4</sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.7 0.7 0.9</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ○ 1 ○ 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien action of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect vriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differen	Separation 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height Separation rence > 4 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""> 0<.4</sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.7 0.7</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H 1 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H 1 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien action of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect vriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differen	Separation 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 7 Separation rence > 4 Storeys 10 c 2 to 4 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""> 0<.4</sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 Sep<.01H 0.7 0.9 0.9 1</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>01H ○ 1 ○ 1 ● 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien action of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect vriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differen	Separation 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 7 Separation rence > 4 Storeys 10 c 2 to 4 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0<5ep<0.05H	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.7 0.7 0.9</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ○ 1 ○ 1 ● 1 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien action of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect vriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differen	Separation 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 7 Separation rence > 4 Storeys 10 c 2 to 4 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""> 0.7 0.4 Factor D2 Severe 0<sep<.005h< td=""> 0.4 0.7 0.4 0</sep<.005h<></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.7 0.9 0.9 1 Factor D</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ○ 1 ○ 1 ● 1 1 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp Table for Sele	Align - Height Difference Effect wriate value from Table extion of Factor D2	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differ Height Differ	cable to frame bu Separation 6 of Storey Height 5 of Storey Height 7 Separation rence > 4 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""> 0.7 0.4 Factor D2 Severe 0<sep<.005h< td=""> 0.4 0.7 0.4 0</sep<.005h<></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 0.9 1 Factor D of D1 and D2 or</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ○ 1 ○ 1 ● 1 1 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp Table for Sele	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien action of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect vriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differ Height Differ	cable to frame bu Separation 6 of Storey Height 5 of Storey Height 7 Separation rence > 4 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""> 0.7 0.4 Factor D2 Severe 0<sep<.005h (set="" 0.1="" 0.4="" 0.7="" 0<4="" d="1.0" if="" no<="" set="" td=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 0.9 1 Factor D of D1 and D2 or</sep<.01h </sep<.01h </td><td>Sep>.01H ● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ○ 1 ○ 1 ● 1 1 1</td></sep<.005h></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 0.9 1 Factor D of D1 and D2 or</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ○ 1 ○ 1 ● 1 1 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp Table for Sele	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien oction of Factor D1 - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table ection of Factor D2 - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differ Height Differ Slide threat, <u>liquefaction</u>	cable to frame bu Separation 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 7 Separation rence > 4 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""> 0.7 0.4 Factor D2 Severe 0<sep<.005h (set="" 0.1="" 0.4="" 0.7="" d="1.0" if="" lnsignificant<="" no="" set="" td=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 0.9 1 Factor D of D1 and D2 or</sep<.01h </sep<.01h </td><td>Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 1 1 ending)</td></sep<.005h></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 0.9 1 Factor D of D1 and D2 or</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 1 1 ending)
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp Table for Sele	nay be reduced by taking the co-efficien oction of Factor D1 - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table ection of Factor D2 - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differ Height Differ Slide threat, liquefaction	cable to frame bu Separation 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 7 Separation rence > 4 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""> 0.7 0.4 Factor D2 Severe 0<sep<.005h (set="" 0.1="" 0.4="" 0.7="" d="1.0" if="" lnsignificant<="" no="" set="" td=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 0.9 1 Factor D of D1 and D2 or prospect of pour</sep<.01h </sep<.01h </td><td>Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 1 ● 1</td></sep<.005h></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 0.9 1 Factor D of D1 and D2 or prospect of pour</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 1 ● 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp Table for Sele	Aligned by taking the co-efficient action of Factor D1 - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table action of Factor D2 - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differ Height Differ Slide threat, liquefaction	cable to frame bu Separation 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 7 Separation rence > 4 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys rence < 2 Storeys	Factor D1 Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""> 0 0.4 Factor D2 Severe 0<sep<.005h< td=""> 0 0.4 0 0.4 0 0.4 0 0.4 0 0.4 0 0.4 0 0.7 0 1 (Set D = lesser set D = 1.0 if no Insignificant 1</sep<.005h<></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 0.9 1 Factor D of D1 and D2 or prospect of pour</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 1 ● 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp Table for Sele 3.5 Site Ct Ef	Aligned by taking the co-efficient action of Factor D1 - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table action of Factor D2 - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table - Height Difference Effect viriate value from Table	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differen Height Differen Height Differen Severe 0.5 For < 3 storeys	Separation 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 6 of Storey Height 8 of Storey Height 9 of Stor	Factor D1 Severe 0<5ep<0.05H	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 .005</sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ○ 1 ○ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp Table for Sele 3.5 Site Ch Ef 3.6 Other I	hay be reduced by taking the co-efficient ection of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect briate value from Table ection of Factor D2 haracteristics - (Stability, lands fect on Structural Performance Factors	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differen Height Differen Height Differen Severe 0.5 For < 3 storeys	cable to frame but Separation 6 of Storey Height 8 of Storey Height 8 of Storey Height 9 of Stor	Factor D1 Severe 0<5ep<0.05H	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 1 Significant .005<sep<.01h 0.05 0.9 1 Factor D of D1 and D2 or prospect of pour</sep<.01h </sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ● 1 ● 1 ● 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp Table for Sele 3.5 Site Ch Ef 3.6 Other I Record ra	Aligned texture of the second	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differen Height Differen Height Differen Solide threat, liquefaction Source 0.5 For < 3 storeys otherwise - Max	cable to frame bu Separation 6 of Storey Height 8 separation rence > 4 Storeys ince 2 to 4 Storeys etc) Significant - Maximum value imum value 1.5. I	Factor D1 Severe 0<5ep<0.05H	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 .005</sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ○ 1 ○ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Values given a of pounding m Table for Sele b) Factor D2: Select approp Table for Sele 3.5 Site Ch Ef 3.6 Other I Record ra	hay be reduced by taking the co-efficient ection of Factor D1 Align - Height Difference Effect briate value from Table ection of Factor D2 haracteristics - (Stability, lands fect on Structural Performance Factors	Alignment of Floors within 20% nment of Floors not within 20% Height Differ Height Differen Height Differen Height Differen Solide threat, liquefaction Source 0.5 For < 3 storeys otherwise - Max	cable to frame bu Separation 6 of Storey Height 8 separation rence > 4 Storeys ince 2 to 4 Storeys etc) Significant - Maximum value imum value 1.5. I	Factor D1 Severe 0<5ep<0.05H	Significant .005 <sep<.01h 0.8 0.7 .005</sep<.01h 	Sep>.01H ● 1 ○ 0.8 Insignificant Sep>.01H ○ 1 ○ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

_ocation:	Spit Reserve T	oilet				Ref.		276.122
Direction Considered	217 Rocking H			vorso		By	-	/PK
Direction Considered: (Choose v	worse case if clear at st		inal & Trans IEP-2 and IEP-3 for)	Date	19/0	9/2012
Step 4 - Percenta	ge of New Build	ding Stan	dard (%NBS)				
					1	Longitudina	ıl	Transverse
11 46	sessed Baselin	o (%NBS)	L			-		44
7.1 73	(from Table		b			41		41
4.2 Per	4.2 Performance Achievement Ratio (PAR)					2.00]	2.00
	(from Table IEP - 2)							
4.3 PA	R x Baseline (%	նNBS) _Ի				82		82
4 4 Po	rcentage New E	Quilding S	tandard (%N	IBS)				82
1.1 1 0			ues from Ste					02
	_		_					
Step 5	- Potentially Ea		e Prone? appropriate)					
						%NBS ≤ 33	3	NO
Step 6	- Potentially Ea	arthquake	Risk?			%NBS < 6 [°]	7	NO
						, <u>20</u>		
Stop 7	Drevisional C	anding fo	r Colomia Di	ok boood r				
Step 7	- Provisional G	rading to	or Seismic Ri	sk paseu (Seismic G	rade	Α
			Anne	n el	,			
	tion Confirmed	lby	MMCa	Wat			Signature	
Evalua								
Evalua								
Evalua			Nick Calvert				Name	
Evalua			Nick Calvert				Name CPEng. No	
	onship between	a Seismic	242062	% NBS :			-	
	onship between Grade: %NBS:	a Seismic A+ > 100	242062	% NBS : B 80 to 67	C 67 to 33	D 33 to 20	-]



13. Appendix 3 – CERA Standardised Report Form

SINCLAIR KNIGHT MERZ

PRK 1360 BLDG 001 Spit Reserve Toilet Qualitative Final.docx

			V1.11
Location		Deciment	Niel Ochard
-	: Spit Reserve Toilet Unit	No: Street CPEng No:	
Building Address Legal Description		217 Rocking Horse Road, Southshore Company: Company project number:	
	Degrees	Company phone number: Min Sec	09 928 5500
GPS south	:	Date of submission:	
GPS east		Inspection Date: Revision:	В
Building Unique Identifier (CCC)	: PRK 1360_BLDG_001	Is there a full report with this summary?	yes
Site			
Site slope Soil type		Max retaining height (m): Soil Profile (if available):	0.15
Site Class (to NZS1170.5) Proximity to waterway (m, if <100m)	: D	· · · ·	
Proximity to clifftop (m, if < 100m)	:	If Ground improvement on site, describe:	
Proximity to cliff base (m,if <100m)	۶ ـــــ	Approx site elevation (m):	
Building			
No. of storeys above ground		single storey = 1 Ground floor elevation (Absolute) (m):	
Ground floor split? Storeys below ground		Ground floor elevation above ground (m):	
Foundation type Building height (m)		if Foundation type is other, describe: height from ground to level of uppermost seismic mass (for IEP only) (m):	
Floor footprint area (approx) Age of Building (years)	: 6	Date of design:	
Age of Building (years)	. 40		1903-1970
Strengthening present?	Ino	If so, when (year)?	
Use (ground floor)		And what load level (%g)? Brief strengthening description:	·
Use (upper floors)	:		
Use notes (if required) Importance level (to NZS1170.5)			
Gravity Structure			
Gravity System:			
Floors	: timber framed : concrete flat slab	rafter type, purlin type and cladding slab thickness (mm)	
Beams Columns	timber	type typical dimensions (mm x mm)	Unknown
	non-load bearing	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Lateral load resisting structure			
Lateral system along Ductility assumed, μ	lightweight timber framed walls 1.25	Note: Define along and across in note typical wall length (m) detailed report!	2.5
Period along Total deflection (ULS) (mm)	:0.10	0.00 estimate or calculation? estimate or calculation?	
maximum interstorey deflection (ULS) (mm)		estimate or calculation?	estimated
Lateral system across	lightweight timber framed walls	note typical wall length (m)	2.4
Ductility assumed, μ Period across	: 1.25	0.00 estimate or calculation?	
Total deflection (ULS) (mm)	: 10	estimate or calculation?	estimated
maximum interstorey deflection (ULS) (mm)	4	estimate or calculation?	estimated
Separations: north (mm)		leave blank if not relevant	
east (mm)	:		
south (mm) west (mm)			
Non-structural elements			
Non-structural elements Stairs Wall electrics		dependent	Timber froming
Stairs Wall cladding Roof Cladding	: exposed structure : Metal	describe describe	Timber framing Lightweight corrugated sheeting
Stairs Wall cladding Roof Cladding Glazing	exposed structure Metal	describe	Timber framing Lightweight corrugated sheeting
Stairs Wall cladding Roof Cladding	exposed structure Metal	describe	Timber framing Lightweight corrugated sheeting
Stairs Wall cladding Roof Cladding Glazing Ceilings Services(list)	exposed structure Metal	describe	Timber framing Lightweight corrugated sheeting
Stairs Wall cladding Roof Cladding Glazing Ceilings	exposed structure Metal	describe	Lightweight corrugated sheeting
Stairs Wall clading Roof Clading Glazing Services(list) Available documentation Architectura Structura	exposed structure Metal Inone none	describe original designer name/date original designer name/date	Lightweight corrugated sheeting
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