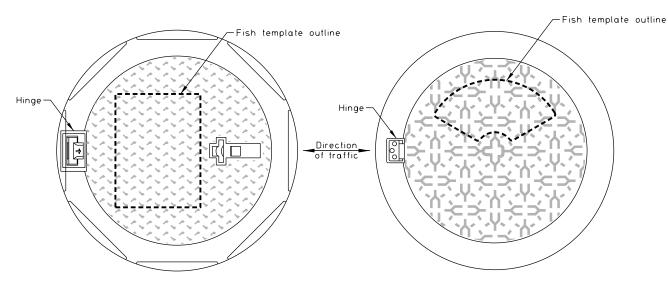
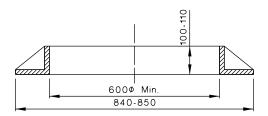


# OPTIONAL FISH TEMPLATE



FRAME PLAN

FRAME PLAN



# TYPICAL SECTION

### NOTES

- 1. Manholes to comply with CCC approved materials list including lid markings (not shown).
- 2. Plan and section are diagrammatic.
- 3. Sump grates to be AS 3996 Class C.
- 4. Fish template dwg available from CCC on request.
- 5. Manhole hinge to be installed in direction of traffic.

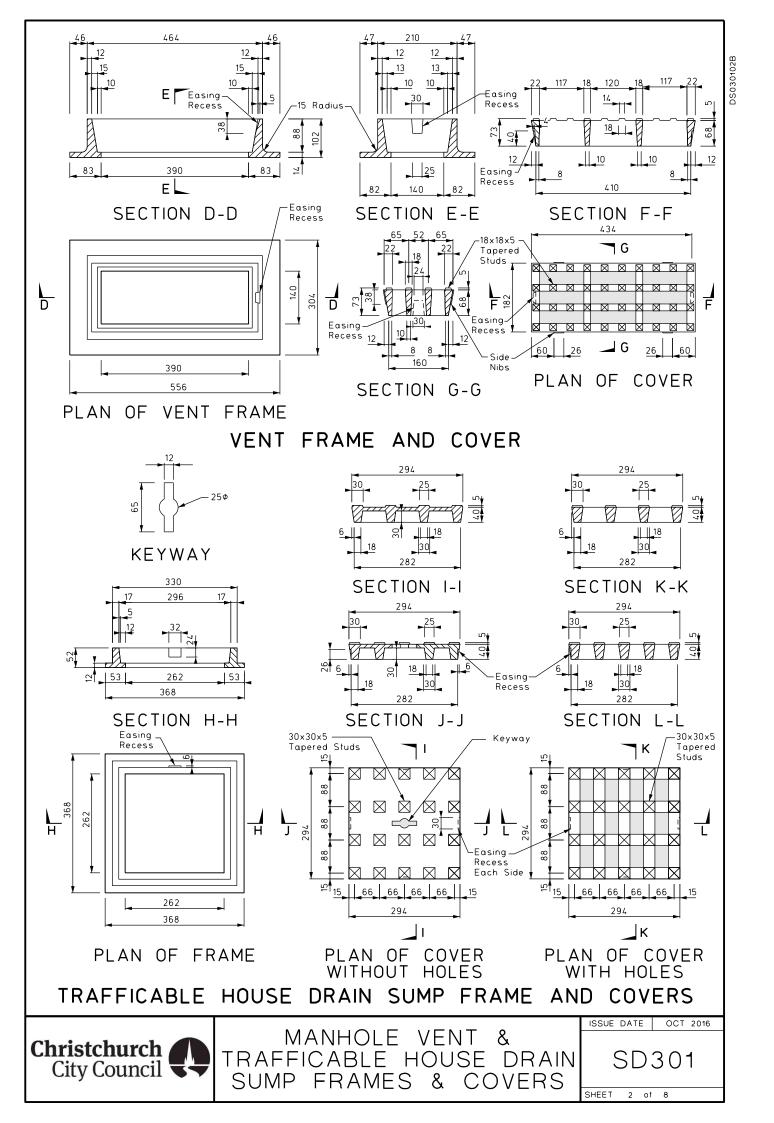


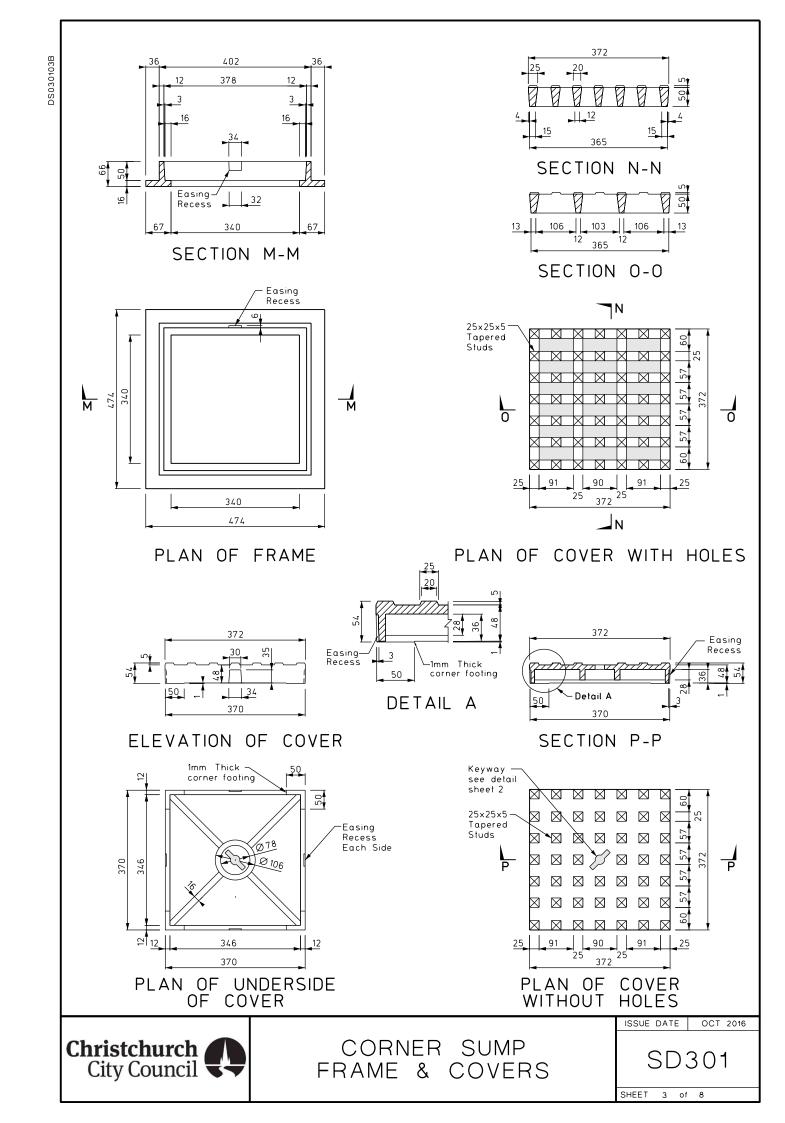
CIRCULAR MANHOLE FRAMES & COVERS

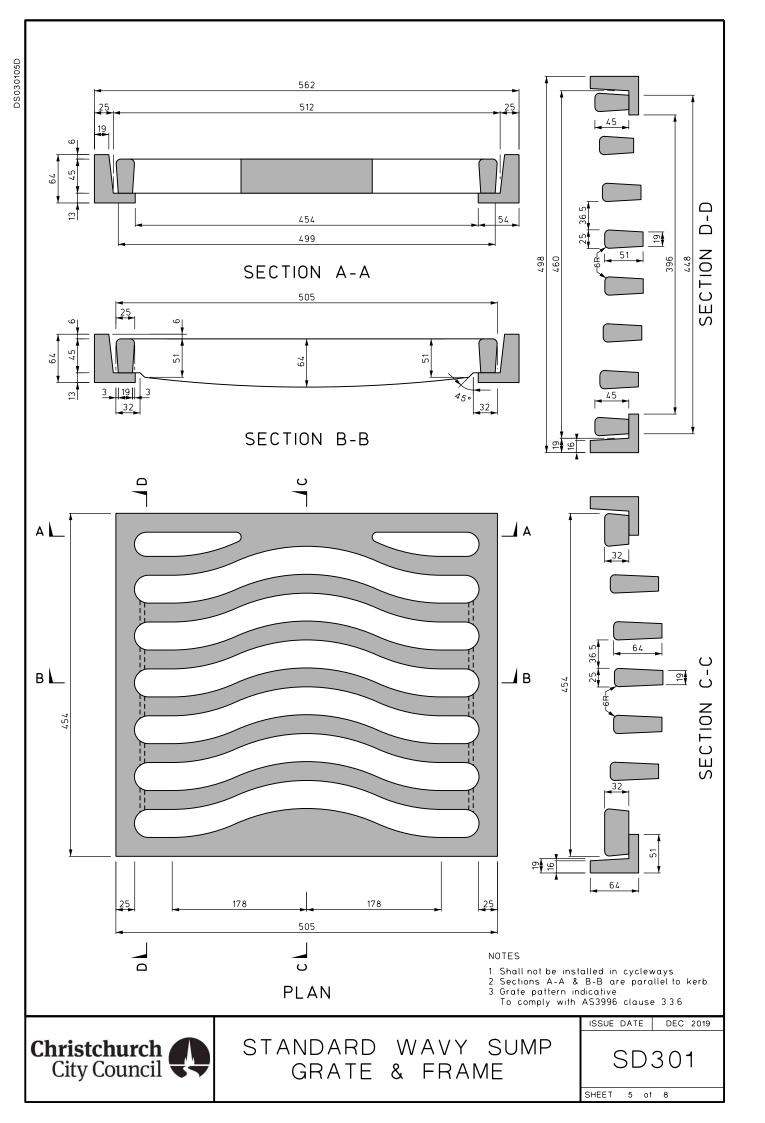
ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

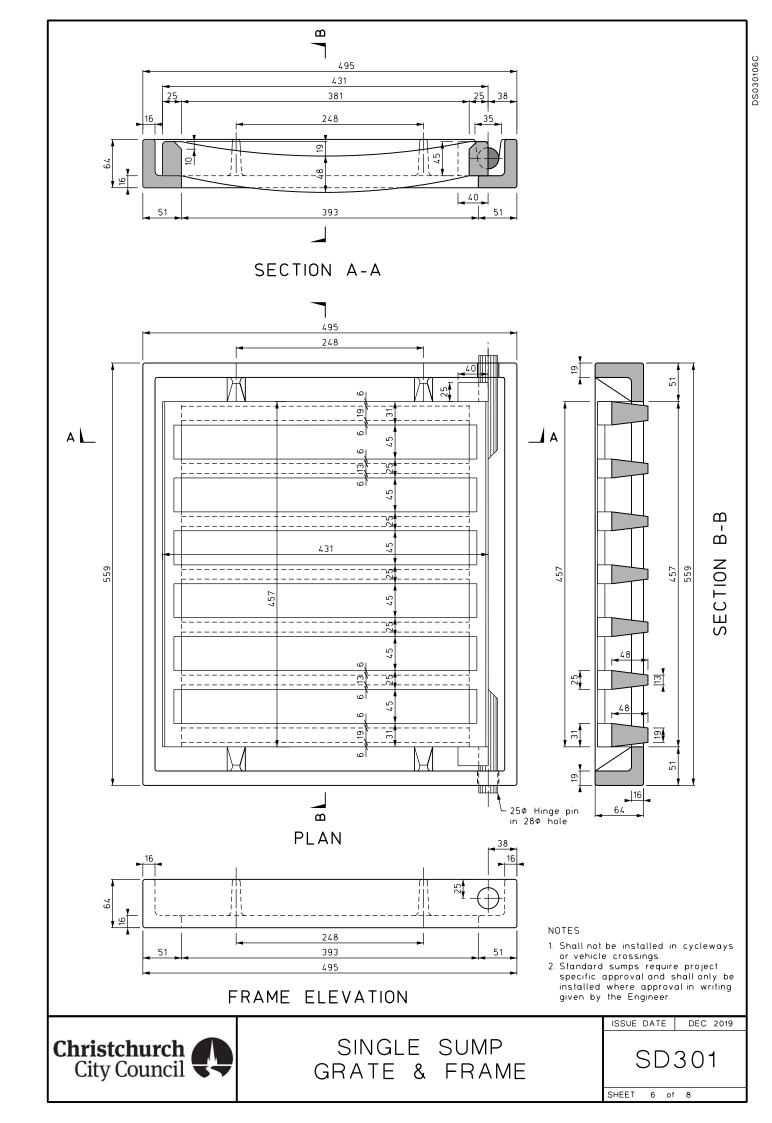
SD301

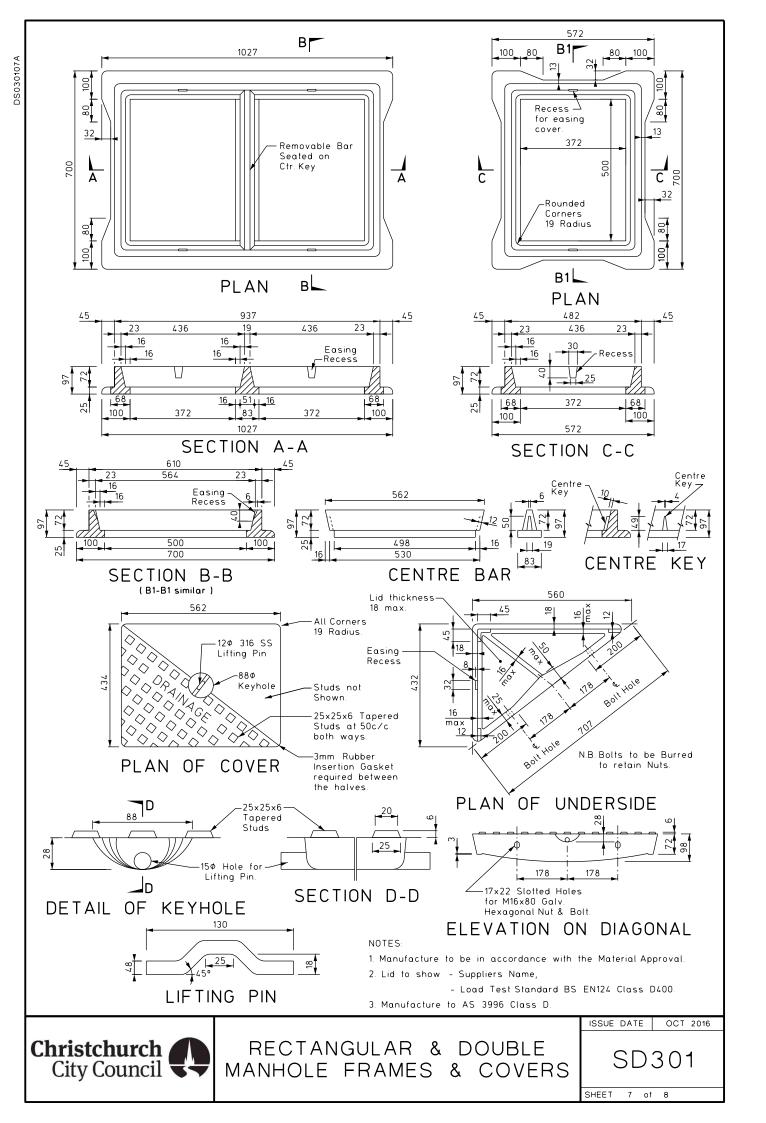
SHEET 1 of 8

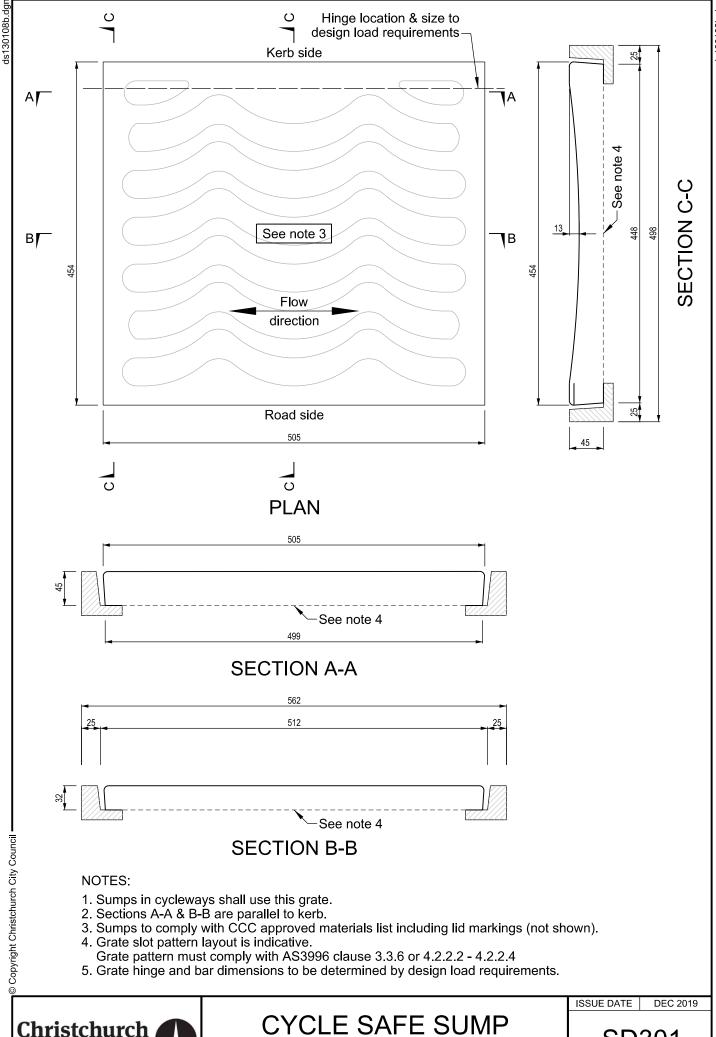








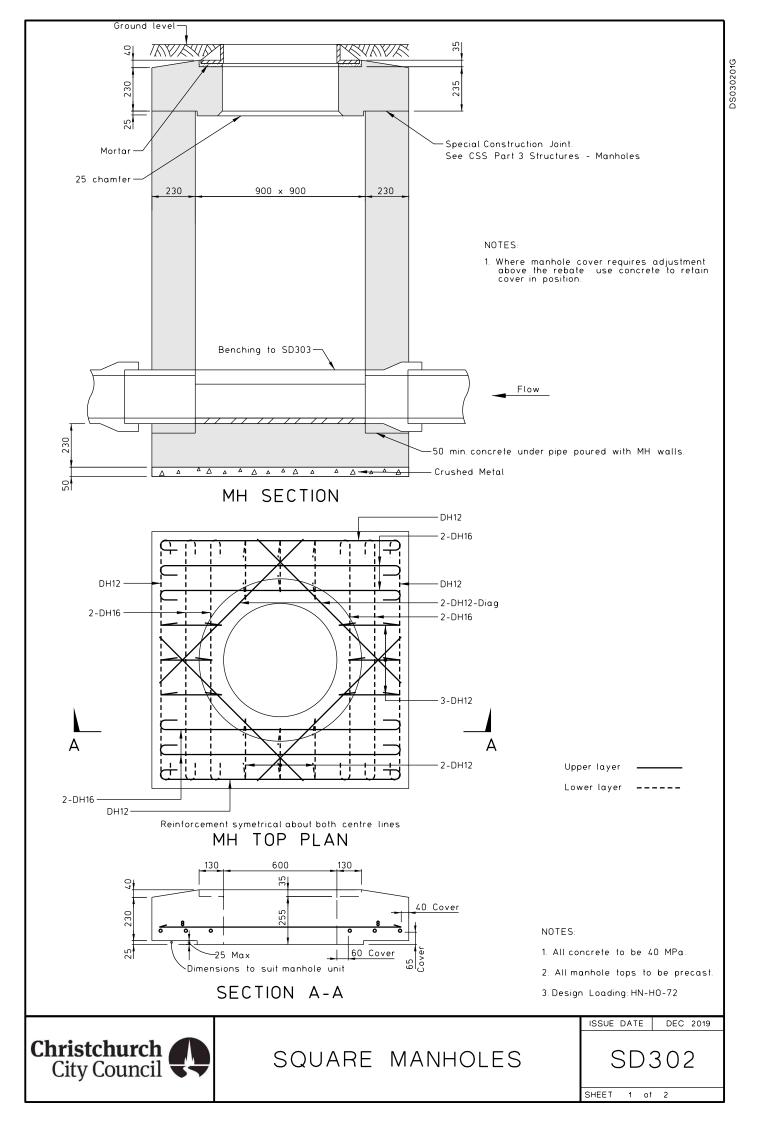


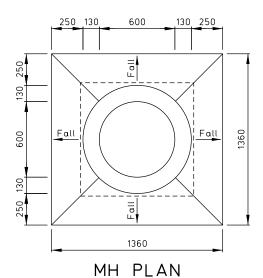


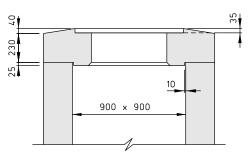
Christchurch City Council

**GRATING & FRAME** 

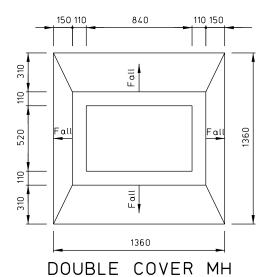
**SD301** SHEET 8 OF 8







PRECAST TOP MH



PLAN

97

900 × 900

PRECAST TOP DOUBLE COVER MH

- These tops are to fit cast in-situ square manholes only.
- Precast tops to be seated on a cement sand mortar bed Excess mortar on inside of MH to be struck clean.
- 3. Where manhole cover requires adjustment above the rebate use concrete to retain cover in position.
- 4. 2 M12 cast in fixings in precast tops for lifting.
- 5. See the notes on SD303/3.
- 6. See plan SD301/1, 2 & 7 for manhole frames & lids.
- 7. Concrete work to comply with NZS 3109.

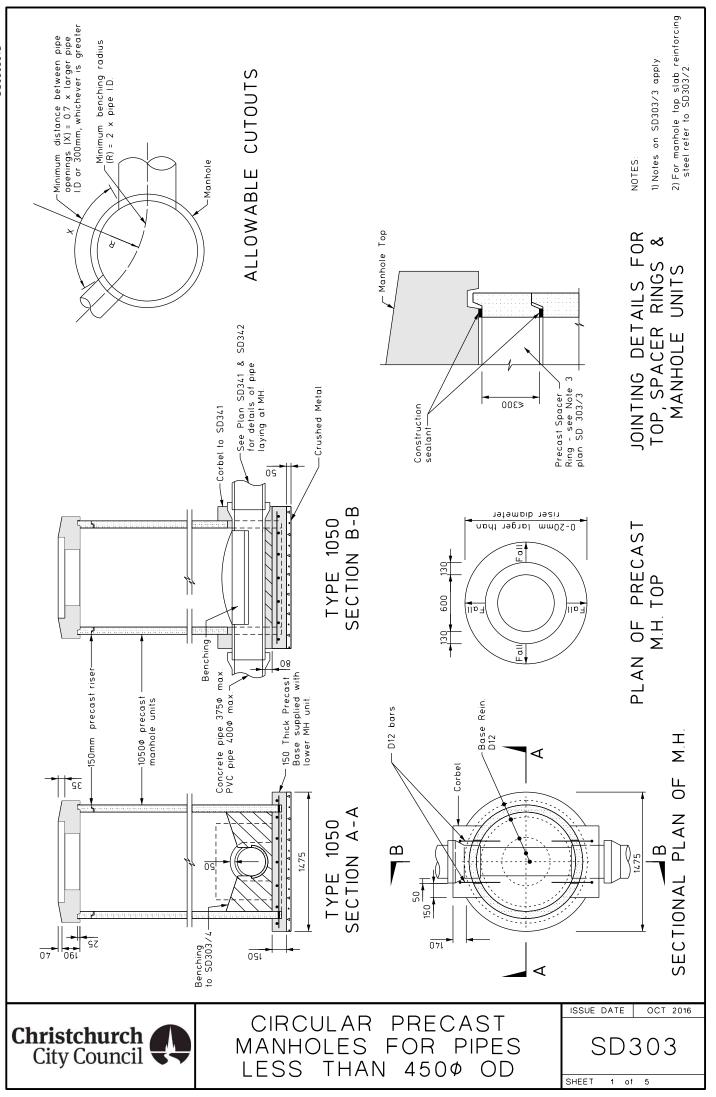
Christchurch City Council

SQUARE AND DOUBLE MANHOLE TOPS

ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

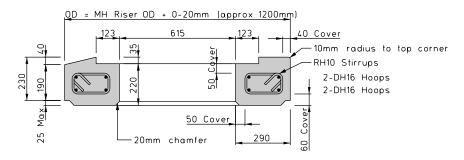
SD302

SHEET 2 of 2



Reinforcement symetrical about both centre lines

# MH PLAN



# SECTION A-A SLOPED OR SQUARE TOP OPTIONS

#### NOTES:

- 1. All concrete to be 40 MPa.
- 2. All manhole tops to be precast.
- 3. Design Loading: HN-H0-72
- 4. Reinforcing shall be grade 500.
- 5. Design life 100 years.

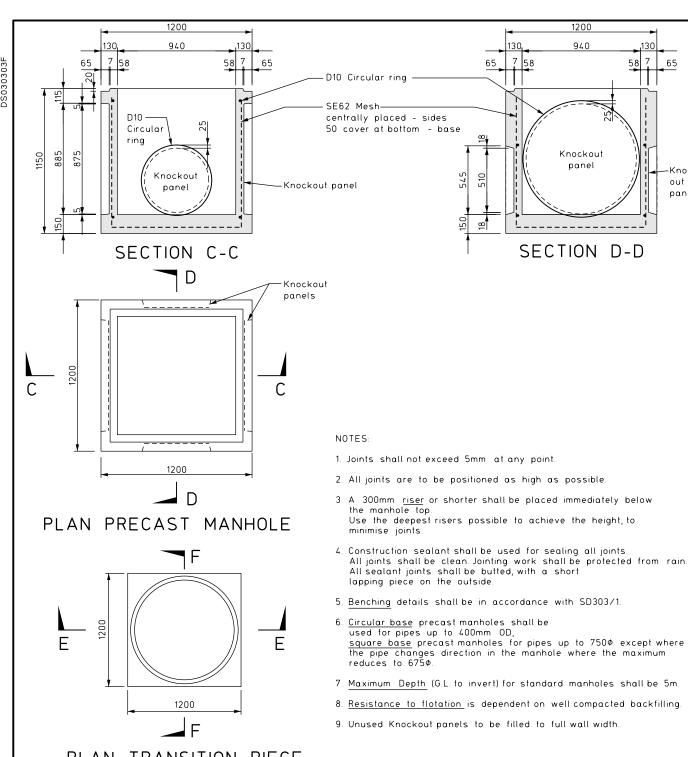


CIRCULAR PRECAST MANHOLES TOP SLABS REINFORCEMENT

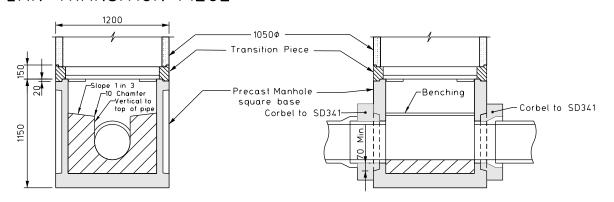
ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

SD303

SHEET 2 of 5



# PLAN TRANSITION PIECE



SECTION E-E SECTION F-F PRECAST MANHOLE AND TRANSITION PIECE



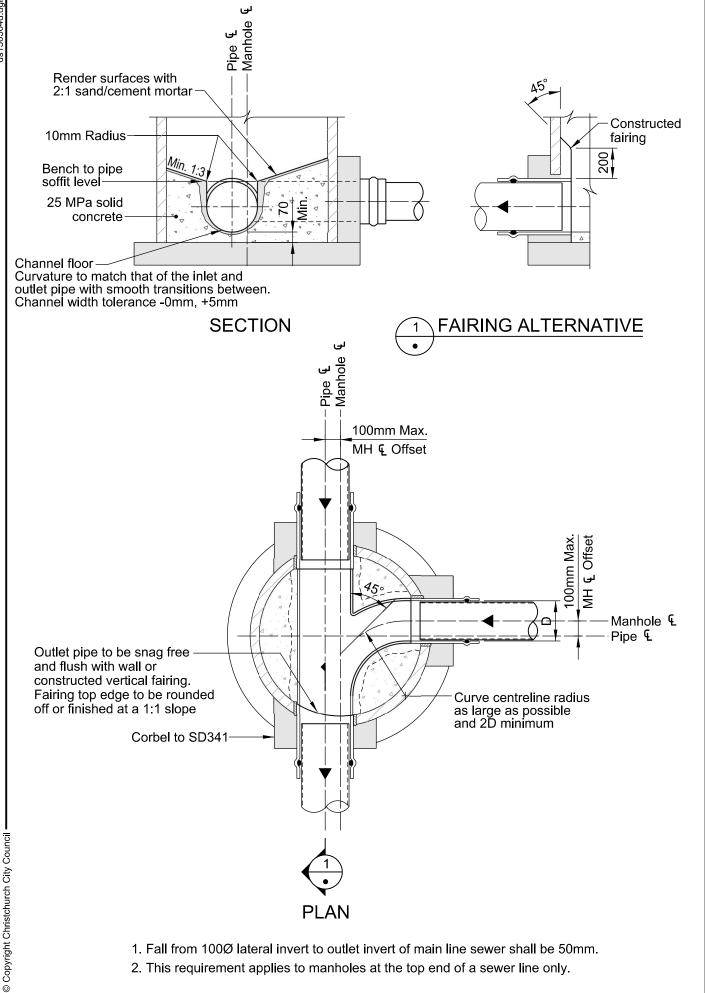
SQUARE BASE PRECAST MANHOLES FOR PIPES UP TO 750φ

ISSUE DATE DEC 2019 SD303 SHEET 3 of 5

-Knock

panel

out

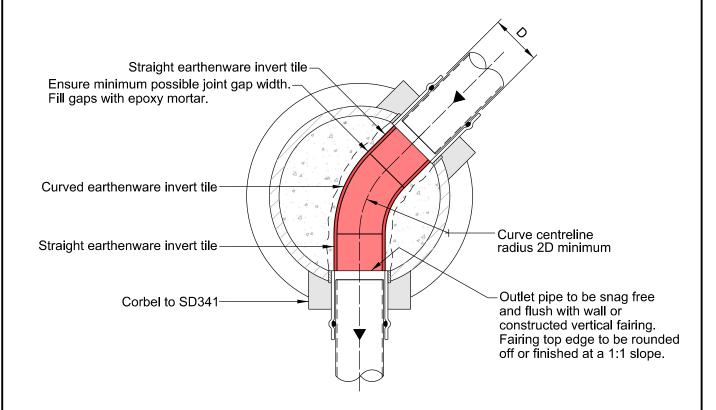




ds130304d.dgn

MANHOLE BENCHING - FREEHAND

ISSUE DATE DEC 2019 **SD303** SHEET 4 OF 5



- 1. Fall from 100Ø lateral invert to outlet invert of main line sewer shall be 50mm.
- 2. This requirement applies to manholes at the top end of a sewer line only.
- 3. Tiled inverts may be installed only in manholes with no sideline junctions.
- 4. Only factory made invert tiles are to be used.

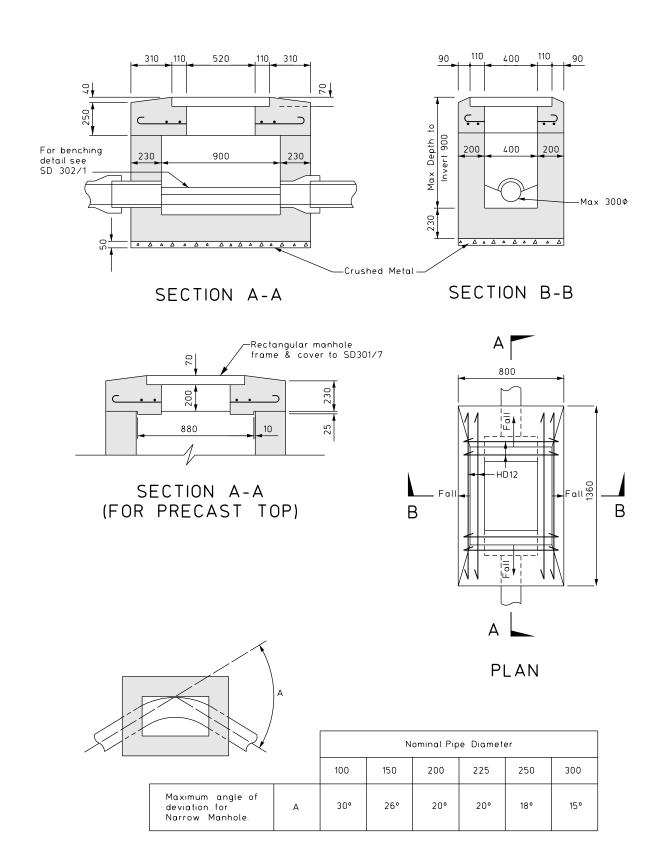


MANHOLE BENCHING
- TILED INVERT

ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

**SD303** 

SHEET 5 OF 5



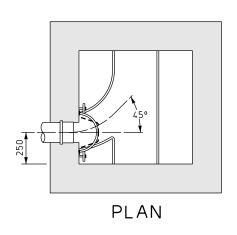
- 1. Notes on sheet SD302/2 apply.
- 2. For site constructed structures, minimum concrete cover to all reinforcement is 40mm.

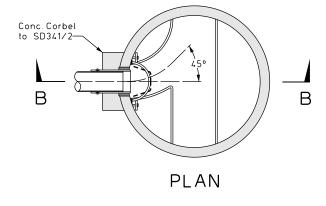


INACCESSIBLE MANHOLE









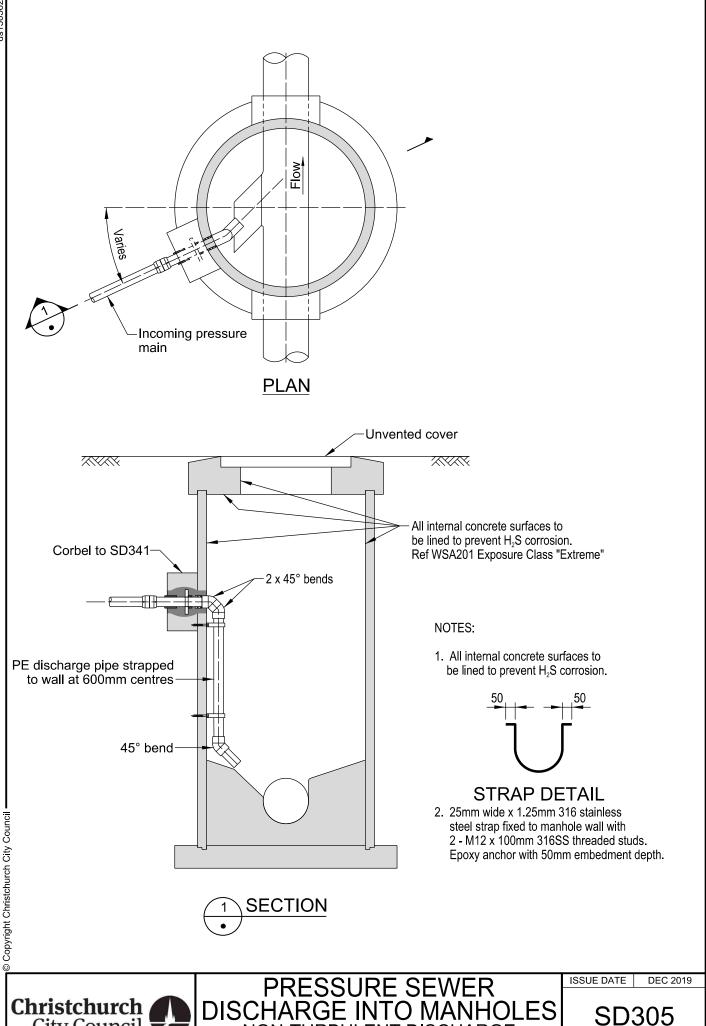
- 1. Drop structures over 225¢ require special design
- Manholes to be constructed as detailed on plans SD 302 & 303. Pipelaying at manholes to be constructed as detailed on plan SD341.
- Channelling in new manholes shall be vertical to top of main sewer and benching graded at 1 in 3 as applicable.
- 4. Benching and channelling in existing manholes shall be reformed in easy curves.
- 5. Opening for manhole starter and corbel shall be clear of any joint in precast manhole by at least 300mm.



GRAVITY DROP STRUCTURE IN MANHOLE

SD305

SHEET 1 of 3

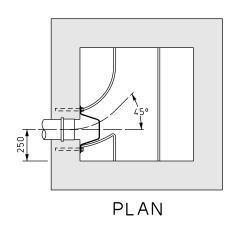


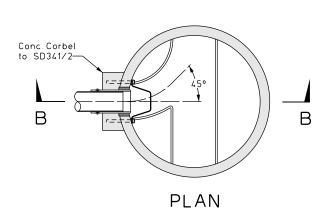
Christchurch City Council

PRESSURE SEWER
DISCHARGE INTO MANHOLES
NON-TURBULENT DISCHARGE FOR DIAMETERS UP TO DN63

SHEET 2 OF 3 ALUMINIUM STRUCTURE

SECTION B-B DROP INSTALLATION CIRCULAR PRECAST MANHOLE

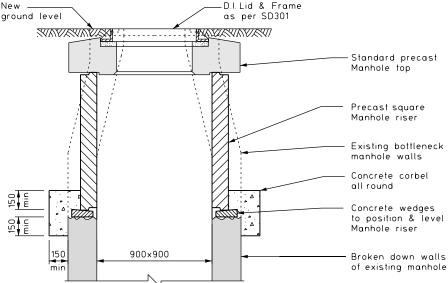




#### NOTES:

- 1. Drop structures over DN180 require special design
- Manholes to be constructed as detailed on plans SD 302 & 303. Pipelaying at manholes to be constructed as detailed on plan SD341.
- Channelling in new manholes shall be vertical to top of main sewer and benching graded at 1 in 3 as applicable.
- 4. Benching and channelling in existing manholes shall be reformed in easy curves.
- 5. Opening for manhole starter and corbel shall be clear of any joint in precast manhole by at least 300mm.

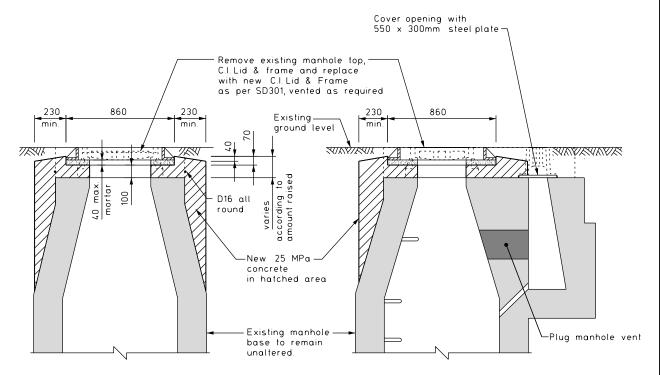
PRESSURE SEWER DISCHARGE INTO MANHOLES - TURBULENT DISCHARGE FOR DIAMETERS DN90 TO DN180



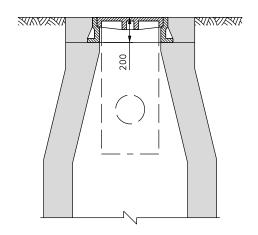
BOTTLENECK MANHOLE LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

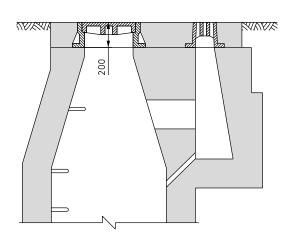


MANHOLE RAISING TOP ADJUSTMENT



# DETAILS OF INSTALLATION OF 100mm FRAME TOP

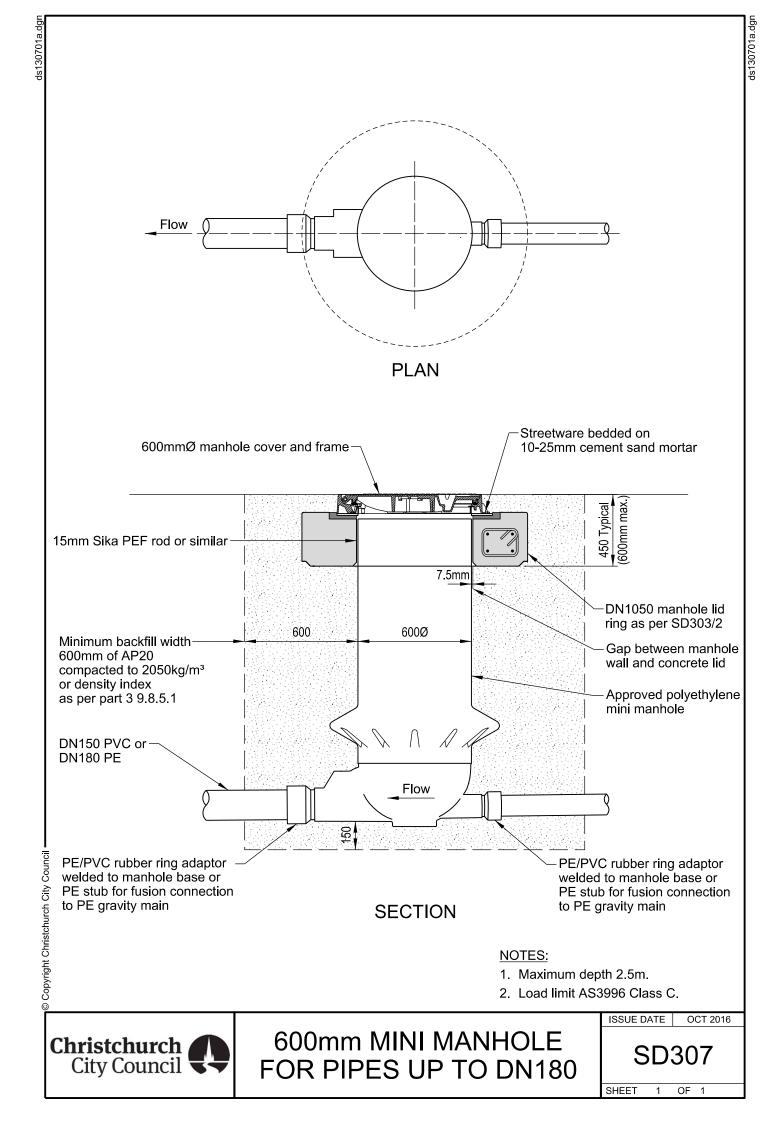


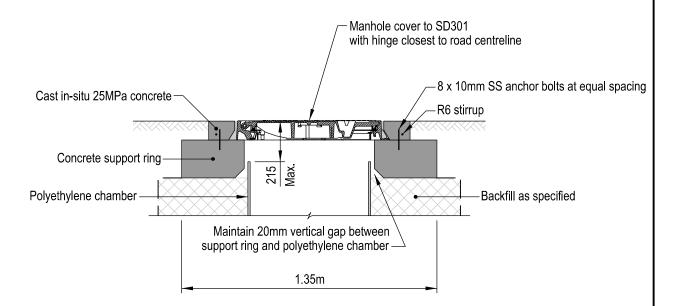


TYPICAL BOTTLENECK MANHOLE SHOWING 200mm FRAME TOP



MANHOLE RAISING BOTTLENECK FRAME ADJUSTMENT





1. Minimum concrete cover to all reinforcement is 45mm.

Christchurch City Council

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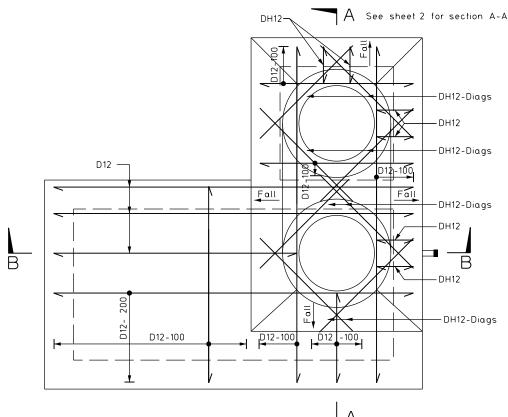
POLYETHYLENE CHAMBER COVER ADJUSTMENT

ISSUE DATE

OCT 2016

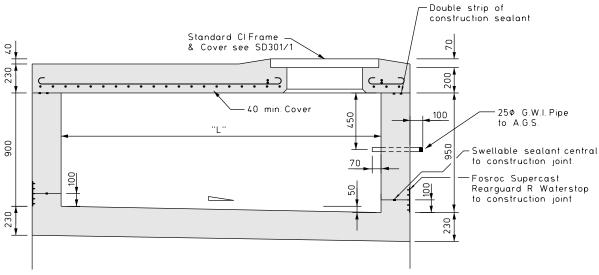
**SD308** 

SHEET 1 OF 1



PLAN OF COMMON WALL

FLUSH TANK & MANHOLE



# SECTION B-B THROUGH STANDARD FLUSH TANK

- 1. The nominal capacity of the flush tank, (cubic metres) shall be as specified and shall equal the internal length "L" in metres.
- 2. Unless specified otherwise the length of the tank shall be parallel with the direction of the sewer
- 3. For cast-iron frames and covers see SD301/1.
- 4. Where "L" exceeds 4m the floor slab and longitudinal wall shall be reinforced with AS/NZS 4671 SE62 mesh with 50mm internal cover.
- 5. Setting of flush tank top slab must allow for road crossfall
- 6. See Plan SD313 for air gap separator.
- 7. All concrete to be 40 MPa
- 8. Concrete work to comply with NZS 3109.

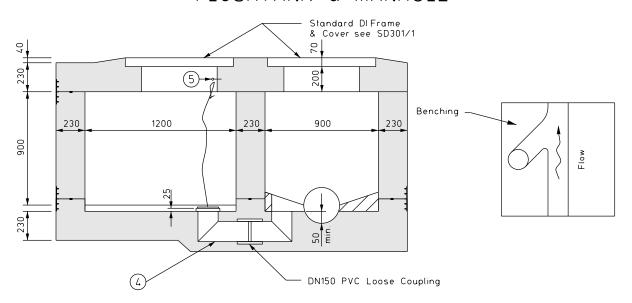


FLUSH TANKS

ISSUE DATE DEC 2019 SD311 SHEET

1 of 2

# SECTION THROUGH REMOTE FLUSHTANK & MANHOLE



# SECTION A-A THROUGH COMMON WALL FLUSHTANK & MANHOLE

(FOR LOCATION SEE Sheet 1)

#### NOTES:

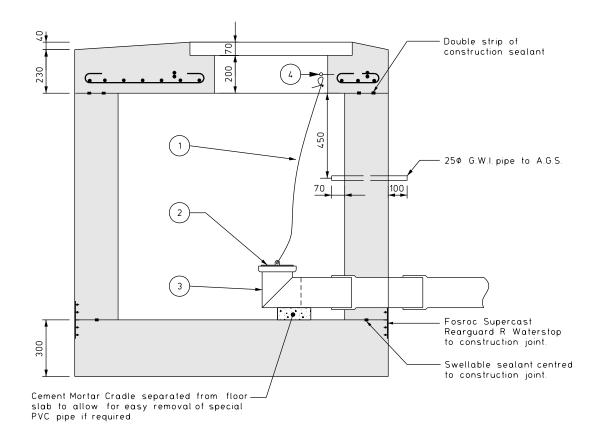
- 1. 8Φ Polypropylene Rope complete with hook.
- 2. Flushtank Plug
- 3. PVC Insert.
- 4. 2 special PVC pipes.
- 5. 16mm eyelet.
- 6. All concrete to be 40 MPa



FLUSH TANKS

SD311

SHEET 2 of 2



Fix item 3 to manhole floor with 25mm x 1.25mm type 316 stainless steel strap and 2-38mm x 12 gauge stainless steel self tapping screws into plastic rawl plugs. Fall QH12-100B -DH12-Diags Fall\_ 8Φ Polypropylene rope complete with hook. Flush tank plug **Fall** D12-100B Special PVC pipe 16mm eyelet. D12-100B –DH12-Diags 12-100B 12-100B 230 1200 230

1. See SD302 for further construction details.

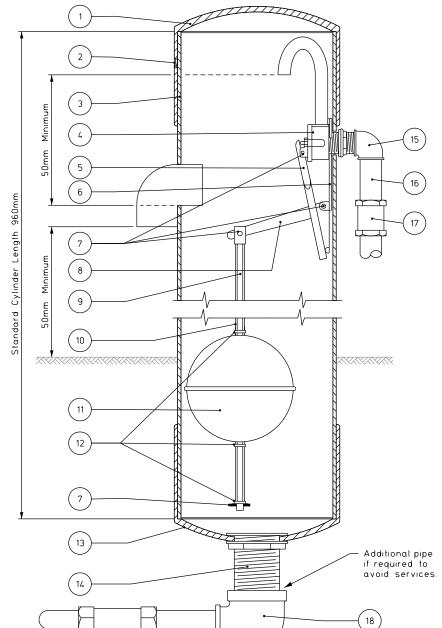
2. Minimum concrete cover to all reinforcement is  $40\,\mathrm{mm}$ .



FLUSH MANHOLES

NOTES:





PARTS OBTAINABLE FROM THE COUNCILS PAGES ROAD STORE

- 1. Top cap PVC removable. 2. 10mm x 10mm hex socket head S.S. grubscrew.
  3. Cylinder 150mmφ PVC PN9 pipe
- with overflow.
- "Secol" diaphragm valve, backnut and delivery tube.
- Valve lever
- Valve assembly back plate
- Split pins.

- 8. Bell crank lever.
  9. Float rod and clevis.
  10. Plastic float adjustment tube.
- 11. PVC float.
- 12. Washers
- 13. Bottom cap PVC cemented in place.
- 14.38mm¢ shower waste sealed in bottom

#### PARTS NOT SUPPLIED WITH UNIT:

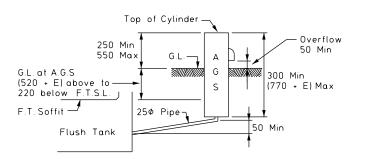
- 16. 15mmø G.W.I. pipe.
- 17. 15mmø G.W.I. Johnson coupling. 18. 38 25mmø G.W.I. reducing elbow
- 19. 25mmφ G.W.I. pipe.20. 25mmφ G.W.I. Johnson coupling

#### NOTES

19

20

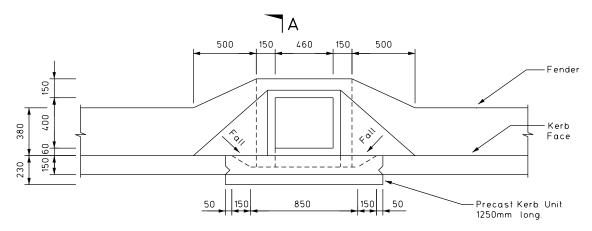
- Air gap separators shall be located within the limits shown in the diagram above.
- Cistern shall be placed in footpath as close as possible to the road/property boundary and to a common lot boundary.
- 3. High pressure water connection shall be made to water main wherever possible but where connection has to be made to a small service pipe a flexible loop of 15mm P polythene pipe shall be used between the water meter and the air gap separator cistern to reduce water hammer effects.
- 4. The float shall be adjusted by manipulating distance pieces to obtain water level 30 +/- 10mm above tank soffit, but enough adjustment will be left to allow W.L. to be set 30mm below tank soffit.
- 5. A special extended air gap separator will be required when ground level is too high, ie, standard barrel and float rod shall be extended by length E with maximum of 500mm. E = 0 mm for Standard air gap separator.
- 6. Low pressure 25mm $\phi$  pipe to be laid on grade, as shown, to prevent air locks and debris accumulation.



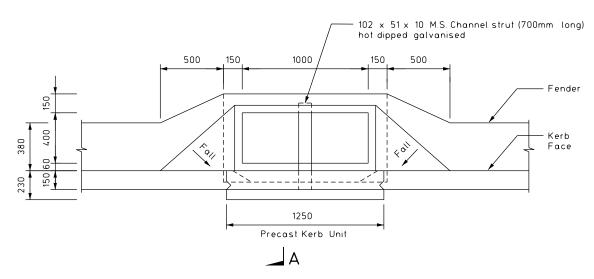
Christchurch City Council

AIR GAP SEPARATOR

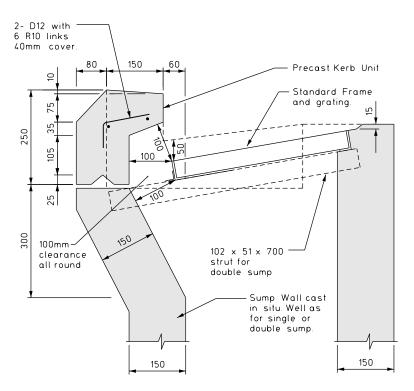
ISSUE DATE DEC 2019



PLAN - SIDE ENTRY SINGLE SUMP



PLAN - SIDE ENTRY DOUBLE SUMP



- 1. Concrete work to comply with NZS 3109.
- 2. All concrete to be 40 MPa.
- Coat end faces of precast units with an approved epoxy tiecoat before jointing.
- Use 50 x 50 x 8 Angle 700mm long (hot dipped galvanised) to support end of frame at K & F.C./K & D.C. junction.

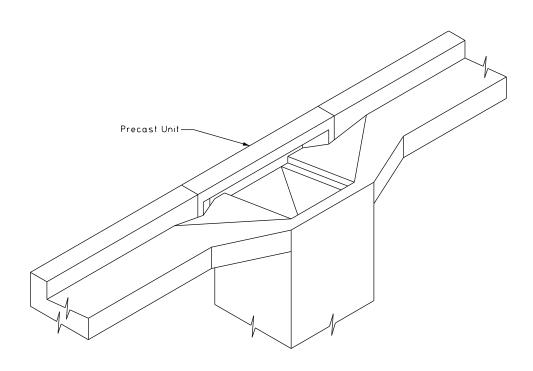
SHEET

SECTION A-A

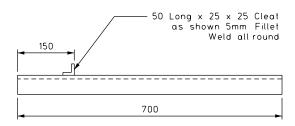


SIDE ENTRY SUMPS PRECAST KERB UNIT SD321

1 of 2

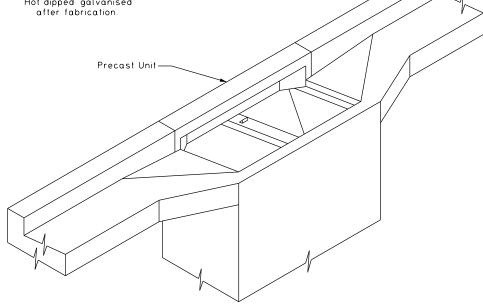


SINGLE SUMP



# STRUT DETAIL

102 x 51 x 10 M.S. Channel. Hot dipped galvanised after fabrication.

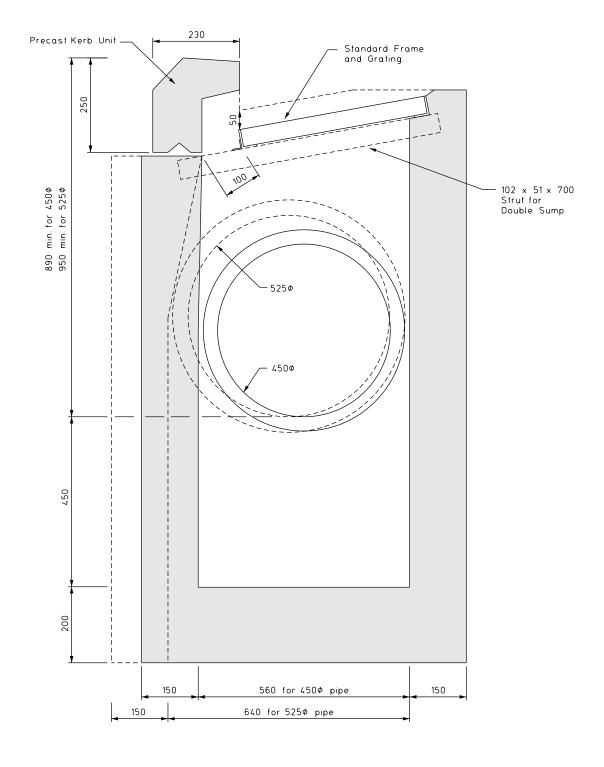


DOUBLE SUMP



SIDE ENTRY SUMPS PRECAST KERB UNIT

ISSUE DATE FEB 2002 SD321 SHEET 2 of 2

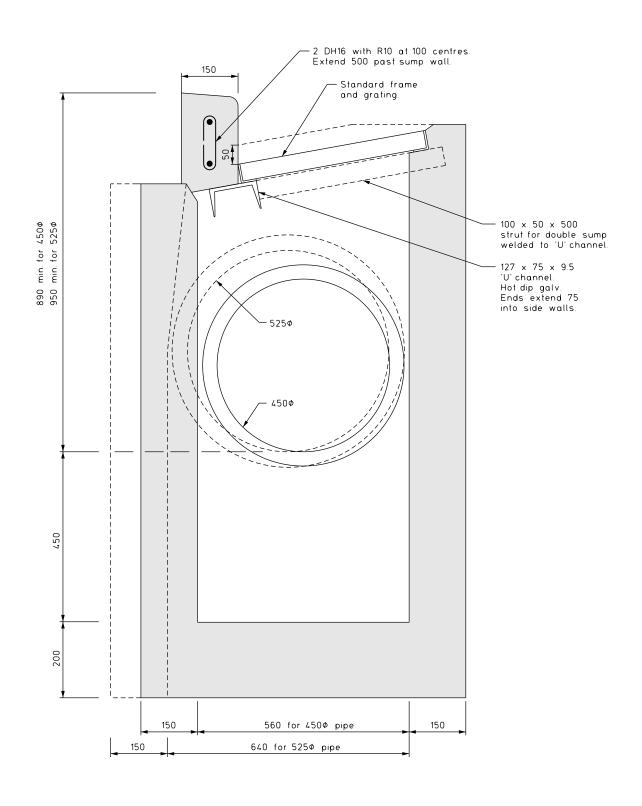




SIDE ENTRY ENLARGED SUMP ISSUE DATE MAR 2013

SD322

SHEET 1 of 2



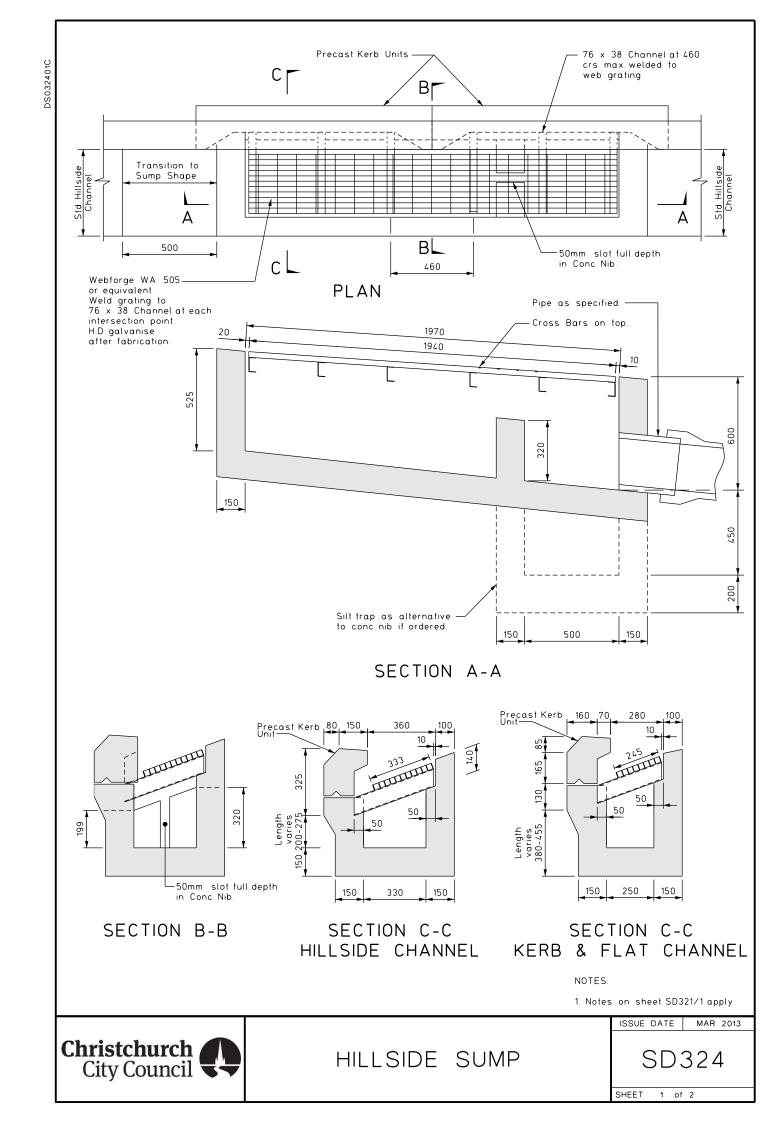
- 1. Notes on sheet SD321/1 apply.
- Maximum cover to pipe to be:
   0.75m where a single sump is being installed.
   1.20m where a double sump is being installed.

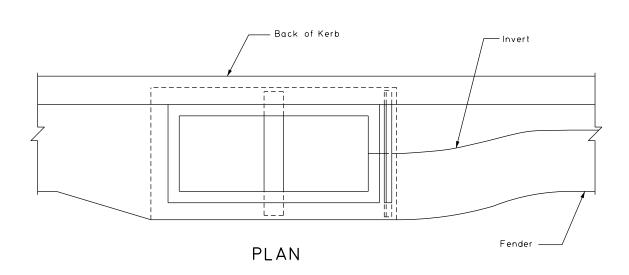


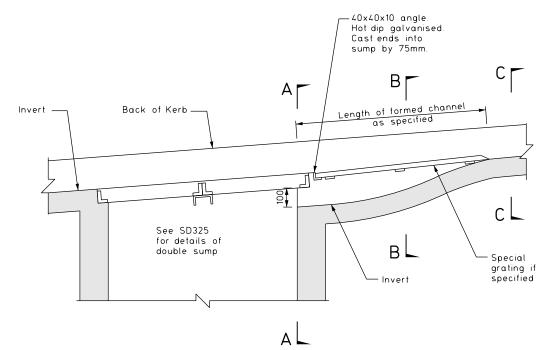
SINGLE ENLARGED SUMP ISSUE DATE MAR 2013

SD322

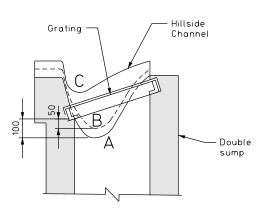
SHEET 2 of 2



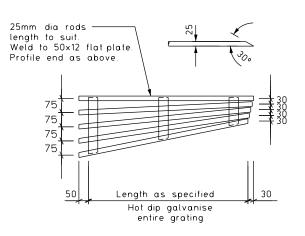




# LONGITUDINAL SECTION



SECTION A-A, B-B & C-C



SPECIAL GRATING

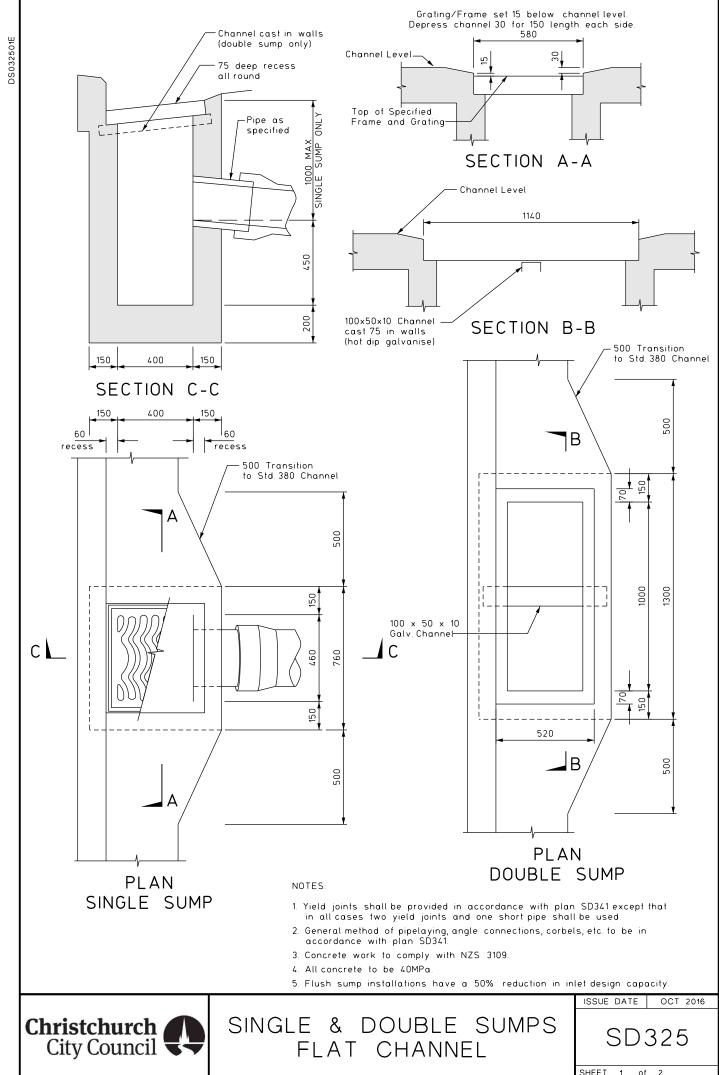
NOTES:

1. Notes on sheet SD321/1 apply.



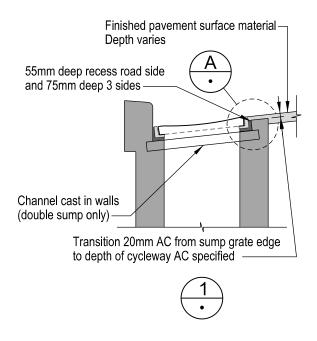
SPECIAL ENTRY
TO DOUBLE SUMP
IN HILLSIDE CHANNEL

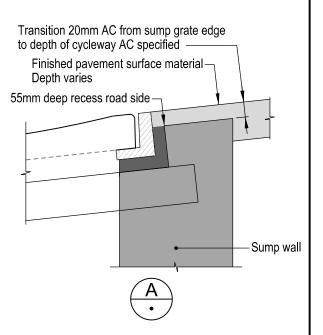
ISSUE DATE	DEC 2009
CD334	
SD324	
SHEET 2 of	2



SHEET 1 of 2

# PLAN SINGLE SUMP IN CYCLEWAYS





## RETROFIT A NEW CYCLE SAFE GRATE AND NEW CYCLE SAFE FRAME ONTO AN EXISTING SUMP

- 1. Remove non-cycle safe grate and frame.
- 2. From 'extended fender line', grind exposed concrete up to the frame edge 20mm below final surface levels.
- 3. Install new SD301/8 grate and frame.
- 4. Ensure sump frame secured into fender concrete with epoxy mortar.

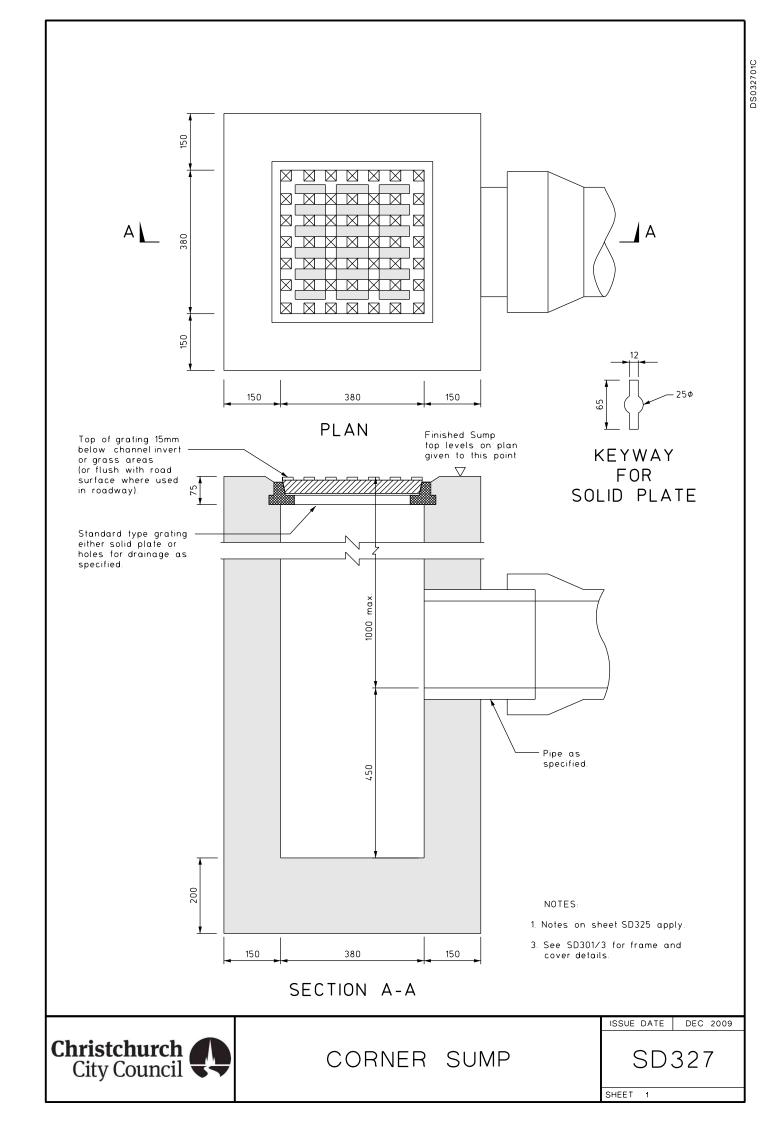
# **NOTE TO DESIGNER:**

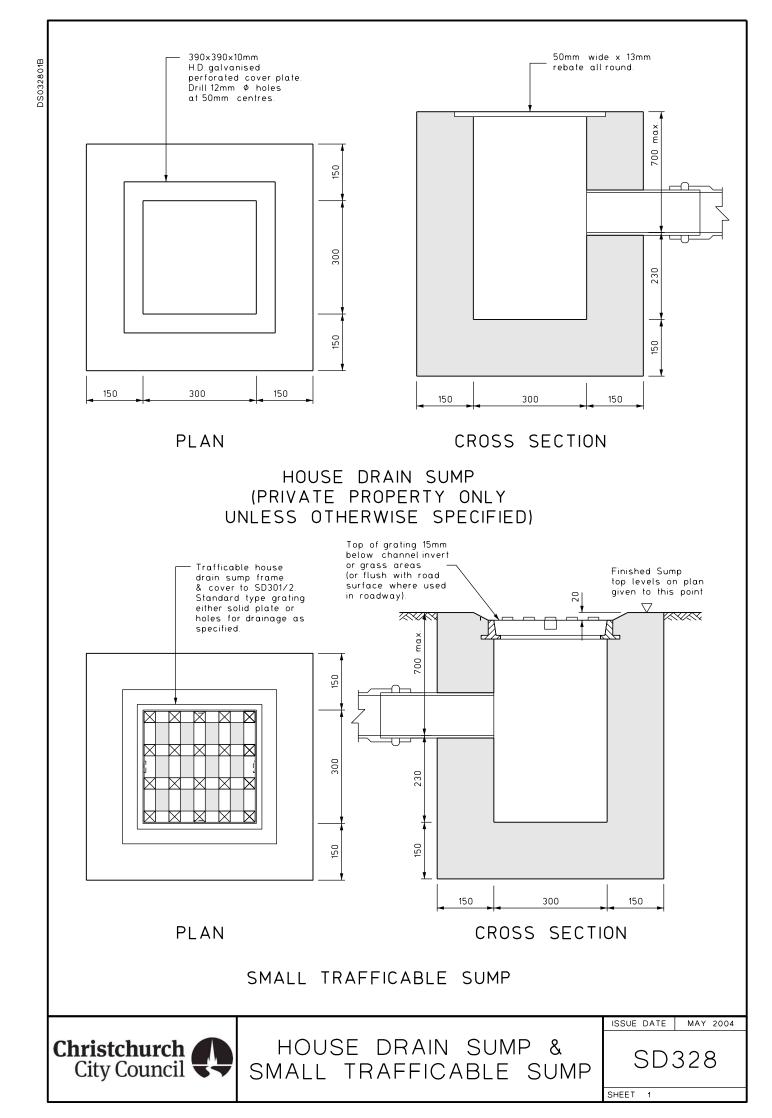
1. Installing any new cycle grate generally flush with fender profile as opposed to the standard SD325 detail where grate depressed ~45mm into fender significantly reduces the sump grate potential collection capacity (by ~25-50%). This needs to be taken into account during stormwater design.

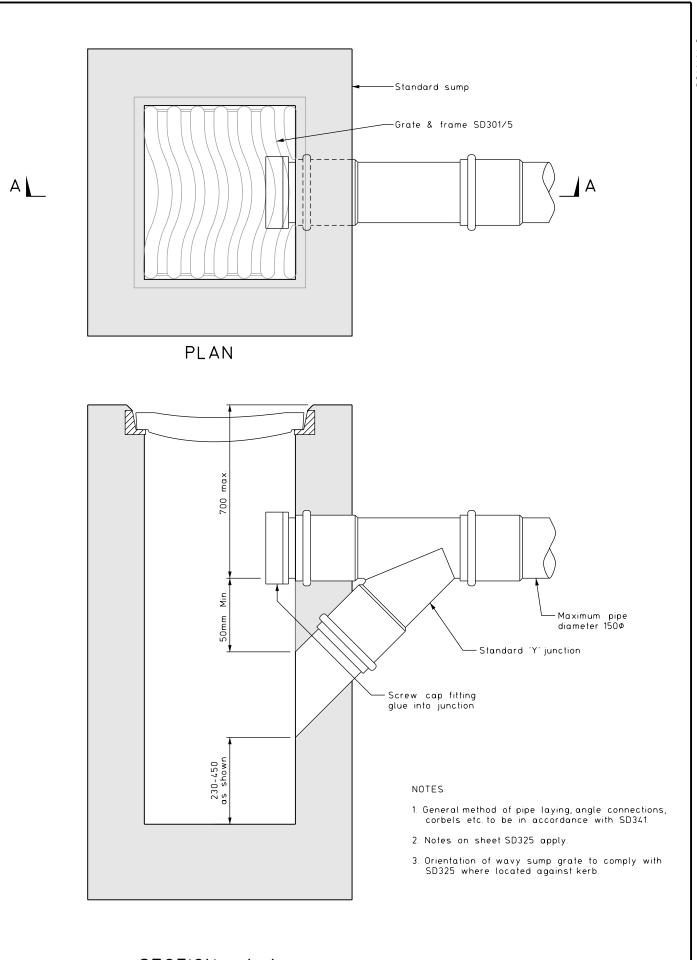


CYCLEWAY SUMP FLAT CHANNEL SD325

SHEET 2 OF 2







SECTION A-A



SUBMERGED OUTLET

ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

SD329

- 1. Where 100mm or 150mm outlet specified, submerge outlet to SD329.
- 2. Design sump cover to allow maintenance access.
- 3. 'L' = 1.0m for 375mm 750mm diameter 'L' = 4.0m for 900mm - 1050mm diameter



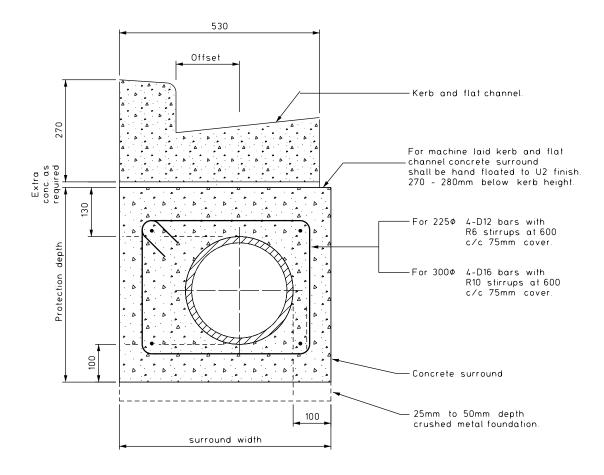
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**DOME SUMP** 

ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

| SD330

SHEET 1 OF 1



- 1. Concrete protection shall extend to a pipe joint.
- 2. Concrete surround, reinforced at commercial crossings only. Reinforcement to extend each side of a commercial crossing by 1.5m minimum to a pipe joint.
- 3. Concrete surround shall be a minimum of 20 MPa 100mm slump with a tolerance of +0,-20mm.
- 4. Yield joints shall be formed at pipe joints by interrupting concrete with 12mm Softboard or equivalent and applying pipe clay or similar to the pipe joint to prevent entry of concrete. Any reinforcing steel shall be stopped unhooked 50mm from joint.

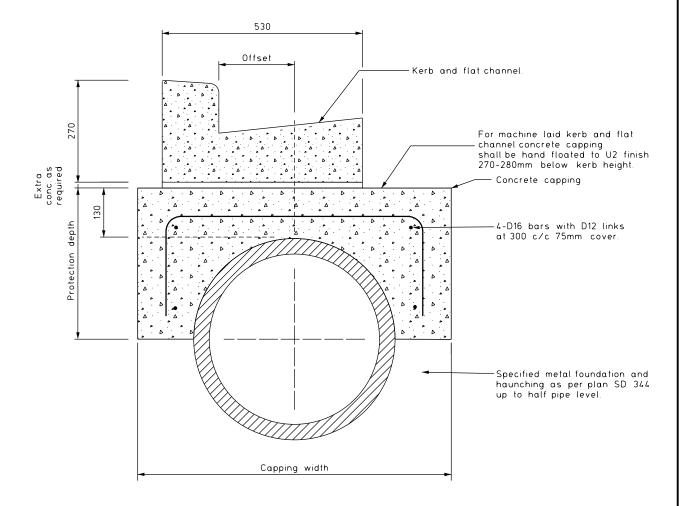
5. Pipe dia.	Min depth kerb to invert	Conc. surround width	Protection depth	Pipe offset from kerb face
225	660	570	520	180
300	740	640	600	210

- Yield joints are not required at structures provided reinforced concrete surround is rebated 50mm into structure walls (to prevent shear failure).
- 7. Concrete pipe to Class 2 unless otherwise specified.



CONCRETE SURROUND FOR UNDER CHANNEL PIPING 225¢ - 300¢ ISSUE DATE DEC 2009

SD331



- 1. Concrete protection shall extend to a pipe joint.
- 2. Concrete strength to be 20 MPa 100mm slump, with a tolerance of  $\pm 0$ ,  $\pm 20$ mm.
- 3. Pipes shall be Class 4 unless otherwise specified.
- Concrete capping reinforced at commercial crossings only Reinforcement to extend each side of a commercial crossing by 1.5m minimum to a pipe joint.
- Contraction joints shall be formed at pipe joints by interrupting concrete with Softboard or equivalent, sealed to prevent grout entry with approved sealant. Any reinforcing steel shall be stopped unhooked 50mm from joint.

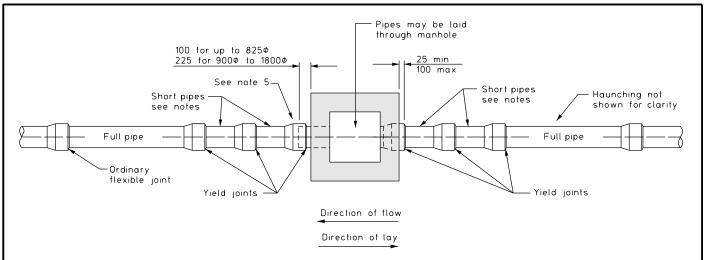
6. Pipe Dia.	Min depth kerb to invert	Capping width	Protection depth	Pipe offset from kerb face
375	810	770	350	250
450	890	830	400	200
525	950	910	440	160

7. Yield joints shall be constructed at sumps with one short pipe and two yield joints.

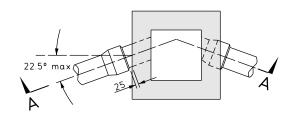


CONCRETE CAPPING FOR UNDER CHANNEL PIPING 3750-5250 ISSUE DATE DEC 2009

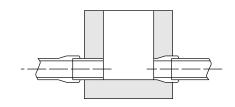
SD332



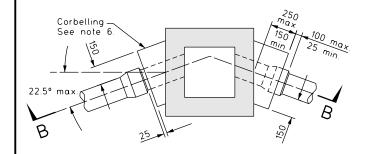
# GENERAL METHOD OF PIPELAYING AT MANHOLES AND SUMPS



ANGLE CONNECTIONS



#### SECTION A-A



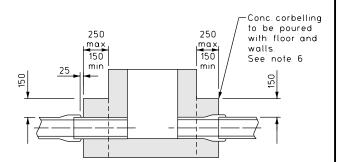
# CORBEL DETAILS

Applies to straight & angle connections. Angle connections will be permitted for  $100\Phi$  to  $300\Phi$  pipelines. Special design required for pipes greater than  $300\Phi$ .

#### NOTES:

- Pipelines that are concrete haunched or concrete surrounded shall have the concrete interrupted at each yield joint with softboard or equivalent.
- Vertically cast short pipes shall be minimum of 500mm & maximum of 800mm long.
- For reinforced concrete short pipes the following table shall appy.

PIPE DIAMETER	MIN	MAX
225	600	800
300	750	1000
375	900	1200
450	1100	1450
525	1300	1700
600	1500	1900
675	1700	2100



SECTION B-B

4. At each pipeline connecting to a manhole or sump, the No. of short pipes and yield joints shall comply with the following table:

PIPE DIAMETER	SHORT PIPES	YIELD JOINTS
100 to 525	2	3
600 to 675	1	2
750 to 2100	0	1
Sumn	1	2

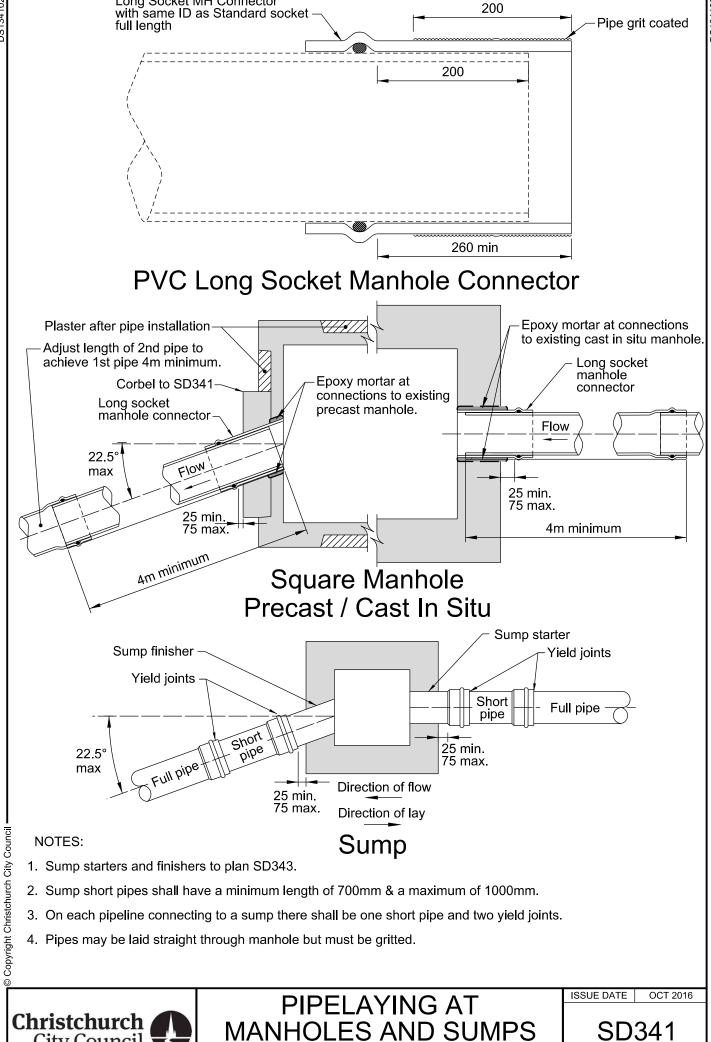
- This pipe may be double spigot pipe with a socket finisher in the manhole wall with Engineer's approval. Maximum length pipe 1300mm, minimum length 450mm.
- Corbelling where suitable pipe lengths are not available shall only be used with the Engineer's approval. For corbelling on precast manholes see SD341/2 and SD341/4.
- Gibault joints shall not be used as yield joints unless approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Sumps do not require corbels



PIPELAYING AT MANHOLES & SUMPS CONCRETE PIPES

SD341

SHEET 1 of 5

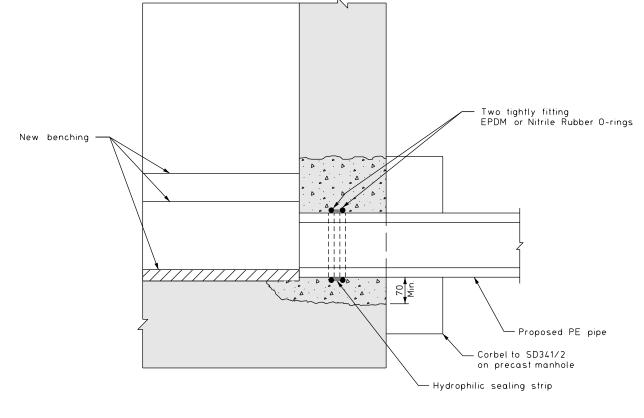


Long Socket MH Connector

City Council

MANHOLES AND SUMPS FOR PVC PIPES

SHEET OF 5

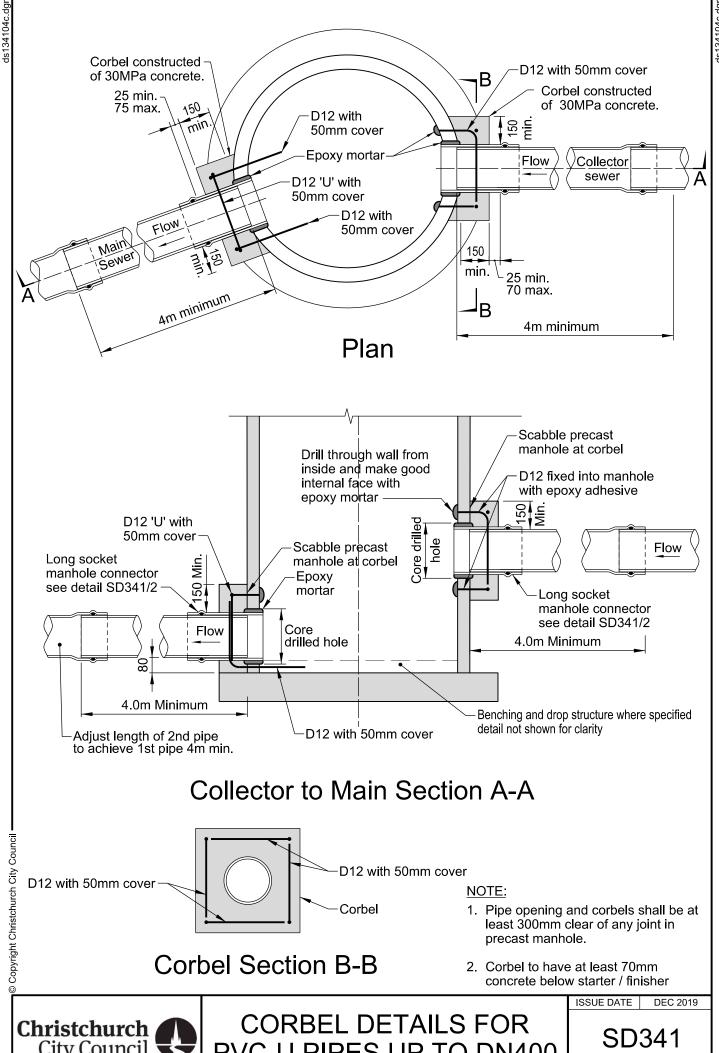


1. Nitrile rubber 0-Rings shall be used in contaminated soil.



PIPELAYING AT MANHOLES FOR GRAVITY PE PIPES

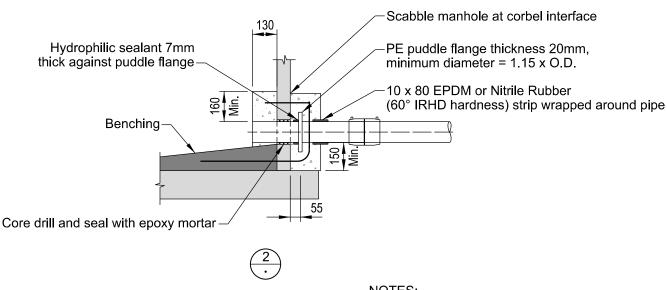
SD341



City Council

**PVC-U PIPES UP TO DN400** 

SHEET OF 5



- Prefabricated PE pipe and puddle flange unit to be same nominal diameter and SDR as pressure pipe.
- 2. Nitrile rubber shall be used in contaminated soil.
- 3. 10 x 80 is a minimum, wider strips shall be used where specified by the Engineer.



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Pressure Pipelaying at Manholes For Polyethylene Pipes

ISSUE DATE DEC 2019

**SD341** 

SHEET OF 5 50 cover to reinforcing all round.

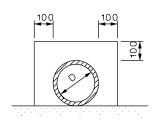
100 Cover to pipe all round.

D16 Main Rods & R10 Stirrups at 600 c/c.

# REINFORCED CONCRETE SURROUND

D=150\$\phi\$ to 450\$\phi\$
TYPE A

# PLAIN CONCRETE SURROUND D=1500 to 4500 TYPE B



CONCRETE COVER

D=100

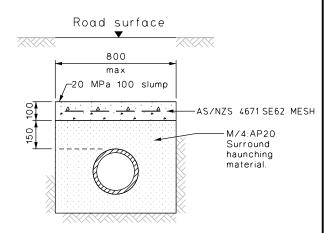
TYPE D

#### NOTES:

- For concrete pipe diameters greater than 450mm or flexible pipe diameters greater than 300mm special design applies.
- 2. Concrete shall be 20 MPa 100 slump with a tolerance of +0,-20mm.
- 3. Type of surround shall be specified.
- 4. Concrete surround shall terminate at a pipe joint.
- 5. Contraction joints shall be formed at pipe joints by interrupting concrete with 12mm Softboard or equivalent and applying approved sealant to the pipe joint to prevent entry of concrete. Any reinforcing steel shall be stopped unhooked 50mm from joint.
- 6. Contraction joint spacing maximum:

		R.C.R.R.	Ceramic Pipes or vertically cas
Туре		10 m	3.2m
Type		5m	1.6m
Type		Engineer to	3.2m
Type	D	specify	1.6m

7. With flexible pipe Type E protection to be used unless otherwise specified.



# CONCRETE PROTECTION SLAB

MAXIMUM PIPE SIZE 300¢

TYPE E

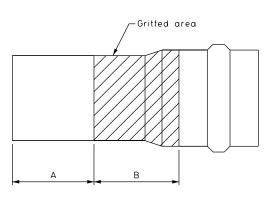
NOTE: Suitable for soils with an allowable bearing pressure over 50KPa



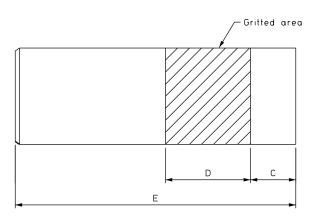
PIPE PROTECTION

ISSUE DATE DEC 2019

SD342



Pipe DN	A Max.	B Min.
100	144	150
150	129	150
175	113	150
225	95	150
300	82	150



Pipe DN	C Max.	D Min.	E
100	80	150	500
150	80	150	500
175	80	150	500
225	80	150	500
300	80	150	520

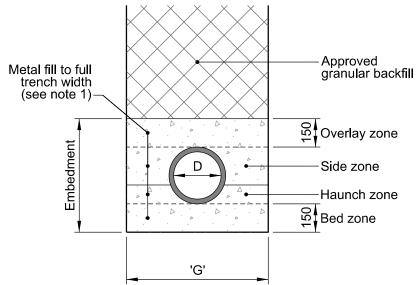
- 1. For use at sumps and headwalls only.
- 2. SN of fitting to match SN of adjacent pipe.

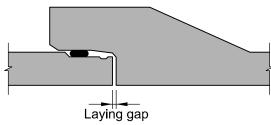


PVC STARTERS AND FINISHERS

ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

SD343





CCC Concrete Pipe Target and Maximum Joint Laying Gaps				
Nominal Pipe Diameter (mm)	Target Laying Max Layir Gap (mm) Gap (mm			
225	5	10		
300	5	10		
375	5	10		
450	5	10		
525	5	10		
600	5	10		
675	5	10		
750	8	16		
825	8	16		
900	8	16		
975	10	20		
1050	10	20		
1200	10	20		
1350	10	20		
1600	12	20		
1800	12	20		

**Note:** The average joint gap should not exceed 1.5x the 'Target Laying Gap'

Nominal Pipe Diameter (mm)	'G'
225	700
250	800
300	800
375	900
450	1000
525	1100
600	1200
675	1300
750	1300
825	1400
900	1500
975	1600
1050	1700
1200	1900
1350	2100
1600	2400
1800	2600
2100	2900

#### NOTES:

- 1. Use CCC Embedment AP20 for diameters up to 1200mm. Use Drainage AP40 for diameters 1350mm and above.
- 2. On hillsides or where in-trench scour is a potential issue use Lime Stabilised 'Firm Mix'.



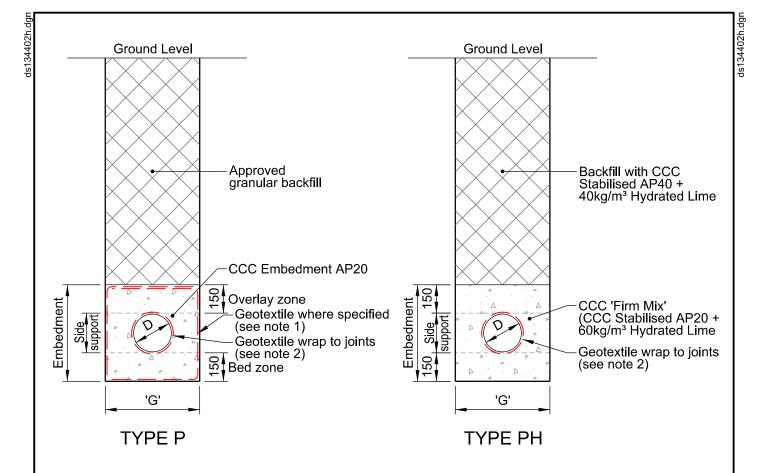
CONCRETE PIPE JOINT GAP AND EMBEDMENT DETAILS

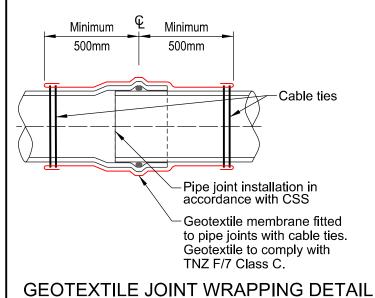
ISSUE DATE DEC 2020

**SD344** 

SHEET 1 OF 3

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# TYPE P (Standard) & TYPE PH (Hillside)

Nominal Pipe Diameter DN (mm)	Trench Width *'G'
100	460
150	500
175	550
200	575
(pressure)	
225	600
300	700
375	800
475	1100

\* 'G' may be increased in very soft ground.

#### NOTES:

N.T.S.

- 1. Where specified as per IDS Part 6 Clause 6.14, embedment shall be fully wrapped in geotextile in accordance with TNZ F/7.
- 2. Where specified as per IDS Part 6 Clause 6.14 including flexible pipes, wrap joints to minimum 500mm each side of all joints including laterals with specified geotextile.
  Secure the geotextile snugly to the pipe using cable ties or similar.
  Refer to the "Geotextile joint wrapping detail" above.



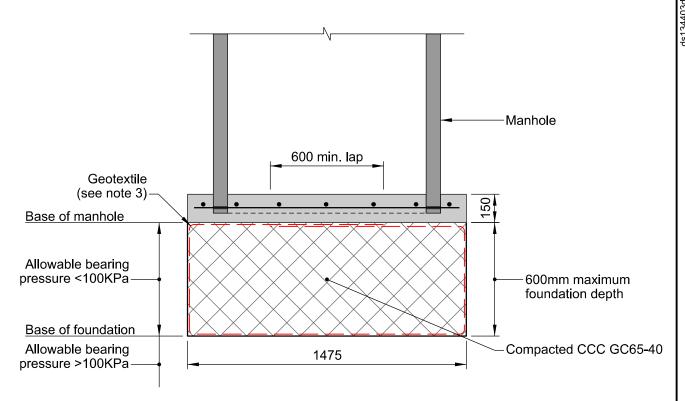
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FLEXIBLE PIPE EMBEDMENT AND JOINT DETAILS

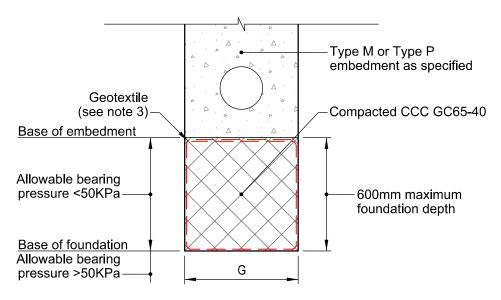
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**SD344** 

SHEET 2 OF 3



### MANHOLE SOFT GROUND FOUNDATION



#### PIPE SOFT GROUND FOUNDATION

#### NOTES:

- 1. If the pipe soft ground foundation allowable soil bearing pressure is less than 50kPa below 600mm of the base of the embedment, site specific design is required.
  If the manhole soft ground foundation allowable soil bearing pressure is less than 100kPa below 600mm of the base of the manhole, site specific design is required.
- 2. Where the depth to the base of the foundation exceeds 3.0m from the finished ground level, site specific design is required.
- 2. Geotextile installation shall be in accordance with TNZ F/7.

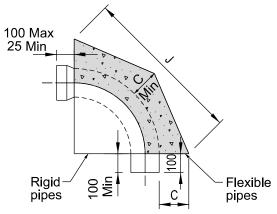


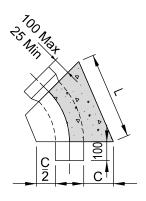
# PIPE AND MANHOLE SOFT GROUND FOUNDATION

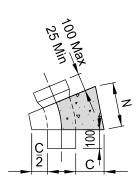
SD344

SHEET 3 OF 3

NOTE: Faces J, L & N to be poured against natural ground See specification.







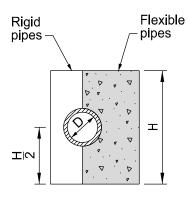
90° BEND

45° BEND

22½° & 11½° BEND

Diameter	Height	Cover	90° Bend	45° Bend	22.5° & 11.25° Bend
NB	Н	С	J	L	N
(mm)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)
100	300	200	300	250	150
125	375	200	350	300	150
150	450	200	450	350	175
175	525	230	500	400	200
200	600	230	600	450	225
225	675	230	650	500	250
250	750	230	750	550	300
300	900	300	900	700	350

# HORIZONTAL BENDS ONLY



TYPICAL SECTION THROUGH THRUST BLOCK

#### NOTES:

- 1. Thrust block designed for an allowable bearing load of 50 kPa at pipeline pressure 390 kPa.
- 2. Thrust blocks in unsuitable soils require special design.
- 3. Concrete to be 17.5 MPa 150 slump unreinforced.
- 4. Do not use for upward thrust (special design only).
- 5. PVC pipes adjacent to concrete shall be wrapped with 6mm Denso tape or 250 microns Polyethylene film or equivalent.



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PRESSURE PIPELINES THRUST BLOCKS

ISSUE DATE 18/10/2011

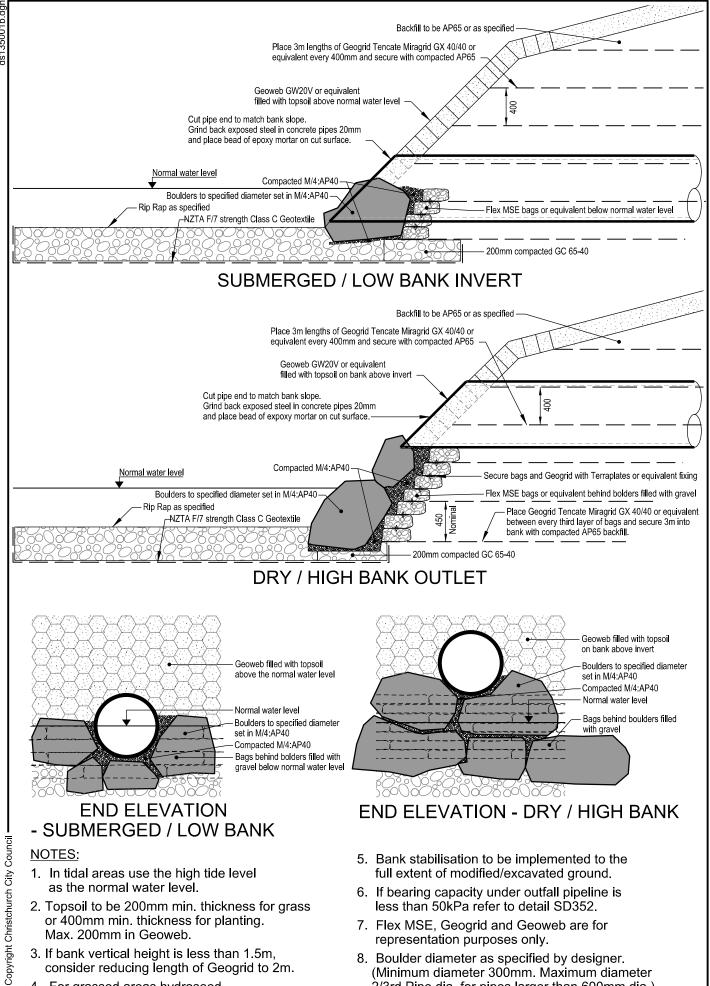
**SD346** 

SHEET 1 OF 1

1. Water stop spacing is as specified.



ISSUE DATE OCT 2016



- as the normal water level.
- Topsoil to be 200mm min. thickness for grass or 400mm min. thickness for planting. Max. 200mm in Geoweb.
- 3. If bank vertical height is less than 1.5m, consider reducing length of Geogrid to 2m.
- 4. For grassed areas hydroseed.

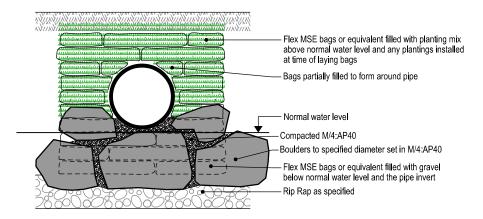
- 6. If bearing capacity under outfall pipeline is less than 50kPa refer to detail SD352.
- 7. Flex MSE, Geogrid and Geoweb are for representation purposes only.
- 8. Boulder diameter as specified by designer. (Minimum diameter 300mm. Maximum diameter 2/3rd Pipe dia. for pipes larger than 600mm dia.)



BANK REINSTATEMENT TO OUTFALL FOR SLOPES 35-50 DEG ISSUE DATE DEC 2019

SD350

SHEET OF 2



#### **END ELEVATION**

#### NOTES:

- 1. SEE NOTES ON SHEET 1
- 2. MSE bags must be protected from UV with vegetation. Planned vegetation must have a commitment from the asset owner to be regularly maintained. Vegetation cover is an essential part of the design, construction procedure, durability and longevity of the headwall. If planting proposed, the roots must be installed between the uncut bags at the same time as FlexMSE wall construction. If grasses are proposed they must be hydroseeded using an appropriate polymer adhesive additive.

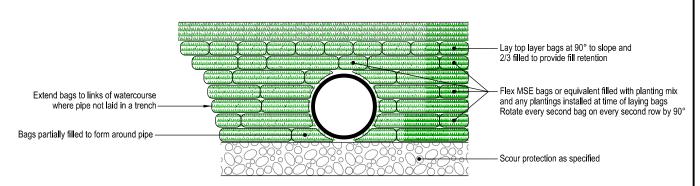


**BANK REINSTATEMENT** TO OUTFALL FOR SLOPES > 50 DEG

ISSUE DATE DEC 2019

**SD350** 

SHEET OF 2



#### END ELEVATION

#### NOTES:

- 1. Where headwall is generally wet, scour and inlet shaping requires specific design.
- 2. MSE bags must be protected from UV with vegetation. Planned vegetation must have a commitment from the asset owner to be regularly maintained. Vegetation cover is an essential part of the design, construction procedure, durability and longevity of the headwall. If planting proposed, the roots must be installed between the uncut bags at the same time as FlexMSE wall construction.
  - If grasses are proposed they must be hydroseeded using an appropriate polymer adhesive additive.
- 3. This detail is not suitable for use where the vertical bank height exceeds 1.5m
- 4. Flex MSE bags are for representation purposes only. Bag system to provide 80 year service life.
- Retaining wall to be installed in accordance with the manufacturers installation specification. Note vegetation cover requirement.
- 6. If bearing capacity under pipeline is less than 50kPa refer to detail SD352.
- 7. The trench backfill shall be lime stabilised on hillsides.
- 8. SD351 is a suitable detail for ephemeral waterways or swale outlets only.
- 9. Lateral spread risk needs to be assessed on a case by case basis.



**RURAL HEADWALL** 

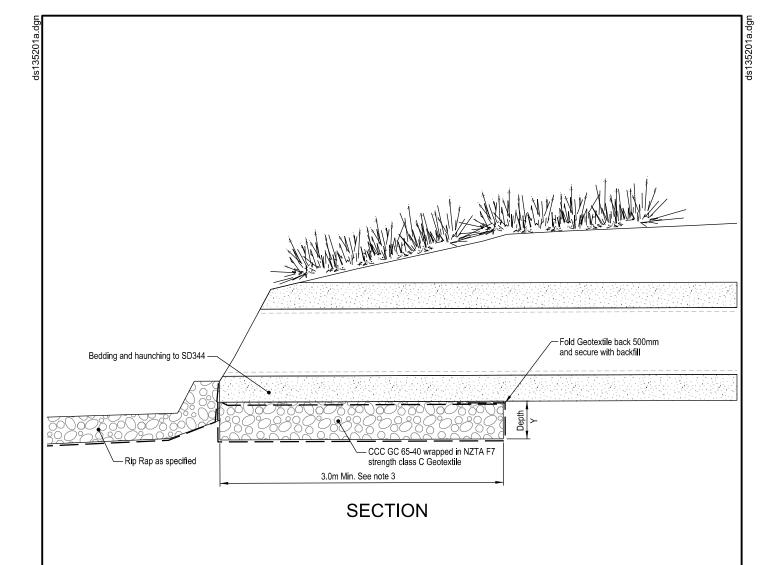
ISSUE DATE

DEC 2019

**SD351** 

SHEET 1 OF 1

ds135101b.dgr



RAFT DEPTH			
PIPE DIAMETER DEPTH (Y)			
< 300 Ø 300mm			
300 - 600 Ø	400mm		
> 600 Ø 500mm			

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- 1. Suitable for soils with an allowable bearing pressure over 50kPa.
- 2. Width of raft to match trench width.
- 3. Extend raft foundation 0.5m minimum past rubber ring joint where within 3.0m of outlet.

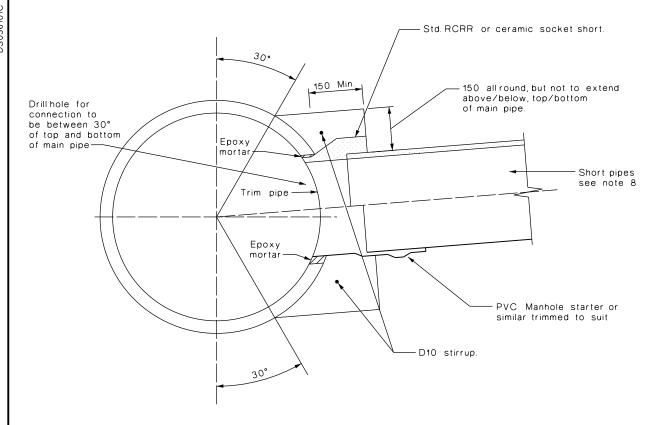


STABILISATION RAFT TO OUTFALL IN SOFT GROUND

ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

**SD352** 

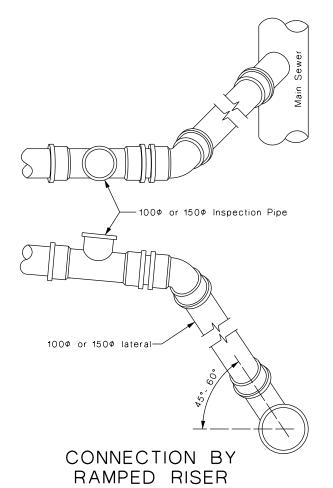
SHEET 1 OF 1

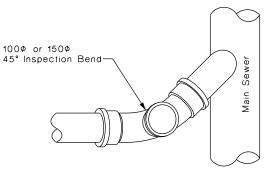


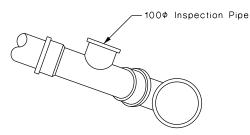
- Special design required for: main pipes other than reinforced concrete; more than one connection per main pipe.
- 2. Direct connections of this type are not permitted on plastic mains.
- 3. Outside edge of main pipe cut-in hole shall be not less than 300mm from collar or end of pipe.
- 4. Maximum diameter of cut-in hole shall be less than two thirds of the internal diameter of main pipe.
- Epoxy mortar shall be applied strictly according to the manufacturer's recommendations, and shall be fully cured before the corbel is poured and the sideline laid.
- 6. Main pipe backfill under sideline shall be thoroughly compacted AP40 metal.
- 7. Main pipe surface shall be roughened and grout coated before concrete corbel is poured.
- 8. Sidelines shall have yield joints in accordance with standard detail plan SD341.
- 9. Sidelines shall be tested.
- 10. Direct connections must be approved by the Engineer, and normally shall only be used where the sideline is less than 10m long, and access for cleaning the sideline is easily obtainable at the upstream end. That is the sideline shall terminate with a manhole or shallow sump, but not a deep sump.
- 11. Diameter of sideline pipe shall be less than half the internal diameter of main pipe.

#### SQUARE RADIAL DIRECT CONNECTIONS:

Nominal Sideline Diameter		
100	225	
150	375	
200	450	
225/250	525	
300	675	
375	825	
450	975	
525	1050	
600/675	1350	
750	1600	
825/900	1800	
975	1950	
1050	2100	







CONNECTION TO 45° SIDE JUNCTION

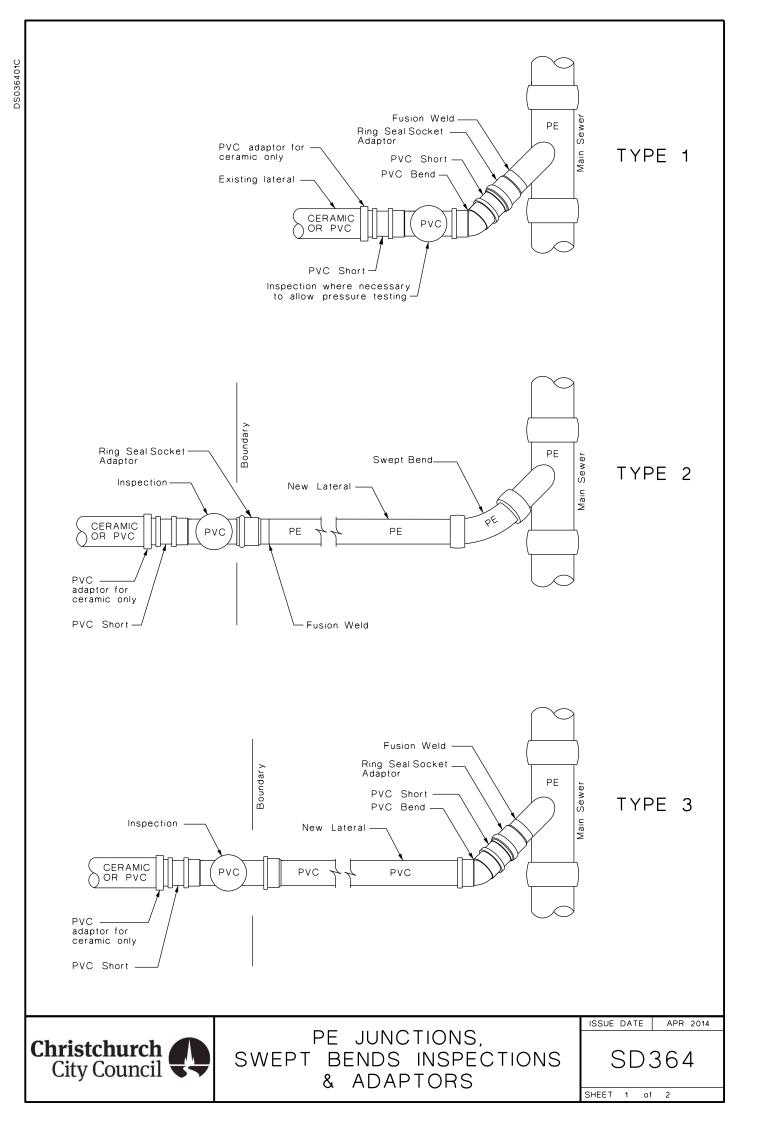
#### NOTES:

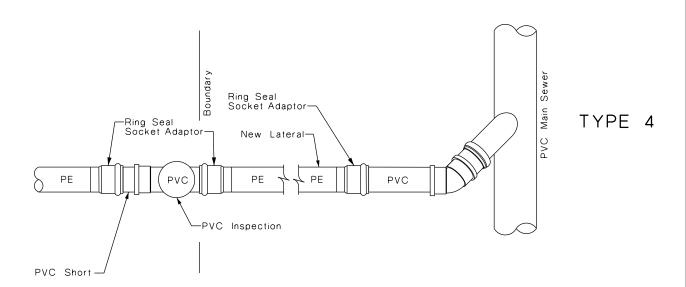
- PVC pipes adjacent to concrete shall be wrapped with 6mm Denso tape or 250 microns Polyethylene film or equivalent.
- 2. Bottom of trench to be a stable and approved foundation.
- Inspection points may be installed to allow pressure testing of the main.
- 4. Not to be used on main to main connections.



PIPELAYING JUNCTIONS OFF FACTORY MOULDED RISER ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

SD363



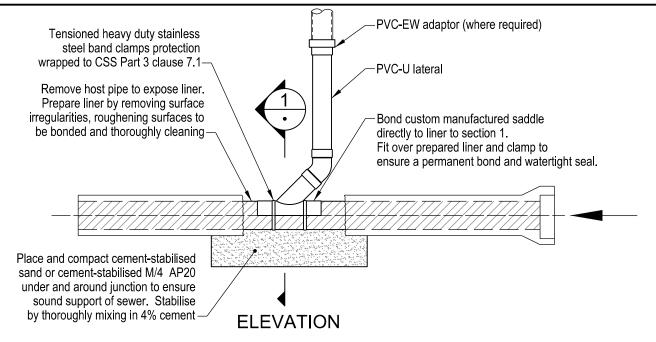


1. Inspection points may be installed adjacent to the main to allow pressure testing.



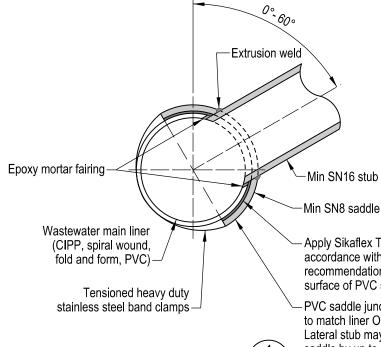
PE LATERAL TO PVC MAIN CONNECTOR

SD364





#### SADDLE DETAIL



#### NOTES:

- Ensure outside edge of main pipe cut-in hole is greater than 300mm from collar or end of host pipe.
- Maximum diameter of cut-in hole shall be less than two thirds of the internal diameter of main pipe as per table below.

Y-Junction saddle direct connections		
Main pipe dia.	ain pipe dia. Max. nominal sideline dia	
150	100	
225	150	
300	175	
375	225	

- 3. Cut in hole must be shaped to match incoming Y-branch (egg shaped) to within +2mm, -0mm tolerance. Smooth junction interface with approved epoxy mortar.
- Clean and degrease surfaces to be bonded. Abrade the surfaces in two directions with 40 grit sandpaper. Solvent wipe to remove dust.
- 5. Apply PVC compatible epoxy mortar to both surfaces strictly according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Allow to fully cure before the lateral is laid.

Apply Sikaflex Tank-N or similar epoxy mortar in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations to full contact surface of PVC saddle and the liner.

PVC saddle junction custom made to match liner OD. Lateral stub may protrude through saddle by up to 5mm.

SECTION

1

CIPP LINED MAIN TO

LATERAL CONNECTION

ISSUE DATE

OCT 2016

**SD366** 

SHEET 1 OF 3



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# LATERAL JUNCTION REPAIR (LJR) TRANSITION TO PVC LATERAL

#### **NOTES:**

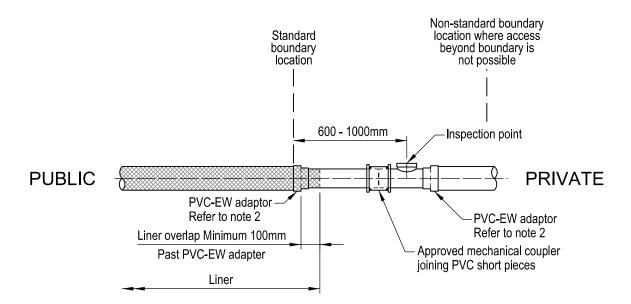
- 1. Cut earthenware lateral within 500mm of main pipe.
- 2. Ensure PVC-EW adaptor rubber ring is snug fitting.
  Pack void with epoxy mortar all around to form a secure seal and bond.
  Roughen inside of PVC-EW adaptor prior to epoxy application.
- 3. Install the LJR with an overlap into the PVC pipe of at least 200mm.



LARGE Ø LINED PIPE LATERAL CONNECTION ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

**SD366** 

SHEET 2 OF 3



- 1. Where access beyond the property boundary is not possible, install the PVC inspection point as close to the property boundary as possible.
- Ensure PVC-EW adaptor rubber ring is snug fitting.
   Pack void with epoxy mortar all around to form a secure seal and bond.
   Roughen inside of PVC adaptor prior to epoxy application.



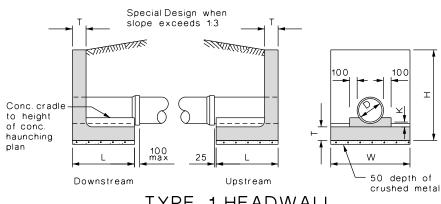
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# LINED PVC-EW LATERAL CONNECTION

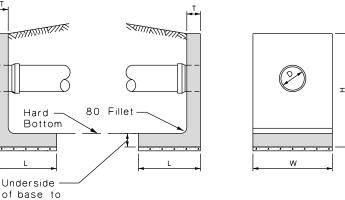
ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

**SD366** 

SHEET 3 OF 3



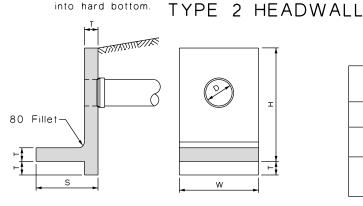
#### 1 HEADWALL TYPE



#### NOTES:

- 1. Type 1 headwall required if "K" is 200 or less otherwise type 2 is satisfactory.
- 2. Concrete shall be 25 MPa 75mm slump.
- 3. If "W" exceeds the minimum, reinforcing shall correspond to actual width.
- 4. One yield joint (see SD341) shall be adjacent to the headwall and for pipes 900¢ or less, a second yield joint shall be within 1.3m.
- 5. For pipes with diameter greater than 1200mm special design shall apply.
- 6. Pipe ends shall be plain unless otherwise specified.

TABLE 1				
H up to	L min	Т	S	A, B & C Rods Φ
900 1200 1500 1800 2100 2400	500 680 820 900 1050 1200	180 180 180 180 200 230	750 1050 1300 1600 1800 2000	10 10 12 16 20 20

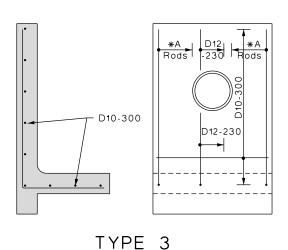


be at least 150

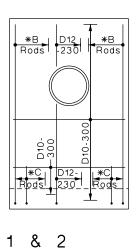
Minimum Width of Headwalls "W"		
"D"	"W"	
Up to 900¢	3 × "D"	
Greater than 900¢	"D" + 1800	

TABLE 2		
No. of A, B	& C Rods	
"W" up to (mm)	min No.	
1000 1400 1800	4 6 8	
2500 2900	10 12	
3200	14	

TYPE 3 HEADWALL



D10-300 TYPE



REINFORCING DETAILS

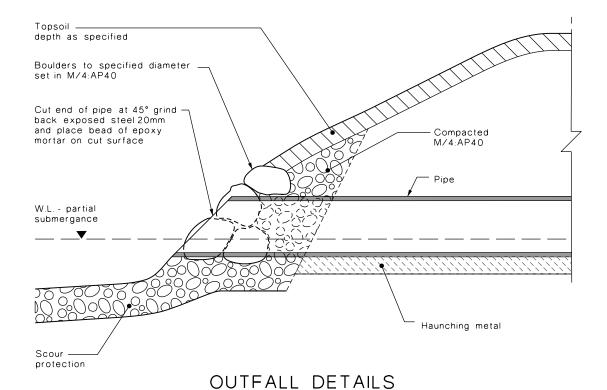
\* Rods in accordance with Table 1 & 2

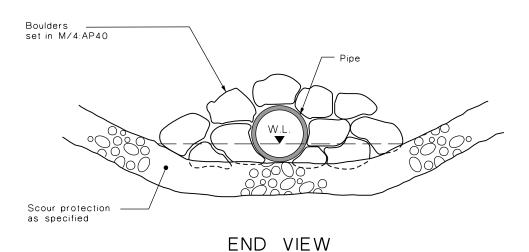


CONCRETE HEADWALLS (NON-TRAFFICABLE)

ISSUE DATE OCT 2016 SD371

SHEET 1 of 2



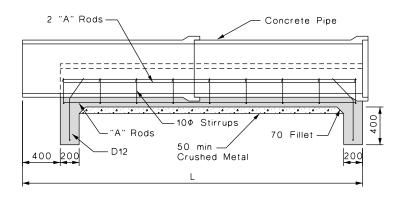


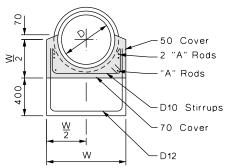


CUT PIPE ROCKWALL

SD371

2 of 2





# 150Φ TO 750Φ PIPES

Table of Dimensions and Reinforcing			
Nominal Pipe Diameter "D"	"W"	"A" Rods Diameter	Spacing of 10¢ Stirrups
150 200 225 250 300 375 450 525 600 675 750	500 580 580 600 660 740 860 940 1020 1100 1200	12 12 12 12 12 16 20 20 24 24 24	300 300 400 450 450 450 300 400 450 450

Beam Lengths		
No. of Pipes	Pipe Length	Beam Length "L"
3 RCRR 3 RCRR 2 RCRR 2 RCRR	2.44 1.83 2.44 1.83	6.92 5.09 4.48 3.26

#### NOTES:

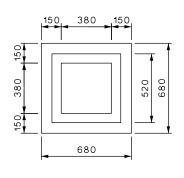
- 1. Concrete to be 25 MPa 75 slump.
- 2. Steel to be deformed rods to AS/NZS 4671.
- 3. Beam length shall be specified.
- For pipes larger than 750mmφ special design required.
- First yield joint shall be adjacent to upstream end of beam and second yield joint shall be not more than 1.3m away.



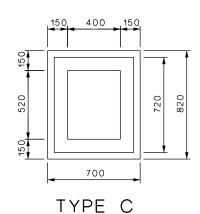
STANDARD REINFORCED CONCRETE BEAM

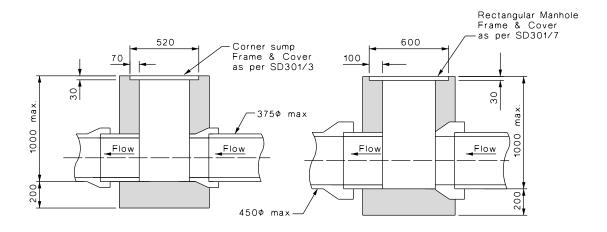
ISSUE DATE JUNE 2005

SD372



TYPE B





SECTION TYPE B

SECTION TYPE C

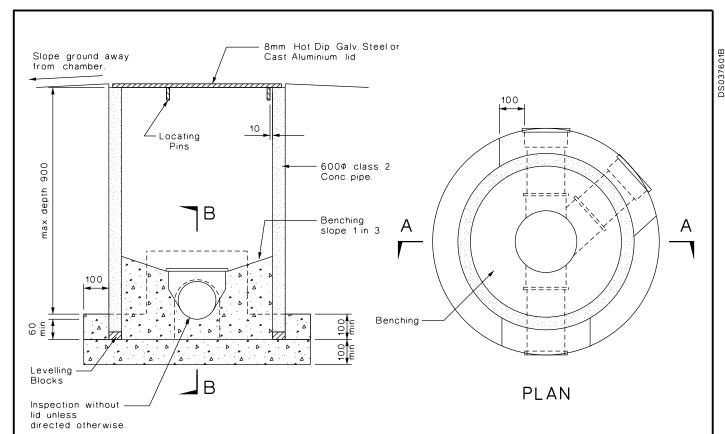
#### NOTES:

- 1. Cast iron frames to be seated on cement sand mortar, and set in with plant mix asphalt or mortar as required.
- Yield joints shall be provided in accordance with plan SD341 except that in all cases two yield joints and one short pipe shall be used.
- General method of pipelaying, angle connections, corbels, etc. to be in accordance with plan SD341.
- 4. Concrete work to comply with NZS 3109
- 5. All concrete to be 40MPa.

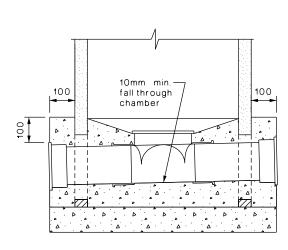


ISSUE DATE DEC 2019

SD375



# SECTION A-A



12¢ lifting eye

3-16¢ Locating pins
50mm long welded to underside of lid.

#### SECTION B-B

LID DETAIL

# NOTES

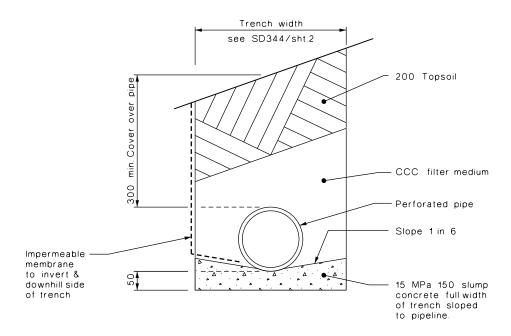
- Inspection chamber lid as detailed shall not be subject to traffic loading.
- 2. A standard manhole shall be used when the depth exceeds 900mm.
- Inspection chambers on drains connected to sanitary sewer shall be positioned so as to avoid the entry of surface water and grit.
- 4. Bends adjacent to the inspection chamber shall not be greater than  $45\,^{\circ}.$
- Steel lids shall be hot dip galvanised after fabrication. Lids shall be a good fit to avoid rocking or jamming.
- 6. Notes on sheet SD375 apply



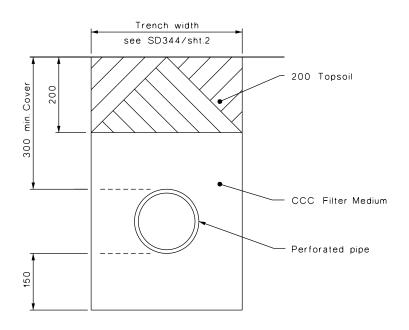
STANDARD CIRCULAR INSPECTION CHAMBER

ISSUE DATE DEC 2009

SD376



# HILLSIDE INTERCEPTOR DRAIN



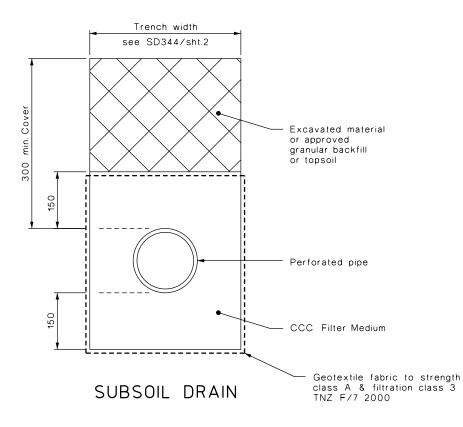
INTERCEPTOR DRAIN

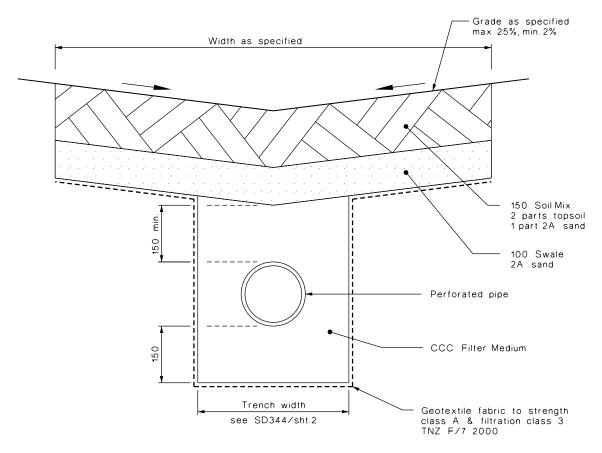


ISSUE DATE JUNE 2005

SD377

SHEET 1 of 3





SWALE SUBSOIL DRAIN

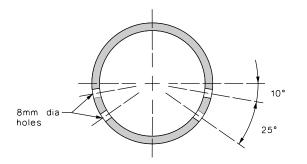


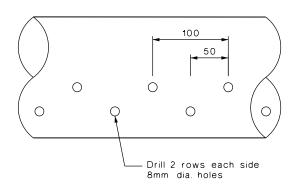
SUBSOIL DRAINS

ISSUE DATE AUG 2003

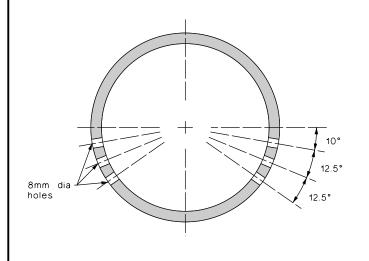
SD377

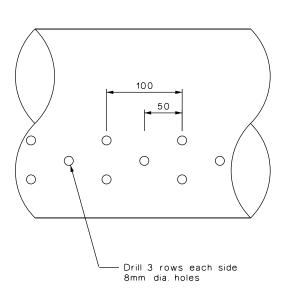
SHEET 2 of 3





DN100 and DN150



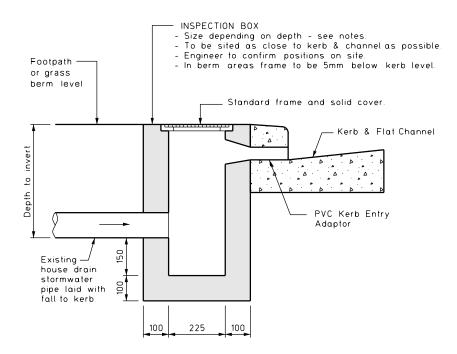


DN200, DN225 and DN300



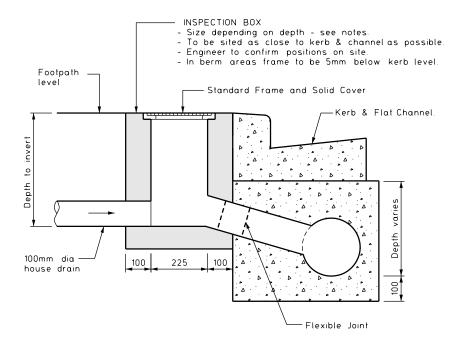
SUBSOIL DRAIN PIPES

SD377



#### TYPE A

- All concrete to be 20MPa at 28 days All stormwater piping to comply with CSS Part 3



#### TYPE B

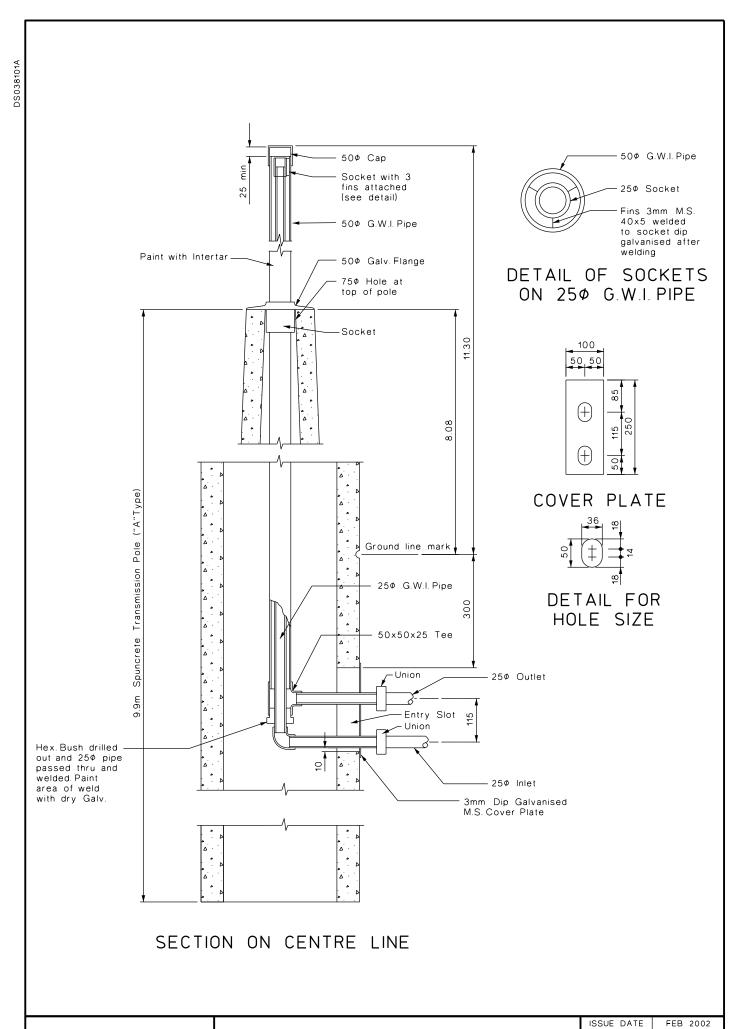
#### NOTES:

- Use 225 x 125 Inspection box up to 350 depth to invert (lowest pipe),
   Use 300 x 175 Inspection box over 350 depth to invert (lowest pipe) & up to 500 depth, Use House drain sump over 500 depth to invert.
- 2. Polyethylene inspection boxes are acceptable. See Approved Materials List.



HOUSE DRAIN INSPECTION BOX ISSUE DATE OCT 2016

SD378



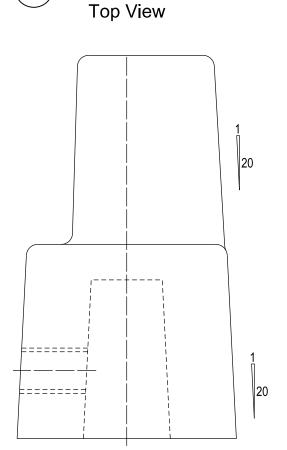


VACUUM COLUMN BACKFLOW PREVENTER SD381

SHEET 1

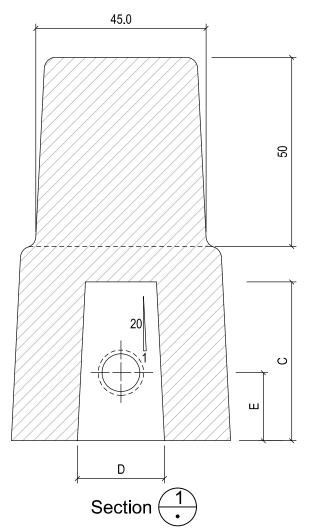
### NOTES:

- 1) Spindle cap to be made from Cast Iron to AS 1830.
- 2) Spindle cap to be polymeric coated to AS/NZS 4158.
- 3) Fix to valve shaft with M12 stainless steel set screw.
- 4) Dimple valve shaft at set screw location to aid fixing.
- 5) The spindle cap external shape can be circular.



Side View

SPINDLE CAP DIMENSIONS				
TYPE	С	D	Е	
Valve / 50, 80 & 100mm	42	23	18	
Valve / 150, 200, 250 & 300mm	49	32.75	21	





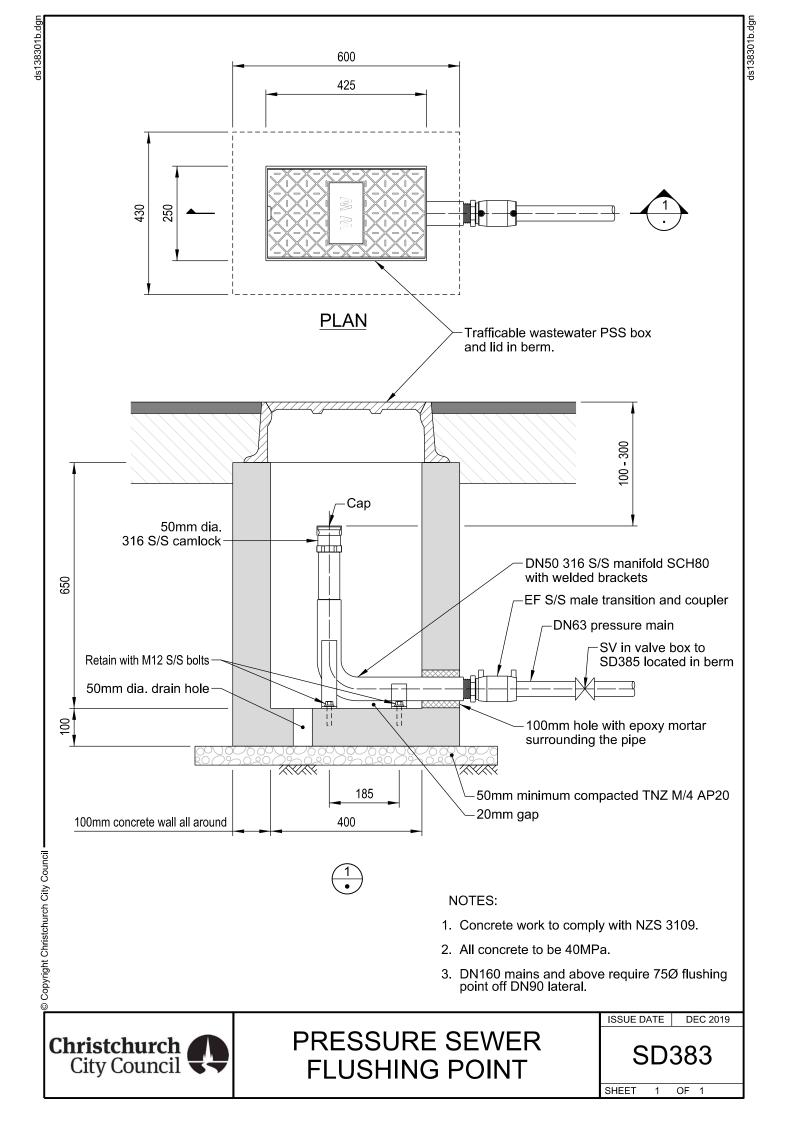
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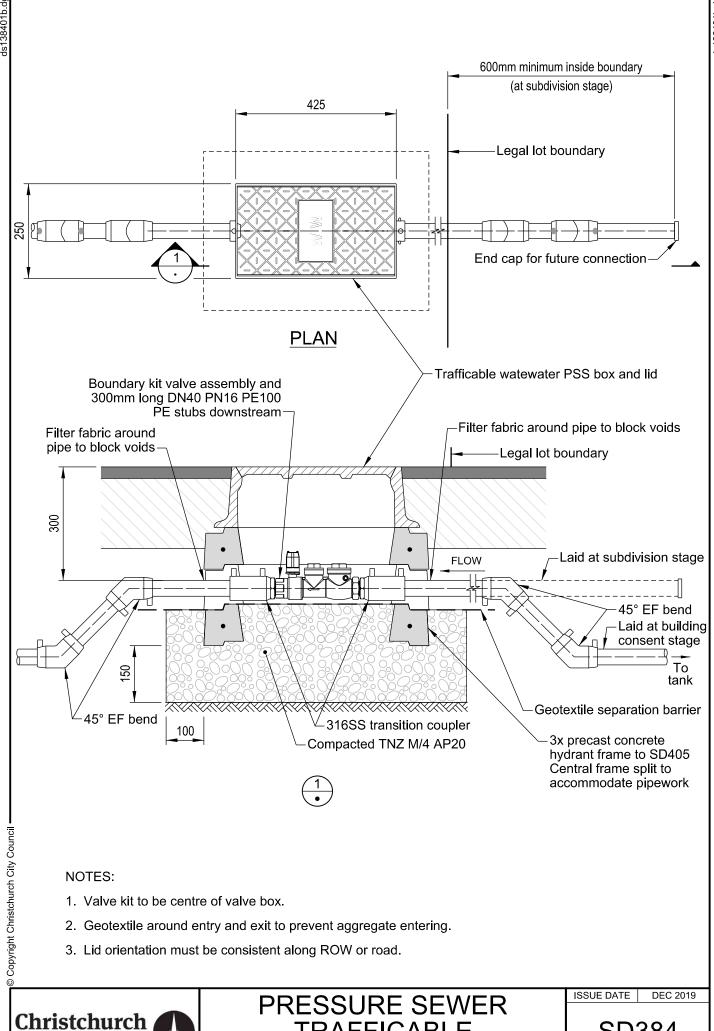
WASTEWATER SPINDLE CAP

ISSUE DATE MAR 2013

**SD382** 

SHEET 1 OF 1



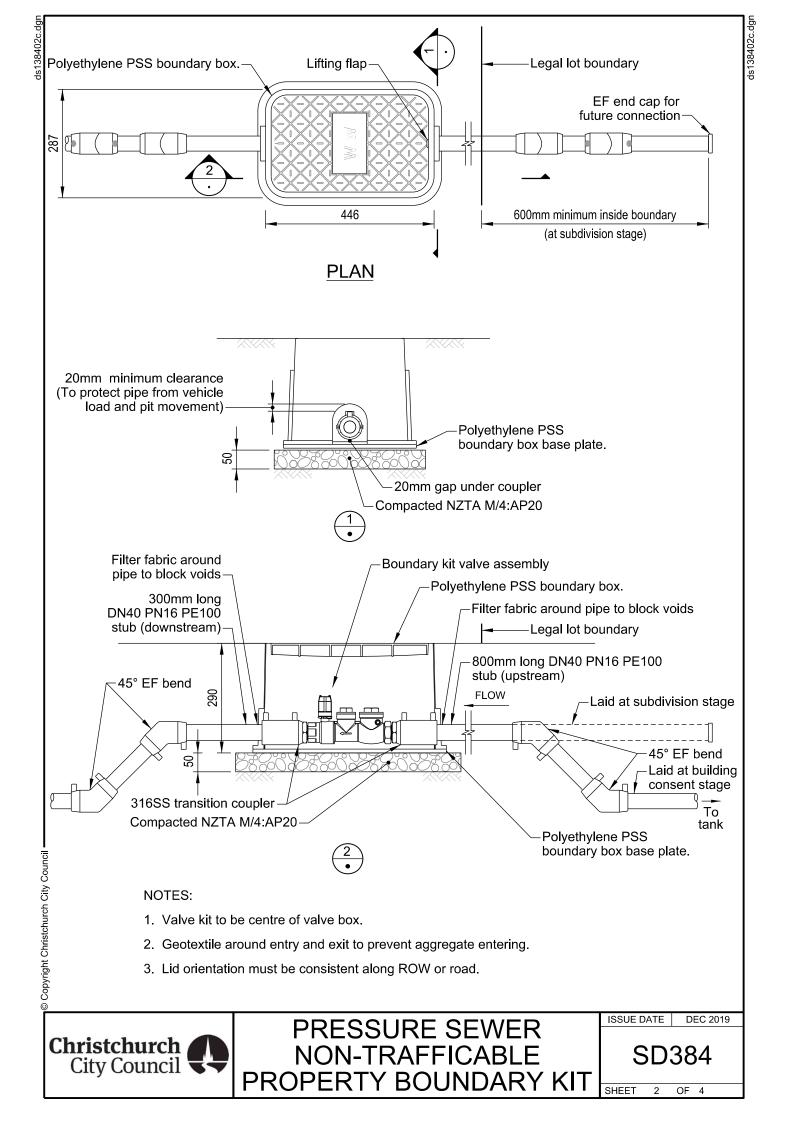


City Council

TRAFFICABLE PROPERTY BOUNDARY KIT

**SD384** 

OF 4



### COMMON LAND CONNECTION POSITION Not to Scale

### NOTE:

- 1. Where there is only 1 connection laid in the right of way the boundary kit is to be installed within the legal road at the road boundary.
- 2. Laterals to extend a minimum of 600mm into the lot with an EF End Cap.

Christchurch City Council

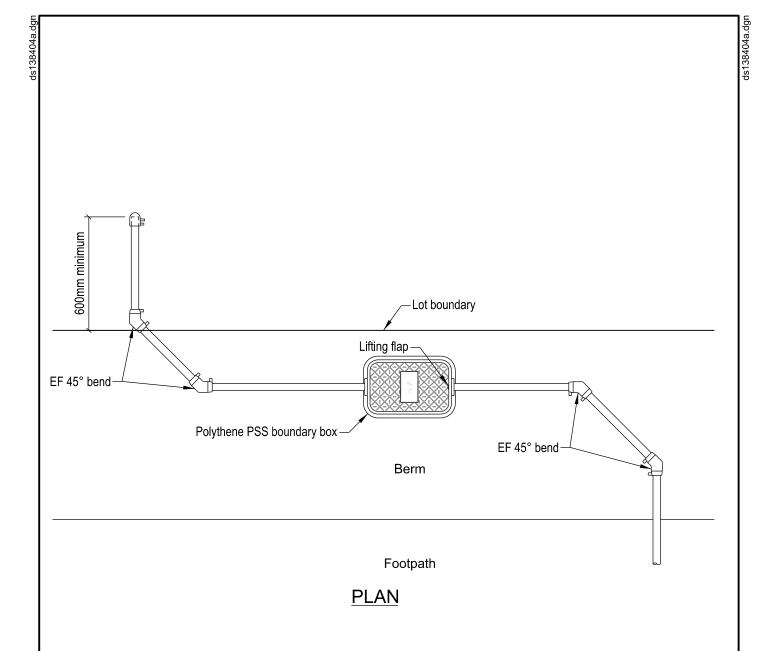
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PRESSURE SEWER BOUNDARY KIT LAYOUT ISSUE DATE

DEC 2019

**SD384** 

SHEET 3 OF 4



#### NOTES:

1. Lid orientation must be consistent along ROW or road.

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PRESSURE SEWER BOUNDARY KIT ALTERNATIVE SPACE CONSTRAINED LAYOUT

ISSUE DATE

DEC 2019

SD384

SHEET 4 OF 4

### NOTE:

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- 1) All backfill in accordance with CSS Part 1.
- 2. Fit triangular spindle cap and extension to triangular spindle.

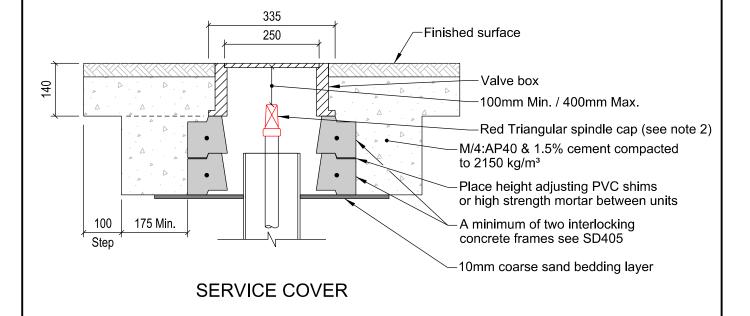


PRESSURE SEWER VALVE COVER

ISSUE DATE DEC 2019

**SD385** 

SHEET 1 OF 2



### NOTE:

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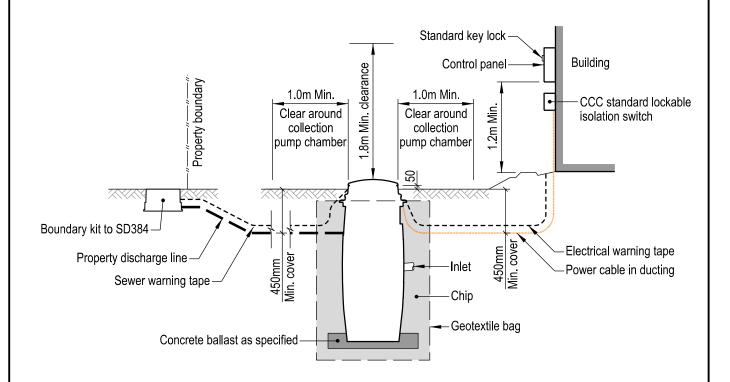
1) Stamp valve box lid with "WW".



SERVICE COVER REINSTATEMENT

SD385

SHEET 2 OF 2



### NOTE:

- Where the pump chamber lid requires an external vent (Trafficable or susceptible to inundation from flooding), it shall be 50mm diameter; mounted on the dwelling; extending above the roofline, and away from windows.
- 2. All electrical work shall comply with the latest standards and requirements.



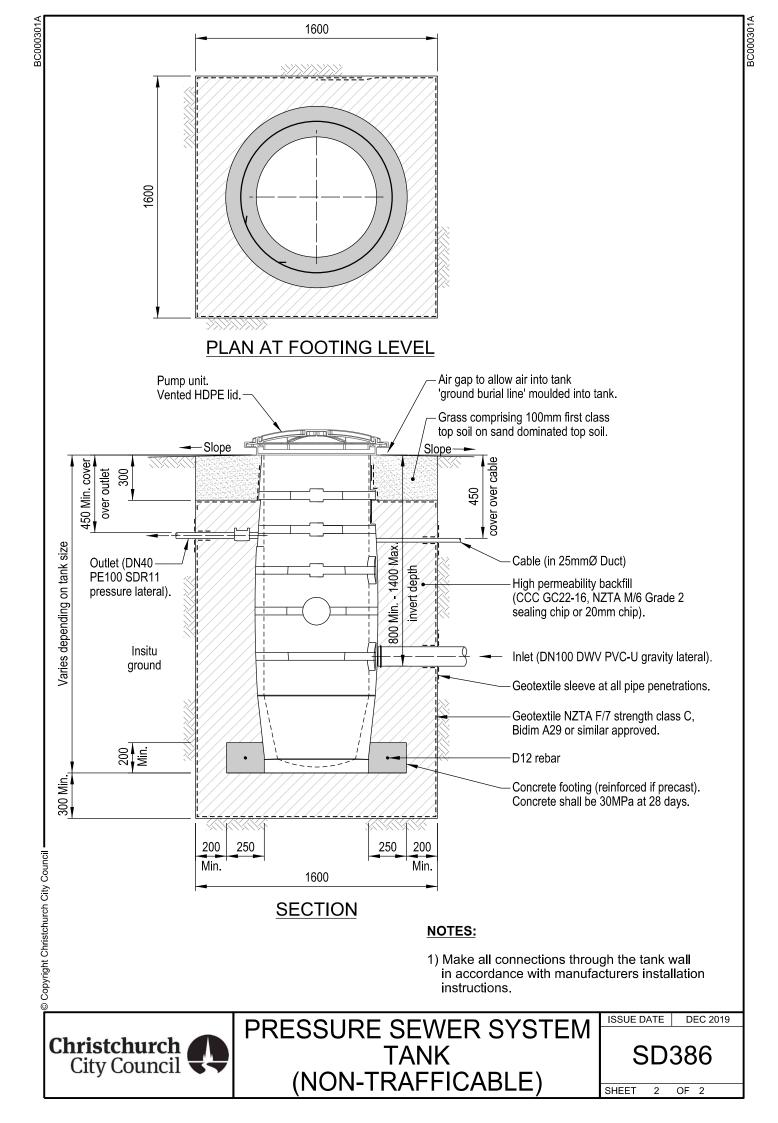
PRESSURE SEWER SYSTEM CHAMBER TYPICAL LOCATION

ISSUE DATE

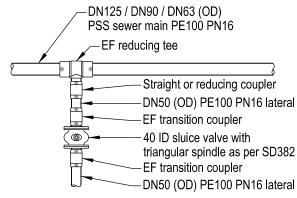
DEC 2019

**SD386** 

SHEET 1 OF 2



## A MAIN / DN40 (OD) PSS DWELLING CONNECTION DETAILS



### B MAIN / DN50 (OD) PSS SUBMAIN CONNECTION DETAILS

PE Tee and Reducer Summary				
DN40 PSS Dwelling Connections				
Main	Tee	Reducer	Reducer	
DN125	125/90	+ 90/50	+ 50/40	
DN90	90/50	+ 50/40		
DN63	63/50	+ 50/40		
DN50 PSS Submain Connections				
Main	Tee	Reducer	Valve	
DN125	125/90	+ 90/50	+ 40 ID Sluice valve	
DN90	90/50		+ 40 ID Sluice valve	
DN63	63/50		+ 40 ID Sluice valve	

#### NOTES:

- 1. Saddles or self tapping joints may be used on pipes with an outside diameter (OD) of 90mm or greater.
- 2. Self-Tapping joints on branch pipes shall be at a depth of not less than 600mm.
- 3. For pipes less than DN90 (OD), only Electrofusion Tee joints shall be used.
- Saddle joints <u>shall not</u> be used on pipes that are supplied in coils.
- 5. No brass fittings are to be used in any part of a pressure sewer system.
- Mechanical couplers shall only be used on polyethylene pressure pipe DN90 (OD) or less for approved emergency repairs.



# PRESSURE SEWER RETICULATION DETAILS

ISSUE DATE DEC 2019

**SD387** 

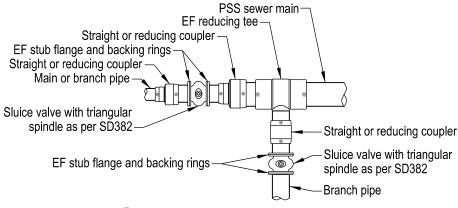
SHEET 1 OF 2

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### (C)

### MAIN / DN63 (OD) PSS SUBMAIN CONNECTION DETAILS

PE Tee and Reducer Summary				
DN63 PSS Submain Connections				
Main	Tee	Reducer	Valve	
DN125	125/90	+ 90/63	+ 50 ID Sluice valve	
DN90	90/63		+ 50 ID Sluice valve	
DN63	63/63		+ 50 ID Sluice valve	



## D ISOLATION VALVE CONNECTION DETAILS

PE Pipe / Sluice Valve Sizing			
PE Pipe	Valve Size		
DN125	100 ID		
DN90	75 ID		
DN63	50 ID		
DN50	40 ID		

#### NOTES:

- 1. Saddles or self tapping joints may be used on pipes with an outside diameter (OD) of 90mm or greater.
- Self-Tapping joints on branch pipes shall be at a depth of not less than 600mm.
- 3. For pipes less than DN90 (OD), only Electrofusion Tee joints shall be used.
- Saddle joints <u>shall not</u> be used on pipes that are supplied in coils.
- 5. No brass fittings are to be used in any part of a pressure sewer system.
- 6. Mechanical couplers shall only be used on polyethylene pressure pipe DN90 (OD) or less for approved emergency repairs.



PRESSURE SEWER RETICULATION DETAILS

ISSUE DATE DEC 2019

**SD387** 

SHEET 2 OF 2